# United Nations Conference on the Representation of States in Their Relations with International Organizations

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# **Rules of Procedure**

Extract from Volume I of the Official Records of the United Nations Conference on the Representation of States in Their Relations with International Organizations (Summary records of the plenary meetings and of the meetings of the Committee of the Whole)

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# **RULES OF PROCEDURE \***

### Document A/CONF.67/8 \*\*

# CHAPTER I

#### **Representation and credentials**

Composition of delegations

#### Rule I

The delegation of each State participating in the Conference shall consist of accredited representatives and such alternate representatives and advisers as may be required.

#### Alternates and advisers

### Rule 2

An alternate representative or an adviser may act as a representative upon designation by the chairman of delegation.

#### Submission of credentials

# Rule 3

The credentials of representatives and the names of alternate representatives and advisers shall be submitted to the Executive Secretary if possible not later than 24 hours after the opening of the Conference. Any later change in the composition of delegations shall also be submitted to the Executive Secretary. The credentials shall be issued either by the Head of the State or Government, or by the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

# Credentials Committee

#### Rule 4

A Credentials Committee shall be appointed at the beginning of the Conference. It shall consist of nine members, who shall be appointed by the Conference on the proposal of the President. It shall examine the credentials of representatives and report to the Conference without delay.

#### Provisional participation in the Conference

#### Rule 5

Pending a decision of the Conference upon their credentials, representatives shall be entitled to participate provisionally in the Conference.

# CHAPTER II

# Officers

# Elections

#### Rule 6

The Conference shall elect a President and 22 Vice-Presidents, as well as the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole provided for in rule 47 and the Chairman of the Drafting Committee provided for in rule 48. These officers shall be elected on the basis of ensuring the representative character of the General Committee. The Conference may also elect such other officers as it deems necessary for the performance of its functions.

# President

## Rule 7

The President shall preside at the plenary meetings of the Conference.

# Rule 8

The President, in the exercise of his functions, remains under the authority of the Conference.

#### Acting President

#### Rule 9

If the President is absent from a meeting or any part thereof, he shall designate one of the Vice-Presidents to take his place.

#### Rule 10

A Vice-President acting as President shall have the same powers and duties as the President.

#### **Replacement** of the President

# Rule 11

If the President is unable to perform his functions, a new President shall be elected.

# The President shall not vote

# Rule 12

The President, or Vice-President acting as President, shall not vote in the Conference, but shall designate another member of his delegation to vote in his place.

<sup>\*</sup> Adopted by the Conference at its 1st plenary meeting.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Incorporating document A/CONF.67/8/Corr.1.

#### CHAPTER III

# **General Committee**

#### Composition

#### Rule 13

There shall be a General Committee consisting of 25 members, which shall comprise the President and Vice-Presidents of the Conference, the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole and the Chairman of the Drafting Committee. The President of the Conference, or in his absence, one of the Vice-Presidents designated by him, shall serve as Chairman of the General Committee.

#### Substitute members

#### Rule 14

If the President or a Vice-President of the Conference finds it necessary to be absent during a meeting of the General Committee, he may designate a member of his delegation to sit and vote in the Committee. In case of absence, the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole shall designate the Vice-Chairman of that Committee as his substitute, and the Chairman of the Drafting Committee shall designate a member of the Drafting Committee. When serving on the General Committee, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee of the Whole or member of the Drafting Committee shall not have the right to vote if he is of the same delegation as another member of the General Committee.

#### **Functions**

The General Committee shall assist the President in

the general conduct of the business of the Conference

and, subject to the decisions of the Conference, shall

CHAPTER IV

Secretariat

Duties of the Secretary-General and the Secretariat

1. The Secretary-General of the Conference shall

The Secretary-General shall appoint an Execu-

The Secretariat shall receive, translate, repro-

be the Secretary-General of the United Nations. He, or

his representative, shall act in that capacity in all meet-

tive Secretary of the Conference and shall provide and

direct the staff required by the Conference and its

duce and distribute documents, reports and resolutions

of the Conference; interpret speeches made at the

meetings, prepare and circulate records of the public

ings of the Conference and its committees.

ensure the co-ordination of its work.

#### Rule 15

Rule 16

2.

3.

committees.

## Rule 17

The Secretary-General or any member of the staff designated for that purpose may at any time make either oral or written statements concerning any question under consideration.

