
Article 11

Contents

	<i>Paragraphs</i>
Text of Article 11	
Introductory note	1–4
I. General survey	5–11
A. Review of the activities of the General Assembly on disarmament	7–8
B. Summary of the activities of the General Assembly on the maintenance of international peace and security	9–10
C. Reports of the Secretary-General	11
II. Analytical summary of practice	12–26
A. Relationship between the responsibilities of the General Assembly and the primary responsibility of the Security Council with regard to matters pertaining to the maintenance of international peace and security	12–26
**B. Meaning and scope of the term “action” as used in Article 11, paragraph 2	
**C. Extent of the competence and powers of the General Assembly with regard to questions “on which action is necessary”	
**D. The force of the determination by the General Assembly of the obligation imposed on Members States under Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter	
**E. Nature and limits of the power of investigation of the General Assembly in matters pertaining to the maintenance of international peace and security	

Annexes

- I. Resolutions of the General Assembly pertaining to the principles governing disarmament and arms limitation
- II. Resolutions of the General Assembly pertaining to the maintenance of international peace and security
- III. Resolutions of the General Assembly pertaining to the general principles of cooperation in the maintenance of international peace and security

Text of Article 11

1. The General Assembly may consider the general principles of cooperation in the maintenance of international peace and security, including the principles governing disarmament and the regulation of armaments, and may make recommendations with regard to such principles to the Members or to the Security Council or to both.
2. The General Assembly may discuss any questions relating to the maintenance of international peace and security brought before it by any Member of the United Nations, or by the Security Council, or by a State which is not a Member of the United Nations in accordance with Article 35, paragraph 2, and, except as provided in Article 12, may make recommendations with regard to any such questions to the State or States concerned or to the Security Council or to both. Any such question on which action is necessary shall be referred to the Security Council by the General Assembly either before or after discussion.
3. The General Assembly may call the attention of the Security Council to situations which are likely to endanger international peace and security.
4. The powers of the General Assembly set forth in this Article shall not limit the general scope of Article 10.

Introductory note

1. During the period under review, only the General Assembly among the main United Nations organs expressly referred to Article 11 in its work. However, study of the practice of the various major organs has revealed implicit references to Article 11 itself or to resolutions of the General Assembly relating thereto.
2. Under Article 11, paragraph 1, the General Assembly continued its consideration of the principles governing disarmament and arms limitation and addressed several recommendations on that topic to States and the Security Council.
3. The General Assembly also adopted, in accordance with Article 11, paragraphs 2 and 3, a number of recommendations calling the attention of the Security Council or Member States to situations that endangered or appeared to endanger international peace and security, without getting into discussions of a constitutional nature.
4. Given that Article 11 is closely linked to Articles 10 and 12, it would be necessary to refer to the studies on those articles in order to obtain a more complete view of the constitutional problems relating to the respective powers of the Security Council and the General Assembly regarding the maintenance of international peace and security.

I. General survey

5. During the period under review, the General Assembly adopted only one resolution that made explicit reference to Article 11¹ None of the resolutions adopted gave rise to a discussion of a constitutional nature on the specific scope of that Article.

6. The General Assembly adopted a number of resolutions that bore on Article 11 and that contained recommendations to the Security Council on matters relating to the maintenance of international peace and security. In some of those resolutions, the General Assembly raised specific issues regarding the maintenance of international peace and security or requested the Security Council to take specific measures regarding such issues,² as it is authorized to do under Article 11 (2). Other resolutions, in accordance with Article 11 (3), sought to draw the attention of the Council to situations that the General Assembly deemed constituted a threat to international peace and security.³ The Assembly thus urged the Security Council on several occasions to consider (on an urgent basis) “the situation in the occupied Palestinian territory”,⁴ requesting it in particular “to consider the necessary measures with a view to securing international protection of Palestinian civilians in the Palestinian territory under Israeli occupation since 1967, including Jerusalem”.

A. Review of the activities of the General Assembly on disarmament

7. During the period under review, the General Assembly considered a range of issues in connection with which it made implicit reference to Article 11 by invoking the principles governing disarmament, as well as the principles governing arms limitation. Thus,

during its annual consideration of the agenda item entitled “General and complete disarmament”, the Assembly confirmed the central role of the United Nations in the field of disarmament⁵ and, in that context, dealt with a wide range of topics.⁶

8. Furthermore, at each session, the General Assembly adopted a number of resolutions pertaining to the issue of disarmament.⁷

⁵ GA resolution 44/116 G.

