# United Nations Conference on Succession of States in respect of State Property, Archives and Debts

Vienna, Austria 1 March - 8 April 1983

## Document:-A/CONF.117/10/ADD.3

## Preamble adopted by the Drafting Committee

Extract from Volume II of the Official Records of the United Nations Conference on Succession of States in respect of State Property, Archives and Debts (Documents of the Conference)

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the predecessor State and the successor State otherwise agree, the State debt of the predecessor State shall pass to the successor State in an equitable proportion, taking into account, in particular, the property, rights and interests which pass to the successor State in relation to that State debt.

2. Paragraph 1 applies when part of the territory of a State separates from that State and unites with another State.

#### Article 39. Dissolution of a State

When a State dissolves and ceases to exist and the parts of the territory of the predecessor State form two or more successor States, and unless the successor States otherwise agree, the State debt of the predecessor State shall pass to the successor States in equitable proportions, taking into account, in particular, the property, rights and interests which pass to the successor States in relation to that State debt.

#### PART V. FINAL PROVISIONS

#### Article A. Signature

The present Convention shall be open for signature by all States until 31 December 1983 at the Federal Ministry for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Austria, and subsequently, until 30 June 1984, at United Nations Headquarters in New York.

## Article B. Ratification

The present Convention is subject to ratification. The instruments of ratification shall be deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

#### Article C. Accession

The present Convention shall remain open for accession by any State. The instruments of accession shall be deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

#### Article D. Entry into force

1. The present Convention shall enter into force on the thirtieth day following the date of deposit of the fifteenth instrument of ratification or accession.

2. For each State ratifying or acceding to the Convention after the deposit of the fifteenth instrument of ratification or accession, the Convention shall enter into force on the thirtieth day after deposit by such State of its instrument of ratification or accession.

## Article E. Authentic texts

The original of the present Convention, of which the Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish texts are equally authentic, shall be deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned Plenipotentiaries, being duly authorized thereto by their respective Governments, have signed the present Convention.

DONE at Vienna this eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eighty-three.

## 2. Preamble<sup>1</sup> DOCUMENT A/CONF.117/10/ADD.3

[Original: Arabic/English/French/Russian/Spanish] [6 April 1983]

## The States Parties to the present Convention,

*Considering* the profound transformation of the international community brought about by the decolonization process,

Considering also that other factors may lead to cases of succession of States in the future,

*Convinced* in these circumstances of the need for the codification and progressive development of the rules relating to succession of States in respect of State property, archives and debts as a means for ensuring greater juridical security in international relations,

Noting that the principles of free consent, good faith and pacta sunt servanda are universally recognized,

*Emphasizing* the importance of the codification and progressive development of international law which is of interest of the international community as a whole and of special importance for the strengthening of peace and international co-operation,

Believing that questions relating to succession of States in respect of State property, archives and debts are of special importance to all States,

Having in mind the principles of international law embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, such as the principles of the equal rights and self-determination of peoples, of the sovereign equality and independence of all States, of non-interference in the domestic affairs of States, of the prohibition of the threat or use of force, and of universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all,

*Recalling* that respect for the territorial integrity and political independence of any State is required by the Charter of the United Nations,

Bearing in mind the provisions of the 1969 Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties<sup>2</sup> and the 1978 Vienna Convention on Succession of States in Respect of Treaties<sup>3</sup>,

Affirming that matters not regulated by this Convention continue to be governed by the rules and principles of general international law,

Have agreed as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See the decision of the Committee of the Whole recorded in paragraph 10 of its report (sect. C of this volume).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For the text of the Convention, see Official Records of the United Nations Conference on the Law of Treaties, Documents of the Conference (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.70.V.5), p. 287. <sup>3</sup> For the text of the Convention, see Official Records of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For the text of the Convention, see Official Records of the United Nations Conference on Succession of States in Respect of Treaties, vol. III (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.V.10), p. 185.