Statements by the Secretariat

#### CHAPTER V

#### **Conduct** of business

#### Quorum

#### Rule 18

The President may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when representatives of at last one third of the States participating in the Conference are present. The presence of representatives of a majority of the States so participating shall be required for any decision to be taken.

#### General powers of the President

# Rule 19

In addition to exercising the powers conferred upon him elsewhere by these rules, the President shall declare the opening and closing of each plenary meeting of the Conference; direct the discussions at such meetings; accord the right to speak; put questions to the vote and announce decisions. He shall rule on points of order and, subject to these rules of procedure, have complete control of the proceedings and over the maintenance of order thereat. The President may propose to the Conference the limitation of time to be allowed to speakers, the limitation of the number of times each representative may speak on any question, the closure of the list of speakers, the adjournment or closure of the meeting.

# Speeches

# Rule 20

No person may address the Conference without having previously obtained the permission of the President. Subject to rules 21 and 22, the President shall call upon speakers in the order in which they signify their desire to speak. The Secretariat shall be in charge of drawing up a list of such speakers. The President may call a speaker to order if his remarks are not relevant to the subject under discussion.

#### Precedence

#### Rule 21

The Chairman or Rapporteur of a Committee, or the representative of a sub-committee or working group, may be accorded precedence for the purpose of explaining the conclusion arrived at by his committee, subcommittee or working group.

#### Points of order

#### Rule 22

meetings; have the custody and preservation of the documents in the archives of the United Nations; publish the reports of the public meetings; and, generally, perform all other work which the Conference may require.

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may rise to a point of order, and the point of order shall be immediately decided by the President in accordance with the rules of procedure. A representative may appeal against the ruling of the President. The appeal shall be immediately put to the vote and the President's ruling shall stand unless the appeal is approved by a majority of the representatives present and voting. A representative rising to a point of order may not speak on the substance of the matter under discussion.

#### Time-limit on speeches

#### Rule 23

The Conference may limit the time to be allowed to each speaker and the number of times each representative may speak on any question. Before a decision is taken, two representatives may speak in favour of, and two against, a proposal to set such limits. When the debate is limited and a representative has spoken his alloted time, the President shall call him to order without delay.

#### Closing of list of speakers

# Rule 24

During the course of a debate the President may announce the list of speakers and, with the consent of the Conference, declare the list closed. He may, however, accord the right of reply to any representative if a speech delivered after he has declared the list closed makes this desirable.

#### Adjournment of debate

#### Rule 25

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may move the adjournment of the debate on the question under discussion. In addition to the proposer of the motion, two representatives may speak in favour of, and two against, the motion, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. The President may limit the time to be allowed to speakers under this rule.

#### Closure of debate

#### Rule 26

A representative may at any time move the closure of the debate on the question under discussion, whether or not any other representative has signified his wish to speak. Permission to speak on the closure of the debate shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the closure, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. If the Conference is in favour of the closure, the President shall declare the closure of the debate. The President may limit the time to be allowed to speakers under this rule.

# Suspension or adjournment of the meeting

# Rule 27

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may move the suspension or the adjournment of the meeting. Such motions shall not be debated, but shall be immediately put to the vote. The President may limit the time to be allowed to the speaker moving the suspension or adjournment.

#### Order of procedural motions

Rule 28

Subject to rule 22, the following motions shall have precedence in the following order over all other proposals or motions before the meeting:

- (a) To suspend the meeting;
- (b) To adjourn the meeting;
- (c) To adjourn the debate on the question under discussion;
- (d) To close the debate on the question under discussion.

# Basic proposal

# Rule 29

The draft articles on the representation of States in their relations with international organizations adopted by the International Law Commission shall constitute the basic proposal for discussion by the Conference.

#### Other proposals and amendments

# Rule 30

Other proposals and amendments thereto shall normally be introduced in writing and handed to the Executive Secretary of the Conference, who shall circulate copies to the delegations. As a general rule, no proposal shall be discussed or put to the vote at any meeting of the Conference unless copies of it have been circulated to all delegations in the languages of the Conference not later than the day preceding the meeting. The President may, however, permit the discussion and consideration of amendments, or motions as to procedure, even though these amendments and motions have not been so circulated or have only been circulated the same day.

#### Decisions on competence

# Rule 31

Subject to rule 22, any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the Conference to discuss any matter or to adopt a proposal or an amendment submitted to it shall be put to the vote before the matter is discussed or a vote is taken on the proposal or amendment in question.

