United Nations Conference on the Elimination or Reduction of Future Statelessness

Geneva, 1959 and New York, 1961

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Denmark, France, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom: Joint amendment to article 1 of the draft convention on the reduction of future statelessness

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UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON THE ELIMINATION OR REDUCTION OF FUTURE STATELESSNESS

Denmark, France, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom: Joint amendment to article 1 of the draft convention on the reduction of future statelessness

Article 1

Replace article 1 by the following:

1. A Party shall grant its nationality to a person born in its territory who would otherwise be stateless, either

- (a) at birth by operation of law, or
- (b) upon a declaration lodged with the appropriate authority either by or on behalf of the person.

A party applying the system under (b) may, furthermore, grant its nationality by operation of law under the conditions provided for by its legislation.

2. The national law of a Party may make the acquisition of its nationality in accordance with paragraph 1 (b) conditional -

- (a) on the declaration being lodged after the person has attained an age not exceeding eighteen years; and
- (b) on the declaration being lodged before the person has attained an age not less than twenty-one years, provided that the person shall be allowed at least one year during which he can make the application by himself; and
- (c) on the person having been normally resident in its territory for a period immediately preceding the lodging of the declaration not exceeding five years, and for not more than ten years in all.

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3. A Party shall grant its nationality to a person who is stateless and who, in consequence of such national law as mentioned in subparagraph (b) or (c) of paragraph 2 cannot acquire the nationality of the State in which he is born -

- (a) in the case of a legitimate person, if his father's nationality at the time of the person's birth was that of the Party;
- (b) in the case of a legitimate person who is unable to acquire as of right his father's nationality or of an illegitimate person, if his mother's nationality at the time of the person's birth was that of the Party.

4. The national law of a Party may make the acquisition of its nationality in accordance with paragraph 3 conditional on the person concerned lodging with the appropriate authority, before he attains the age of 23 years, a declaration in that behalf, and on his being normally resident in the territory of the Party at the time of the lodging of the declaration and for a period not exceeding three years immediately preceding that time.



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Article 1

Replace article 1 by the following:

1. A Party shall grant its nationality to a person born in its territory who would otherwise be stateless, either

- (a) at birth by operation of law, or
- (b) upon a declaration being lodged with the appropriate authority either by or on behalf of the person.

A Party applying the system under (b) may, furthermore, grant its nationality by operation of law under the conditions provided for by its legislation. 2. The national law of a Party may make the acquisition of its nationality in accordance with paragraph 1(b) conditional -

- (a) on the declaration being lodged after the person has attained an age not exceeding eighteen years; and
- (b) on the declaration being lodged before the person has attained an age not less than twenty-one years, provided that the person shall be allowed at least one year during which he can make the application by himself; and
- (c) on the person having been normally resident in its territory for a period immediately preceding the lodging of the declaration not exceeding five years, and for not more than ten years in all.

3. A Party shall grant its nationality to a person who is stateless and who, in consequence of such national law as mentioned in sub paragraph (b) or (c) of paragraph 2 cannot acquire the nationality of the State in which he is born, if his parents' nationality at the time of the person's birth was that of the Party. If the parents had not the same nationality at the time of the person's birth the national law of the Party shall decided whether the national status of the person shall follow that of the father or that of the mother.

4. The national law of a Party may make the acquisition of its nationality in accordance with paragraph 3 conditional on the person concerned lodging with the appropriate authority, before he attains the age of 23 years, a declaration in that behalf, and on his being normally resident in the territory of the Party at the time of the lodging of the declaration and for a period not exceeding three years immediately preceding that time.