⁶ GA resolutions 44/116 A-U; 45/58 A-P; 46/36 A-L; 47/52 A-L; and 48/75 A-L. Those resolutions dealt, *inter alia*, with the prohibition of the development, production, stockpiling and use of radiological weapons; bilateral nuclear-arms negotiations; conventional disarmament; nuclear disarmament; objective information on military matters; the implementation of General Assembly resolutions in the field of disarmament; the prohibition of production of fissionable material for weapons purposes; confidence- and security-building measures and conventional disarmament in Europe; the conversion of military resources; bilateral nuclear-arms negotiations; the relationship between disarmament and development; naval armaments and disarmament; international arms transfers; the Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Prohibition of the Emplacement of Nuclear Weapons and Other Weapons of Mass Destruction on the Sea-Bed and the Ocean Floor and in the Subsoil Thereof; defensive security concepts; the review of the role of the United Nations in the field of disarmament; the prohibition of the dumping of radioactive wastes; conventional disarmament on a regional scale; the contribution of confidence- and security-building measures to international peace and security; the United Nations Comprehensive Study on Nuclear Weapons; the Second Review Conference of the Parties to the Convention on the Prohibition of Military or Any Other Hostile Uses of Environmental Modification Techniques; the study on charting potential uses of resources allocated to military activities for civilian endeavours to protect the environment; international arms transfers; transparency in armaments; the Preparatory Committee for the 1995 Conference of States Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons; measures to curb the illicit transfer and use of conventional weapons; conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels; the moratorium on the export of anti-personnel land-mines.

⁷ *Cf.* Annex I.

¹ GA resolution 48/76 E contains a reference to Article 11 (1) of the Charter of the United Nations.

² GA resolutions 44/27 C, G, H, I, K; 44/41; 44/42; 44/48; 44/121; 45/68; 45/74 A; 45/176 C-F; 46/47 A; 46/74 A; 46/79 C, D; 46/242; 47/64 A; 47/116 E, F; 47/121; 48/40 H; 48/88; 48/91 Annex; 48/159 A; and 49/10.

³ GA resolutions 43/233; 44/2; 44/47 I; 44/48; 45/69; 45/73 I; 45/74 A; 46/46 I; 46/47 A; 46/76; 47/64 E; 47/69 I; and 47/70 A.

⁴ See e.g. resolutions 42/233; 44/2; 47/64 E; 47/70 A; 48/40 H; 48/88; 48/91 Annex para. 4; 48/159 A; and 49/10.

B. Summary of the activities of the General Assembly on the maintenance of international peace and security

9. During the period under review, the General Assembly adopted a number of resolutions on a wide range of issues, in which it made implicit reference to Article 11 by referring either to the maintenance of international peace and security,⁸ or to the general principles of cooperation in the maintenance of international peace and security.⁹

10. Furthermore, at its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly made explicit reference to Article 11 on the occasion of its adoption of the resolution on the review and implementation of the Concluding Document of its twelfth special session, in which it recalled its functions under that Article: “Mindful of the provisions of Article 11, paragraph 1, of the Charter of the United Nations stipulating that a function of the General Assembly is to consider the general principles of cooperation in the maintenance of international

⁸ Cf. Annex II.

⁹ Cf. Annex III.

peace and security, including the principles governing disarmament and arms limitation (...)”.¹⁰ Furthermore, it could be noted that, in two of the resolutions adopted during the period under review, the General Assembly made explicit reference to Article 24 of the Charter, in reminding the Security Council of its responsibilities in the context of the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.¹¹

C. Reports of the Secretary-General

11. During the period under review, the Secretary-General issued six annual reports on the work of the Organization covering the forty-fourth to the forty-ninth sessions of the General Assembly. In addition, two specific reports were also issued, namely, *An Agenda for Peace* (1992) and *An Agenda for Development* (1994). None of those documents made explicit reference to Article 11 of the Charter, but some of them contained indirect and implicit references to the powers granted to the General Assembly under that Article.

¹⁰ GA resolution 48/76 E.

¹¹ GA resolutions 48/88 and 49/10.

II. Analytical summary of practice

A. Relationship between the responsibilities of the General Assembly and the primary responsibility of the Security Council with regard to matters pertaining to the maintenance of international peace and security

12. The topics considered during the regular sessions raised no constitutional issues or other matters concerning the form of the relationship between the respective responsibilities of the General Assembly and Security Council in maintaining peace and security.