#### Withdrawal of motions

#### Rule 32

A motion may be withdrawn by its proposer at any time before voting on it has commenced, provided that the motion has not been amended. A motion which has thus been withdrawn may be reintroduced by any representative.

#### **Reconsideration** of proposals

#### Rule 33

When a proposal has been adopted or rejected it may not be reconsidered unless the Conference, by a twothirds majority of the representatives present and voting, so decides. Permission to speak on the motion to reconsider shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the motion, after which it shall be immediately put to the vote.

Invitations to technical advisers

# Rule 34

The Conference may invite to one or more of its meetings any person whose technical advice it may consider useful for its work.

# CHAPTER VI

# Voting

#### Voting rights

# Rule 35

Each State represented at the Conference shall have one vote.

# Required majority

# Rule 36

1. Decisions of the Conference on all matters of substance shall be taken by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting.

2. Decisions of the Conference on matters of procedure shall be taken by a majority of the representatives present and voting.

3. If the question arises whether a matter is one of procedure or of substance, the President of the Conference shall rule on the question. An appeal against this ruling shall immediately be put to the vote and the President's ruling shall stand unless the appeal is approved by a majority of the representatives present and voting.

# Meaning of the expression "representatives present and voting"

# Rule 37

For the purpose of these rules, the phrase "representatives present and voting" means representatives present and casting an affirmative or negative vote. Representatives who abstain from voting shall be considered as not voting.

# Method of voting

# Rule 38

The Conference shall normally vote by show of hands or by standing, but any representative may request a roll call. The roll call shall be taken in the English alphabetical order of the names of the States participating in the Conference, beginning with the delegation whose name is drawn by lot by the President.

# Conduct during voting

#### Rule 39

After the President has announced the beginning of voting, no representative shall interrupt the voting ex-

cept on a point of order in connexion with the actual conduct of the voting. The President may permit representatives to explain their votes, either before or after the voting, except when the vote is taken by secret ballot. The President may limit the time to be allowed for such explanations.

### Division of proposals and amendments

### Rule 40

A representative may move that parts of a proposal or an amendment shall be voted on separately. If objection is made to the request for division, the motion for division shall be voted upon. If the motion for division is carried, those parts of the proposal or of the amendment which are subsequently approved shall be put to the vote as a whole. If all operative parts of the proposal or of the amendment have been rejected, the proposal or the amendment shall be considered to have been rejected as a whole.

#### Voting on amendments

# Rule 41

When an amendment is moved to a proposal, the amendment shall be voted on first. When two or more amendments are moved to a proposal, the Conference shall first vote on the amendment furthest removed in substance from the original proposal and then on the amendment next furthest removed therefrom, and so on until all the amendments have been put to the vote. Where, however, the adoption of one amendment necessarily implies the rejection of another amendment, the latter amendments hare adopted, the amended proposal shall then be voted upon. A motion is considered an amendment to a proposal if it merely adds to, deletes from or revises part of that proposal.

# Voting on proposals

# Rule 42

If two or more proposals relate to the same question, the Conference shall, unless it decides otherwise, vote on the proposals in the order in which they have been submitted. The Conference may, after each vote on a proposal, decide whether to vote on the next proposal.

# Elections

# Rule 43

All elections shall be held by secret ballot unless otherwise decided by the Conference.

# Rule 44

1. If, when one person or one delegation is to be elected, no candidate obtains in the first ballot a majority of the representatives present and voting, a second ballot restricted to the two candidates obtaining the largest number of votes shall be taken. If in the second ballot the votes are equally divided, the President shall decide between the candidates by drawing lots. 2. In the case of a tie in the first ballot among three or more candidates obtaining the largest number of votes, a second ballot shall be held. If a tie results among more than two candidates, the number shall be reduced to two by lot and the balloting, restricted to them, shall continue in accordance with the preceding paragraph.

#### Rule 45

When two or more elective places are to be filled at one time under the same conditions, those candidates, not exceeding the number of such places, obtaining in the first ballot a majority of the representatives present and voting shall be elected. If the number of candidates obtaining such majority is less than the number of persons or delegations to be elected, there shall be additional ballots to fill the remaining places, the voting being restricted to the candidates obtaining the greatest number of votes in the previous ballot, to a number not more than twice the places remaining to be filled; provided that, after the third inconclusive ballot, votes may be cast for any eligible person or delegation. If three such unrestricted ballots are inconclusive, the next three ballots shall be restricted to the candidates who obtained the greatest number of votes in the third of the unrestricted ballots, to a number not more than twice the places remaining to be filled, and the following three ballots thereafter shall be unrestricted, and so on until all the places have been filled.

