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UNITED NATIONS JURIDICAL YEARBOOK

1977

Part One. Legal status of the United Nations and related intergovernmental
organizations

Chapter I. Legislative texts concerning the legal status of the United Nations and related
intergovernmental organizations



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Chapter I

LEGISLATIVE TEXTS CONCERNING THE LEGAL STATUS OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND RELATED INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

1. Austria

FEDERAL ACT OF 14 DECEMBER 1977 ON THE GRANTING OF PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

The National Council has resolved that:

Article 1

(1) The Federal Government shall be empowered to grant by Ordinance or governmental agreement to the international organizations referred to in paragraph (7), the permanent missions referred to in paragraph (9) and the persons referred to in paragraph (10) some or all of the privileges and immunities provided for in this Federal Act.

(2) The international organizations referred to in paragraph (7) and the persons referred to in paragraph (10) may also be granted such privileges and immunities (para. (1)) as are contained either in the statutes of those organizations or in an international treaty, under international law, on privileges and immunities which relates to the international organization concerned and is applicable in its member States, or as provided, for the fulfilment of its functions, by the generally recognized rules of international law.

(3) The empowerment referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall also be valid for the granting of privileges and immunities in connexion with the holding of international conferences connected with the activities of the organizations referred to in paragraph (7) or convened by States.

(4) Ordinances of the Federal Government issued in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2) must, if their content is not covered by paragraph (3), have the consent of the Main Committee of the National Council.

(5) (Constitutional rule) Before the conclusion of governmental agreements in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2), the Federal Government shall, if their content is not covered by paragraph (3), arrange to obtain the consent of the Main Committee of the National Council.

(6) The Federal Government shall inform the Main Committee of the National Council without delay of the conclusion of any governmental agreement or the issuance of any Ordinance relating to an international conference (para. (3)).

(7) For the purposes of this Federal Act, international organizations shall be:

1. Organizations consisting exclusively of States or of associations of States;
2. Organizations either consisting wholly of public-law juridical persons of several States or of juridical persons under similar arrangements or consisting partly of juridical persons and partly of States or associations of States;
3. The World Tourism Organization (WTO).

(8) Privileges and immunities may be granted only to those international organizations of which the Republic of Austria or any other Austrian juridical person under public law is a member, or whose activity in Austria is designated by the Federal Government as being in the foreign-policy interest of the Republic of Austria.

(9) Permanent missions within the meaning of this Federal Act shall be permanent missions of the members of the international organizations referred to in paragraph (7), subparagraph 1, to the said organizations. Permanent observer missions accredited to such organizations may be fully or partly assimilated to such missions.

(10) Persons within the meaning of this Federal Act shall be:

1. Representatives of the members of the international organizations referred to in paragraph (7), subparagraph 1, who participate in meetings of those organizations or exercise any other official functions in connexion with them. Representatives of non-members and observers at such meetings may be fully or partly assimilated to the aforementioned representatives;
2. Members of the permanent missions or observer missions referred to in paragraph (9);
3. Staff members of the international organizations. Experts acting on behalf of the international organizations may be fully or partly assimilated to the said staff members.

(11) The term "Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations" means the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations of 18 April 1961 (Bundesgesetzblatt No. 66/1966).¹

Article 2

(1) In so far as no precise description is contained in this Federal Act, the determination of the scope of the privileges and immunities which may be granted by the Federal Government in individual instances to international organizations and persons within the meaning of this Federal Act shall depend upon whether their headquarters are situated within or outside the country, their juridical status (art. 1, para. (7)), the international standing and operations of the organizations concerned, the nature of the functions to be exercised by the person to whom privileges and immunities are to be granted, whether or not he is an Austrian national and whether his stay in the Federal territory is of considerable duration or merely temporary.

(2) The privileges and immunities provided for in this Federal Act may be granted retroactively if the headquarters of the international organization concerned already were situated in the Federal territory at the time of the entry into force of this Federal Act.

