

Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea

1973-1982

Concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica on 10 December 1982

Document:-

A/CONF.62/L.19/Add.1

Interested non-governmental organizations invited in accordance with paragraph 9 of General Assembly resolution 3029 A (XXVII) and paragraph 8 of General Assembly resolution 3067 (XXVIII)

Extract from the *Official Records of the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea, Volume IX (Summary Records, Plenary, General Committee, First, Second and Third Committees, as well as Documents of the Conference, Seventh and Resumed Seventh Session)*

(f) Eight per cent of the annual appropriation for development will go to States whose population falls within the fourth lowest tenth in terms of income *per capita*;

(g) Four per cent of the annual appropriation for development will go to States whose population falls within the fifth lowest tenth in terms of income *per capita*;

(h) Until the year 2020 as much as but no more than 30 per cent of the annual distribution may be used for: protecting the marine environment; assisting the transfer of technology to developing countries; assistance to the United Nations and its specialized agencies for peacekeeping and other programmes.

SECTION 5. CHANGES IN SCHEDULES

Article 307. Changes in schedules for contributions and disbursement as well as in the basis of representation on the Board of Governors and in voting procedures on that Board

Changes in schedule for contributions and disbursement as well as in the basis of representation on the Board of Governors and in voting procedures on that Board shall require the concurrence of five sixths of the members of the Board and three quarters of the members of the Assembly. However, in the year 2000 and every twentieth year thereafter, such changes will require only a three-quarters vote of the Board and a two-thirds vote of the Assembly.

DOCUMENT A/CONF.62/66

Note verbale dated 11 May 1978 from the delegation of Yugoslavia

[Original: English]
[11 May 1978]

The candidature of Yugoslavia for the seat of the future Law of the Sea Tribunal was first officially announced by the note verbale, dated 29 August 1977, which the Permanent Mission of Yugoslavia to the United Nations sent to the Secretary-General at the end of the sixth session of the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea and which was issued as an official document of the Conference.⁴

The note stressed, in brief, the long maritime tradition of Yugoslavia, especially in areas of shipping and fishing, and its convenient geographic location which ensures excellent communications and makes it an ideal host country for the seat of an international forum, such as the Law of the Sea Tribunal. It recalled, further, that the Yugoslav Government had always, during the deliberations at the Conference, supported the establishment of the Tribunal, as well as the fact that, for the time being, despite its longstanding active interest in the United Nations, no international body from the United Nations system has its seat in Yugoslavia.

⁴*Ibid.*, vol. VII (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.78.V.3), document A/CONF.62/58.

It will also be recalled that the note indicated that the Yugoslav Government will, in due time, supply information on the precise location offered for the seat of the Tribunal. The Yugoslav delegation would now like to inform that a city has been selected, whose excellent facilities would be at the disposal of the Tribunal. It is the city of Split, the largest Yugoslav city on the Adriatic Coast, a well-known port, a strong shipbuilding centre and one of the most ancient cultural centres of Yugoslavia. It is also the seat of various domestic courts, the university centre with the Oceanographic Institute and the Hydrographic Institute, and the city is, as a whole, one of the main tourist attractions on the Adriatic Coast.

It is perhaps worth mentioning also that Split was selected to be the host city for the Mediterranean Games that will take place in 1979, through which it will certainly attain considerable publicity.

The Delegation of Yugoslavia has prepared documentation which offers additional information necessary and which will be submitted for the consideration of all delegations.

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[Original: English]
[14 April 1978]

At its 91st meeting, on 13 April 1978, the Conference approved the inclusion of the following in the list of interested non-governmental organizations having consultative status with the Economic and Social Council and the extension of invitations to them in accordance with the above-mentioned General Assembly resolutions and in conformity with rule 66 of the rules of procedure.

CATEGORY II

Arab Lawyers Union
International Co-operation for Socio-Economic Development
World Young Women's Christian Association