#### Equally divided votes

### Rule 46

If a vote is equally divided on matters other than elections, the proposal shall be regarded as rejected.

#### CHAPTER VII

# Committees

#### Committee of the Whole

#### Rule 47

The Conference shall establish a single Committee of the Whole. The Committee of the Whole may set up sub-committees or working groups.

#### Drafting Committee

#### Rule 48

The Conference shall appoint, on the proposal of the General Committee, a Drafting Committee, which shall consist of 15 members, including the Rapporteur of the Committee of the Whole. This committee shall prepare drafts and give advice on drafting as requested by the Conference or by the Committee of the Whole. It shall co-ordinate and review the drafting of all texts adopted, and shall report as appropriate either to the Conference or to the Committee of the Whole.

# Officers

# Rule 49

Except in the cases of the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole and the Chairman of the Drafting Committee, each committee, sub-committee and working group shall elect its own officers. The Committee of the Whole shall elect a Vice-Chairman and a Rapporteur.

#### Quorum

#### Rule 50

1. The Chairman of the Committee of the Whole may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when representatives of at least one quarter of the States participating in the Conference are present. The presence of representatives of a majority of the States so participating shall be required for any decision to be taken.

2. A majority of the representatives on the General, Drafting or Credentials Committee or any subcommittee or working group shall constitute a quorum.

#### Officers, conduct of business and voting

# Rule 51

The rules contained in chapters II, V and VI above shall be applicable, *mutatis mutandis*, to the proceedings of committees, sub-committees and working groups, except that the Chairman of the General, Drafting and Credentials Committees and the chairmen of sub-committees and working groups may exercise the right to vote, and that decisions of committees, subcommittees and working groups shall be taken by a majority of the representatives present and voting, but not in the case of a reconsideration of proposals or amendments in which the majority required shall be that established by rule 33.

#### CHAPTER VIII

#### Languages and records

Languages of the Conference

# Rule 52

Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish shall be the languages of the Conference.

#### Interpretation

#### Rule 53

1. Speeches made in any languages of the Conference shall be interpreted into the other such languages.

2. Any representative may make a speech in a language other than a language of the Conference. In this case he shall himself provide for interpretation into one of the languages of the Conference and interpretation into the other languages by the interpreters of the Secretariat may be based on the interpretation given in the first such language.

#### Records and sound recordings of meetings

#### Rule 54

1. Summary records of the plenary meetings of the Conference and of the meetings of the Committee of

the Whole shall be kept in the languages of the Conference. As a general rule, they shall be circulated as soon as possible simultaneously in all the languages of the Conference, to all representatives, who shall inform the Secretariat within five working days after the circulation of the summary record of any changes they wish to have made.

2. The Secretariat shall make sound recordings of meetings of the Conference and the Committee of the Whole as well as of other committees, sub-committees and working groups when the latter so decide.

# Language of official documents

# Rule 55

Official documents shall be made available in the languages of the Conference.

#### CHAPTER IX

#### Public and private meetings

Plenary meetings and meetings of committees

# Rule 56

The plenary meetings of the Conference and the meetings of committees shall be held in public unless the body concerned decides otherwise.

Meetings of sub-committees or working groups

Rule 57

As a general rule meetings of a sub-committee or working group shall be held in private.

#### Communiqués to the press

# Rule 58

At the close of any private meeting a communiqué may be issued to the press through the Executive Secretary.

#### CHAPTER X

#### Observers

Observers for national liberation movements

### Rule 59

1. National liberation movements in their respective regions recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States may designate representatives to participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Conference, the Committee of the Whole and, as appropriate, in other committees, sub-committees or working groups.

2. Written statements of such observers shall be distributed by the Secretariat to the delegations at the Conference.

Observers for intergovernmental organizations

#### Rule 60

1. The specialized agencies, the International Atomic Energy Agency and other intergovernmental organizations invited to the Conference may designate representatives to participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Conference, the Committee of the Whole and, as appropriate, other committees, sub-committees or working groups.

2. Written statements of such observers shall be distributed by the Secretariat to the delegations at the Conference.

# CHAPTER XI

#### Amendments to the rules of procedure

### Method of amendment

# Rule 61

These rules of procedure may be amended by a decision of the Conference taken by a majority of the representatives present and voting.