Article 3

(1) The international organizations may be exempted from taxation in respect of their official activity. The term "official activity" means the activity of international organizations as determined by their statutory purpose, in so far as such activity does not bring them into competition with Austrian enterprises. This provision shall not apply to persons performing services for the said organizations.

(2) Deliveries or other services received by the international organizations in connexion with their official activity may be exempted from the taxes overtly or covertly passed on in the cost of such deliveries or other services.

(3) Legal transactions in which the international organizations engage in the exercise of their official activity and all documents relating to such transactions may be exempted from taxation.

(4) The international organizations may be exempted from the obligation to pay

¹ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 500, p. 95.

the employer's contribution to the family allowance equalization fund (*Ausgleichsfonds für Familienbeihilfen*). Where such an exemption is made, staff members of international organizations who are not Austrian nationals shall be excluded from the receipt of benefits from the fund; the same shall apply to spouses and minor children living in the staff member's household.

(5) Articles imported or exported by the international organizations for the purposes of their official activity may be exempted at the point of entry or exit from customs and other duties and from import prohibitions and restrictions.

(6) The international organizations may, in connexion with the import of service vehicles and spare parts for them, in so far as they are required for the organizations' official activity, be exempted from customs and other duties and from import prohibitions and restrictions.

(7) Duties not collected at the time of import must be paid if the articles imported free of duty under paragraphs (5) and (6) are ceded or transferred to other persons in Austria by the international organizations before the expiry of a period which is to be determined more precisely but which shall continue not less than 2 years after the clearance of such articles for free circulation. In the case of articles which are not the property of the organizations, it shall be specified that the exemption from customs and other duties shall continue only while the articles remain in use by the organizations concerned.

(8) The above exemptions shall not apply to duties constituting a *de facto* payment for public services.

Article 4

The international organizations may be exempted from all obligatory contributions to social insurance schemes in the Republic of Austria. Such exemption may not be granted where the organizations employ persons to whom the exemptions provided for in article 10 apply only partly or not at all.

Article 5

(1) Any pension or benefit fund established for the staff members of the international organizations which possesses juridical personality in Austria shall enjoy the same privileges as the organization itself, provided that its activities do not extend beyond the administration of property.

(2) Funds and foundations established by the international organizations for official purposes shall enjoy the same privileges as the organizations themselves, provided that their activities do not extend beyond the administration of property.

Article 6

The privileges and immunities granted to diplomatic missions in the Republic of Austria on the basis of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations may be granted to permanent missions of foreign members of the international organizations referred to in article 1, paragraph (7), subparagraph 1. Article 3, paragraph (4), shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

Article 7

The privileges and immunities granted to the members of diplomatic missions accredited in the Republic of Austria on the basis of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations may be granted to the persons referred to in article 1, paragraph (10), subparagraphs 1 and 2, and to members of their families living in the same household.

Article 8

(1) The following privileges and immunities may be granted to staff members of the international organizations:

1. Immunity from all jurisdictions in respect of oral or written statements made by them in the exercise of their official functions and all actions carried out by them in the exercise of their official functions, such immunity to continue even when the persons concerned are no longer staff members of the organizations;
2. Immunity from seizure of their personal and official baggage;
3. Immunity from inspection of their official baggage and, in the case of staff members to whom article 9 applies, immunity from inspection of private baggage;
4. Exemption from taxation of wages, earnings, remuneration and retirement benefits which they receive in respect of present or past services for the organization; such exemption may also apply to maintenance benefits for the members of a staff member's family;
5. Exemption from taxation of all income and property of the staff members and of members of their families living in the same household, provided that such income and property are not subject to limited tax liability under Austrian income-tax or property-tax legislation;
6. Exemption from succession and gift taxes, where such taxes arise solely because the staff member or a member of his family living in the same household is domiciled or habitually resident in the Republic of Austria;
7. The right to import the following articles for personal use, free of tax and customs duties and free from import prohibitions and restrictions:
 - (a) On first taking up their duties, articles for their household establishment and personal items, in one or several separate deliveries, and within six months thereafter, any necessary supplementary items;
 - (b) One motorcar every four years;
 - (c) Limited quantities of specific articles intended for personal use and consumption but not for disposal as gifts or by sale;
8. Exemption from restrictions on travel into and out of the country for the staff member, his spouse, his dependent relatives and other members of his household; any necessary visas shall be issued free of charge;
9. The right to obtain and possess, in the Republic of Austria or elsewhere, foreign securities, assets in foreign currencies and other movable property, together with the right, upon termination of their service with the organization, to export their means of payment through legally permissible channels, without reservation or restriction, in the same currency and up to the same amounts as they brought into the Republic of Austria.