13. During the period under review, the General Assembly adopted resolutions falling within the scope of Article 11, paragraph 1. In that connection the Assembly raised the issue of the protection of United Nations personnel and requested the Council to take measures to ensure its effectiveness. The Council responded to the invitation of the Assembly by adopting

its resolution 868 (1993) on the topic.¹² There is no reference to Article 11 in the resolution. The Council nevertheless decided to take up the issue, as evidenced by a presidential statement issued in 1993, in which the President of the Council announced that the Council would consider the matter “further in the light of the Secretary-General’s report and of the work done in the General Assembly”.¹³ At the 3283rd meeting of the Council, which led to the adoption of the aforesaid resolution, the representative of New Zealand first noted that the issue would require “concerted action by [the] Council, by the General Assembly, and by the Secretary-General”¹⁴ and then stated that a general action to strengthen the protection of United Nations personnel was “more appropriately the business of the General Assembly”¹⁵ and raised the possibility of a proposal to have the General Assembly adopt an international

¹² Security Council resolution 868 (1993).

¹³ S/25493.

¹⁴ Security Council, 3283rd meeting: New Zealand, p. 6.

¹⁵ *Ibid.*, p. 7.

convention on the problem.¹⁶ Brazil supported the remarks made by New Zealand on the importance of cooperation between the Security Council and the General Assembly, as well as with the Secretary-General,¹⁷ and Spain also underlined the need for the General Assembly to take up the issue of a draft international convention, which had been submitted by New Zealand.¹⁸

14. Moreover, the General Assembly adopted a number of resolutions falling within the scope of Article 11 (2). Those documents dealt with various situations relating to States or regions.

1. The situation between Iraq and Kuwait

15. During the period under review, the Security Council adopted a number of resolutions on the invasion of Kuwait by Iraq.¹⁹ In that context, the problem of competences arose in the Security Council when the Council was examining human rights issues and was considering possibly extending an invitation to the special representative of the Human Rights Committee charged with studying the matter under consideration to participate in the Council's deliberations. India stressed the importance of strictly respecting the competences of the various United Nations organs and opposed the involvement of a representative from a field that lay within the exclusive competence of the General Assembly or the Human Rights Committee. Furthermore, the Council should refrain from making recommendations in that field, given that its primary responsibility was limited to the maintenance of international peace and security.²⁰ Those arguments were supported by Zimbabwe²¹ and China.²² Ecuador took the opposite view, although it granted that the question of human rights was within the exclusive purview of the Economic and Social

Council and the General Assembly. The representative of Ecuador explained that what was at issue was a special situation involving violations of fundamental guarantees that formed the core of what the Council had designated in its resolution 688 (1991) as a threat to peace under Article 39 of the Charter; in other words, in the view of the representative of Ecuador, the unusually broad magnitude of the human rights violations in question brought the situation fully within the competence of the Council.²³

2. The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina

16. Starting on 25 August 1992, the date of the first General Assembly resolution on the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Assembly urged the Security Council to take measures on an urgent basis, even though the issue had already been put on the Council's agenda. From that date forward, the Council adopted a number of resolutions on Bosnia and Herzegovina, independently of the general situation in the former Yugoslavia.²⁴

17. The issue of human rights arose again during some of the meetings of the Council on the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina. China and Zimbabwe recalled their position with regard to the participation in the deliberations of the special representative for human rights, which they had expressed in the context of the situation between Iraq and Kuwait.²⁵ The representative of India was of the view that the various political, military and humanitarian aspects of the problem remained difficult to separate²⁶ and said that all such aspects should be dealt with simultaneously, without forgetting that, with the exception of exceptional situations, the competent bodies in such matters remained the General Assembly and the Human Rights Committee.

3. The situation in South Africa

18. The General Assembly expressed its views on several occasions since 1989 on the issue of apartheid

¹⁶ Ibid.

¹⁷ Ibid., Brazil, p. 16.

¹⁸ Ibid., Spain, p. 22.

¹⁹ Security Council resolutions 660 (1990), 661 (1990), 662 (1990), 664 (1990), 665 (1990), 666 (1990), 667 (1990), 669 (1990), 670 (1990), 674 (1990), 677 (1990), 678 (1990), 686 (1991), 687 (1991), 688 (1991), 689 (1991), 692 (1991), 700 (1991), 706 (1991), 773 (1992), 778 (1992), 806 (1993), 833 (1993), and 899 (1994).

