

55. Mongolian People's Republic

CONSTITUTION OF 30 JUNE 1940. TEXT FROM *Sovetskoe Gosudarstvo i Pravo*, 1947, No. 8. TRANSLATION BY THE SECRETARIAT OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Chapter II. The Organization of the State

Article 10. The jurisdiction of the Mongolian People's Republic, as represented by its highest organs of authority and organs of government, extends to:

(a) Representation of the Mongolian People's Republic in international relations: the conclusion and ratification of treaties with other States.

Chapter IV. The Little Khural¹ and the Presidium of the Little Khural²

Article 23. The Presidium of the Little Khural:

. . .

(j) Ratifies treaties and agreements with other States.

56. Nepal

The Maharajah of Nepal promulgated a Constitution which took effect on 1 April 1948. This Constitution, however, contains no reference to any rules on the subject of the exercise of the treaty-making power, and no official information is available concerning any customs or usages in the matter.

57. Netherlands

EXCERPT FROM LETTER OF 17 JUNE 1952 ADDRESSED TO THE LEGAL DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARIAT BY THE PERMANENT DELEGATION OF THE NETHERLANDS. TRANSLATION BY THE SECRETARIAT OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Amended Articles of the Constitution of 8 May 1952³

Article 58. The Crown shall have the supreme direction of foreign relations. It shall promote the development of the international legal order.

Article 60. Agreements with other Powers and with international organizations shall be concluded by, or with the authorization of, the Crown and, in any case where an agreement so requires, shall be ratified by the Crown.

¹ The Legislative Assembly elected by the Great People's Khural, which is the Assembly of Electors.

² Members: 1 President, 1 Vice-President, 1 secretary, 4 members.

³ Under the Netherlands Constitution, these articles, in order to be valid amendments, require to be approved by a two-thirds vote by the States-General twice, once before, and once after, a dissolution. The first approval has been given but at the time of going to press (1 December 1952) the new States-General had not yet given the second approval. Even after such approval, the articles require the signature of the Queen.