(2) The granting of the income-tax privileges provided for in paragraph (1), subparagraphs 4 and 5, may be made subject to the condition that the privileged persons are wholly or partly excluded from the rules for favourable treatment which are not applicable under Austrian income-tax legislation to persons with reduced tax liability.

Article 9

High-ranking officials of the organizations referred to in article 1, paragraph (7), subparagraph 1, may, in addition to the privileges and immunities enumerated in article 8, be granted the same privileges and immunities as those granted to members of the

diplomatic staff of diplomatic missions in the Republic of Austria pursuant to the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations.

Article 10

(1) Persons referred to in article 1, paragraph (10), subparagraph 3, who are not Austrian nationals and are not permanently resident in the Republic of Austria as refugees or stateless persons may be exempted from the application of Austrian social security legislation in respect of their activity.

(2) Persons referred to in article 1, paragraph (10), subparagraph 3, who are Austrian nationals or are permanently resident in the Republic of Austria as refugees or stateless persons may be granted an exemption within the meaning of paragraph (1) in so far as the organization provides them with protection in respect of the risks of sickness, maternity, unemployment, industrial accident, occupational disease, disability, old age and death.

Article 11

In cases where liability to specific taxes is dependent on residence, it may be determined that periods during which experts acting on behalf of the international organizations are resident in the Republic of Austria for the purpose of performing their duties shall not be regarded as periods of residence for taxation purposes. This provision shall not apply to experts domiciled in Austria.

Article 12

(1) Unless otherwise provided in this Federal Act, the granting of tax exemption in respect of the import and export of goods in accordance with article 3, paragraphs (5) and (6), article 6, article 7, article 8, paragraph (1), subparagraph 7, and article 9 shall be governed, *mutatis mutandis*, by the customs legislation applicable to the granting of customs exemption for diplomatic and consular property (art. 40 of the 1955 Customs Act). Unless otherwise provided in an Ordinance or governmental agreement pursuant to article 1, paragraphs (1) and (2), permanent missions and their members shall be granted tax exemption only to the extent to which such exemption is granted, on the basis of existing reciprocal practice, to the diplomatic mission of the State concerned in the Republic of Austria and to the staff members of the said mission.

(2) Unless otherwise provided in headquarters agreements under international law concluded by the Republic of Austria with international organizations, the provisions of paragraph (1) shall also apply to the granting of tax exemptions which are to be granted under such agreements.

Article 13

(1) Upon the entry into force of this Federal Act, the Federal Act of 24 February 1954, Bundesgesetzblatt No. 74/1954, on the Granting of Privileges and Immunities to International Organizations, as amended by the Federal Act of 13 February 1957, Bundesgesetzblatt No. 56/1957, shall cease to have effect.

(2) Where reference is made in legislative texts to the Federal Act mentioned in paragraph (1), the present Federal Act shall be substituted.

Article 14

This Federal Act shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

Article 15

The Federal Government shall be responsible for the execution of this Federal Act.

KREISKY	KIRCHSCHLÄGER		
STARIBACHER	ANDROSCH	PAHR	MOSER
RÖSCH	LANC		BRODA
	HAIDEN	WEISSENBERG	SINOWATZ
LAUSECKER		FIRNBERG	

2. Ghana

NOTE DATED 3 MAY 1978 FROM THE PERMANENT MISSION OF GHANA TO THE UNITED NATIONS TRANSMITTING INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF GHANA REGARDING LEGISLATION RELATING TO PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES

...