²⁰ Security Council, 3105th meeting: India, p. 6.

²¹ Ibid., Zimbabwe, p. 11. Cf. also Security Council, 3139th meeting, pp. 3-5.

²² Ibid., China, p. 12. Cf. also Security Council, 3139th meeting, pp. 3-5.

²³ Ibid., Ecuador, pp. 8-10.

²⁴ Security Council resolutions 776 (1992), 781 (1992), 786 (1992), 787 (1992), 798 (1992), 808 (1993), 816 (1993), 819 (1993), 820 (1993), 824 (1993), 838 (1993), 844 (1993), 859 (1993), 900 (1994), 942 (1994), 943 (1994) and 959 (1994).

²⁵ Security Council, 3134th meeting, China, pp. 9-10, Zimbabwe, pp. 10-11.

²⁶ Security Council, 3137th meeting, India, pp. 7-8.

in South Africa and on its impact throughout the southern African region, in particular at its sixteenth special session devoted to the question of apartheid, which took place from 12 to 14 December 1989. At the same time and in parallel, the Security Council adopted resolutions on South Africa,²⁷ Namibia,²⁸ Angola²⁹ and Mozambique,³⁰ but that did not give rise to a constitutional debate between the two United Nations organs.³¹ Furthermore, the Security Council, at its 3096th meeting, explicitly referred to General Assembly resolution S-16/1, which contained a declaration against apartheid.³²

19. At that special session, the General Assembly extended its traditional involvement with Namibia, at the same time as and in parallel with Security Council.

4. Cambodia

20. In accordance with Article 11 (2), the General Assembly expressed its views on the situation in Cambodia in its resolution 44/22 of 16 November 1989, which affirmed the people's right to self-determination and called consequently for the withdrawal of all foreign forces. Subsequently, in its resolution 45/3 of 15 October 1990, the General Assembly approved the framework for a "comprehensive political settlement of the Cambodia conflict", which had been accepted "in its entirety by all the Cambodian parties, as the basis for settling the [...] conflict".

5. The question of Israel

21. During the period under review, the Security Council considered the situation of Israel and the Middle East in general, and the Council was invited by the General Assembly on several occasions to take up the issues of human rights and Israeli nuclear armament. During the period under review, the

Council's decisions focused on two main aspects, namely, the Israeli-Lebanese conflict³³ and Israeli relations with Syria.³⁴

22. For its part, the General Assembly adopted several resolutions dealing with the "Question of Palestine" and in particular requested the Security Council, in accordance with the provisions of Article 11 (3), to study, on an urgent basis, measures that could be taken to ensure the protection of Palestinian civilians in the occupied territories. In response to those requests, the Security Council adopted several resolutions dealing specifically with that issue.³⁵

23. The Secretary-General mentioned Article 11 indirectly in his report on the work of the Organization submitted to the forty-fourth session of the General Assembly. He drew attention to the evolution of the Assembly's particular competence in the field of disarmament under Article 11 (1): "A quarter of the resolutions adopted each year by the General Assembly address issues of disarmament". The Secretary-General pointed out also, with regard to international terrorism, that competence with regard to that issue was shared by the Assembly and the Council. The General Assembly expressed its views on the matter in its resolution 40/61 of 9 December 1985, and the Security Council did the same in its resolution 579 (1985). Article 11 (2) of the Charter vested the General Assembly with the power to make recommendations.

24. In 1992, in *An Agenda for Peace*, the Secretary-General stressed that the responsibility for maintaining international peace and security lay primarily with the Security Council, but "must be shared by the General Assembly and by all the functional elements of the world Organization", which seems to be in keeping with Article 11 (1), although it is not directly mentioned. The Secretary-General was quite firm in stating that, in matters relating to the maintenance of international peace and security, the General

²⁷ Security Council resolutions 765 (1992), 772 (1992), 894 (1994), 919 (1994) and 930 (1994).

²⁸ Security Council resolutions 629 (1989), 632 (1989), 640 (1989) and 643 (1989).

²⁹ Security Council resolutions 628 (1989), 696 (1991), 747 (1992), 793 (1992), 804 (1993), 811 (1993), 823 (1993), 834 (1993), 851 (1993), 864 (1993), 890 (1993), 903 (1994), 932 (1994), 945 (1994) and 966 (1994).