Section 3(1) (v) of the Income Tax Decree, 1975 (SMCD.5) exempts from tax the official emoluments and any income not accruing in or derived from Ghana of:

- (iii) any expert, adviser, technician or official whose salary or principal emolument is not payable by the Government of Ghana and who is brought to Ghana through any Specialized Agency of the United Nations Organisation or any similar Organisation approved by the Supreme Military Council; and
- (iv) any expert, advisor, technician, official or trainee from abroad who is sent to Ghana under any of the Technical Co-operation Programmes of the United Nations Organisation and its Specialized Agencies or of any similar organisation approved by the Supreme Military Council.

Part 5 of the Second Schedule to the Customs and Excise Tariff Regulations, 1973 (L.I.858) exempts from import duty

(a) All goods imported by or for the official use of any United Nations, Commonwealth or Foreign Embassy, Mission or Consulate:

(b) On first arrival in Ghana the household and personal effects of an employee of any United Nations, Commonwealth, Foreign Embassy, Mission, Consulate, if such employee is not engaged in any other business or profession in Ghana;

(c) All goods imported by or for use of a permanent member of the United Nations, of the Diplomatic Service of any Commonwealth or Foreign country provided such member is exempted by the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs from the payment of customs duties.

3. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(a) THE INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT (IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES) ORDER 1977²

Laid before Parliament in draft

Made 11th May 1977

Coming into Operation On a date to be notified in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes

² S.I. No. 824 of 1977.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 11th day of May 1977

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Whereas a draft of this Order has been laid before Parliament in accordance with section 10 of the International Organisations Act 1968³ (hereinafter referred to as the Act) and has been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers conferred on Her by section 1 of the said Act or otherwise in Her Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

PART I

GENERAL

1. This Order may be cited as the International Fund for Agricultural Development (Immunities and Privileges) Order 1977. It shall come into operation on the date on which the Agreement establishing the International Fund for Agricultural Development,⁴ signed at New York on 7th January 1977, enters into force in respect of the United Kingdom. This date shall be notified in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes.

2. (1) In this Order "the 1961 Convention Articles" means the Articles (being certain Articles of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations signed in 1961)⁵ which are set out in Schedule 1 to the Diplomatic Privileges Act 1964.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 shall apply for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

PART II

THE FUND

3. The International Fund for Agricultural Development (hereinafter referred to as the Fund) is an organisation of which the United Kingdom and foreign sovereign Powers are members.

4. The Fund shall have the legal capacities of a body corporate.

5. (1) The Fund shall have immunity from suit and legal process except:

(a) to the extent that it shall, by a decision of the Executive Board, have waived such immunity in a particular case. However, the Fund shall be deemed to have waived such immunity if, upon receiving a request for waiver submitted either by the person or body before which the proceedings are pending, or by another party to the proceedings, it has not given notice, within two months after receipt of the request, that it does not waive immunity;

(b) in respect of a civil action by a third party for loss, injury or damage arising from an accident caused by a vehicle belonging to or operated on behalf of the Fund, or in respect of a traffic offence involving such a vehicle;

(c) in the event of the attachment, pursuant to the order of a court of law, of the salaries, wages or other emoluments owed by the Fund to a member of its staff; or

(d) in respect of the enforcement of an arbitration award made under Article 11 of the Agreement establishing the Fund,

³ Reproduced in the *Juridical Yearbook*, 1968, p. 20.

⁴ Document IFAD/1. The Agreement was concluded at Rome on 13 June 1976 and came into force on 30 November 1977.

⁵ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 500, p. 95.

provided that no proceedings may be brought against the Fund by a Member or person acting for or deriving claims from a Member.

(2) The provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall not prevent the taking of such measures as may be permitted by law in relation to the execution of judgment against the Fund.

6. The Fund shall have the like inviolability of official archives and premises as in accordance with the 1961 Convention Articles is accorded in respect of the official archives and premises of a diplomatic mission.

7. The Fund shall have the like exemption or relief from taxes, other than customs duties and taxes on the importation of goods, as is accorded to a foreign sovereign power.

8. The Fund shall have the like relief from rates as in accordance with Article 23 of the 1961 Convention Articles is accorded in respect of the premises of a diplomatic mission.

9. The Fund shall have exemption from customs duties and taxes on the importation of goods imported by the Fund for its official use in the United Kingdom, or on the importation of any publications of the Fund imported by it or on its behalf, such exemption to be subject to compliance with such conditions as the Commissioners of Customs and Excise may prescribe for the protection of the revenue.

10. The Fund shall have exemption from prohibitions and restrictions on importation or exportation in the case of goods imported or exported by the Fund for its official use and in the case of any publications of the Fund imported or exported by it.

11. The Fund shall have relief, under arrangements made by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, by way of refund of customs duty paid on any hydrocarbon oil (within the meaning of the Hydrocarbon Oil (Customs and Excise) Act 1971) which is bought in the United Kingdom and necessary for the official purposes of the Fund, such relief to be subject to compliance with such conditions as may be imposed in accordance with the arrangements.

12. The Fund shall have relief, under arrangements made by the Secretary of State, by way of refund of car tax paid on any vehicle and value added tax paid on the supply of any goods which are necessary for the official purposes of the Fund, such relief to be subject to compliance with such conditions as may be imposed in accordance with the arrangements.

PART III

REPRESENTATIVES

13. (1) Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Government of the Member State whom they represent, representatives of Member States of the Fund, including Governors and members of the Executive Board, shall enjoy immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done by them in the exercise of their functions, except in the case of loss, injury or damage caused by a vehicle belonging to or driven by them or an offence involving such a vehicle.

(2) Part IV of Schedule 1 to the Act shall not operate so as to confer any privilege or immunity on the official staff of representatives.

(3) Neither the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article, nor those of Part IV of Schedule 1 to the Act, shall operate so as to confer any privilege or immunity on any person as the representative of Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom or on any person who is a citizen of the United Kingdom and Colonies.

(4) Part IV of Schedule 1 to the Act shall not operate so as to confer any privilege or immunity on families of representatives.

PART IV
OFFICERS

14. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Fund the President and any officer of the Fund shall enjoy:

(a) immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done by him in the course of the performance of his official duties, except in the case of loss, injury or damage caused by a vehicle belonging to or driven by him or in the case of an offence involving such a vehicle; and

(b) unless he is a citizen of the United Kingdom and Colonies or resident in the United Kingdom, exemption from income tax in respect of emoluments received by him as an officer or servant of the Fund, provided that this exemption shall not apply to annuities and pensions received by him from the Fund.

(b) THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND (IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES) ORDER 1977⁶

Laid before Parliament in draft

Made 11th May 1977

Coming into Operation On dates to be notified in the
London, Edinburgh and Belfast
Gazettes.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 11th day of May 1977

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Whereas a draft of this Order has been laid before Parliament in accordance with section 10 of the International Organisations Act 1968⁷ (hereinafter referred to as the Act) and has been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers conferred on Her by section 3(3) of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act 1945⁸ and section 1 of the International Organisations Act 1968 or otherwise in Her Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the International Monetary Fund (Immunities and Privileges) Order 1977.

(2) (a) Articles 1 to 6 of this Order shall come into operation on the date on which the Second Amendment to the Articles of Agreement of the International Monetary Fund⁹ enters into force. This date shall be notified in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes.

(b) Article 7 of this Order shall come into operation on the date on which a Council is established under Article XII, Section 1 of the Articles of Agreement of the International Monetary Fund as amended (hereinafter referred to as the Fund Agreement). This date shall be notified in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes.

⁶ S.I. No. 825 of 1977.

⁷ Reproduced in the *Juridical Yearbook*, 1968, p. 20.

⁸ United Nations Legislative Series, *Legislative Texts and Treaty Provisions concerning the Legal Status, Privileges and Immunities of International Organizations*, vol. II (ST/LEG/SER.B/11 — Sales No. 61.V.3), p. 84.

⁹ The Second Amendment to the Articles of Agreement was approved by the Board of Governors of the International Monetary Fund on 30 April 1976. It entered into force on 1 April 1978.

2. The Interpretation Act 1889 shall apply for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

3. Section 8 of Article IX of the Fund Agreement set out in Part I of the Schedule to the Bretton Woods Agreements Order in Council 1946¹⁰ is hereby revoked.

4. The International Monetary Fund (hereinafter referred to as the Fund) is an organisation of which the United Kingdom and foreign sovereign Powers are members.

Representatives

5. (1) All Governors, Executive Directors, Alternates, members of committees, and representatives of Member States appointed to attend a meeting of the Executive Board under Article XII, Section 3(j) of the Fund Agreement shall enjoy immunity from suit and legal process with respect to acts performed by them in their official capacity except when the Fund waives this immunity.

(2) Part IV of Schedule I to the Act shall not operate so as to confer any immunity on the families of persons to whom this Article applies.

(3) Part IV of Schedule I to the Act shall not operate so as to confer any immunity on the official staff, other than advisers, of persons to whom this Article applies.

(4) This Article shall not operate so as to confer any immunity on any person as the representative of Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom or as a member of the staff of such a representative.

Officers

6. All officers and employees of the Fund shall enjoy immunity from suit and legal process with respect to acts performed by them in their official capacity except when the Fund waives this immunity.

Representatives to the Council

7. (1) All Councillors, their Alternates and Associates, shall enjoy immunity from suit and legal process with respect to acts performed by them in their official capacity except when the Fund waives this immunity.

(2) Part IV of Schedule I to the Act shall not operate so as to confer any immunity on the families of persons to whom this Article applies.

(3) Part IV of Schedule I to the Act shall not operate so as to confer any immunity on the official staff, other than advisers, of persons to whom this Article applies.

(4) This Article shall not operate so as to confer any immunity on any person as the representative of Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom or as a member of the staff of such a representative.

4. United States of America

EXECUTIVE ORDER 11966 OF 19 JANUARY 1977 DESIGNATING CERTAIN PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS ENTITLED TO ENJOY CERTAIN PRIVILEGES, EXEMPTIONS AND IMMUNITIES¹¹

By virtue of the authority vested in me by Section 1 of the International Organizations Immunities Act (59 Stat. 669, 22 U.S.C. 288),¹² and as President of the United

¹⁰ United Nations Legislative Series, *Legislative Texts and Treaty Provisions concerning the Legal Status, Privileges and Immunities of International Organizations*, vol. II (ST/LEG/SER.B/11 — Sales No. 61.V.3), p. 86.

¹¹ Federal Register, vol. 42, No. 15.

¹² United Nations Legislative Series, *Legislative Texts and Treaty Provisions concerning the Legal Status, Privileges and Immunities of International Organizations* (ST/LEG/SER.B/10 — Sales No. 60.V.2), p. 52.

States of America, having found that the United States participates in the following organizations, it is hereby ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. The International Development Association, in which the United States participates pursuant to the Act of Congress approved June 30, 1960 (74 Stat. 293, 22 U.S.C. 284) and the Articles of Agreement of the International Development Association (11 U.S.T. 2284, T.I.A.S. 4607),¹³ is hereby designated as a public international organization entitled to enjoy the privileges, exemptions, and immunities conferred by the International Organizations Immunities Act, provided that, this designation shall not affect in any way the applicability of Section 3, Article VIII, of the Articles of Agreement of the International Development Association.

SEC. 2. The International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes, in which the United States participates, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved August 11, 1966 (80 Stat. 344, 22 U.S.C. 1650) and the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States (17 U.S.T. 1270, T.I.A.S. 6090),¹⁴ is hereby designated as a public international organization entitled to enjoy the privileges, exemptions, and immunities conferred by the International Organizations Immunities Act.

. . .

SEC. 4. Executive Order No. 11718 of May 14, 1973, is revoked.

SEC. 5. This Order shall be effective as of November 24, 1976.

(Signed) Gerald R. FORD

The White House,
January 19, 1977.

¹³ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 439, p. 249.

¹⁴ *Ibid.*, vol. 575, p. 159. Also reproduced in the *Juridical Yearbook*, 1966, p. 196.