³⁰ Security Council resolutions 782 (1992), 797 (1992), 818 (1993), 850 (1993), 863 (1993), 882 (1993), 898 (1994), 916 (1994), 957 (1994), 957 (1994) and 960 (1994).

³¹ Security Council, 3277th and 3379th meetings.

³² Security Council, 3096th meeting, Ukraine, p. 161.

³³ Security Council resolutions 630 (1989), 639 (1989), 648 (1990), 659 (1990), 684 (1991), 701 (1991), 734 (1992), 768 (1992), 803 (1993), 852 (1993) and 938 (1994).

³⁴ Security Council resolutions 633 (1989), 645 (1989), 655 (1990), 679 (1990), 695 (1991), 722 (1991), 756 (1992), 790 (1992), 830 (1993), 887 (1993), 921 (1994) and 962 (1994).

³⁵ Security Council resolutions 636 (1989), 641 (1989), 672 (1990), 673 (1990), 681 (1990), 694 (1991), 726 (1992), 799 (1992), and 904 (1994).

Assembly's capacity "to consider and recommend appropriate action must be recognized".³⁶ That capacity may take the form, where peacemaking is concerned, of designating an individual to undertake mediation and negotiation. The designation of such a person may be carried out by both organs, namely, the Assembly and the Council, as well as by the Secretary-General. The Security Council and the General Assembly also have the possibility of initiating a resort to fact-finding, as such missions are within their competences in the field of preventive diplomacy.

25. In his report on the work of the Organization submitted to the General assembly at its forty-eighth session, the Secretary-General mentioned the expanded and increasingly practical role played by the General

³⁶ GA, forty-seventh session, item 10 on the preliminary list, Preventive diplomacy, peacemaking, peacekeeping, [A/47/277](#) and [S/24111](#), *An Agenda for Peace*, 17 June 1992, Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to the statement adopted by the Summit Meeting of the Security Council on 31 January 1992, p. 26.

Assembly "in world activities" and "in the area of peacekeeping".

26. In his report on the work of the Organization submitted to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session, the Secretary-General noted once again that "The General Assembly is playing an increasingly wide-ranging and comprehensive role in world affairs", with a growing number of items inscribed on its agenda; the forty-seventh session had 157 items and the forty-eighth session had 180. He also noted that the pressure to rationalize its working methods had had a positive effect with the adoption of a set of guidelines in resolution 48/264. The newly rationalized work of the Assembly continued to deal with issues in the field of international peace and security. In its resolution 47/120, the Assembly encouraged the Secretary-General to set up "a system-wide early warning mechanism for situations likely to endanger international peace and security". That would be an application of Article 11 (1), which allows for the consideration of the "general principles of cooperation in the maintenance of international peace and security", on which subject the Assembly may also make recommendations.

Annex I**Resolutions of the General Assembly pertaining to the principles governing disarmament and arms limitation**

- 44/104 Implementation of General Assembly resolution 43/62 concerning the signature and ratification of Additional Protocol I of the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America (Treaty of Tlatelolco)
- 44/105 Cessation of all nuclear-test explosions
- 44/106 Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water
- 44/107 Urgent need for a comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty
- 44/108 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
- 44/109 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
- 44/110 Conclusion of effective international arrangements on the strengthening of the security of non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
- 44/111 Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
- 44/112 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
- 44/113 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
- 44/114 Reduction of military budgets
- 44/115 Chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons
- 44/116 General and complete disarmament
- 44/117 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
- 44/118 Scientific and technological developments and their impact on international security
- 44/119 Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session
- 44/120 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
- 44/121 Israeli nuclear armament
- 44/122 Compliance with arms limitation and disarmament agreements
- 44/124 Question of Antarctica

- 44/125 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
- 44/126 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
- 45/49 Cessation of all nuclear-test explosions
- 45/50 Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water
- 45/51 Urgent need for a comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty
- 45/52 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
- 45/53 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
- 45/54 Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
- 45/55 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
- 45/56 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
- 45/58 General and complete disarmament
- 45/59 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
- 45/62 Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session
- 45/63 Israeli nuclear armament
- 45/64 Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects
- 45/65 Study on the role of the United Nations in the field of verification
- 45/66 Prohibition of the development and manufacture of new types of weapons of mass destruction and new systems of such weapons
- 45/77 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
- 45/78 Question of Antarctica
- 45/79 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
- 45/80 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security

-
- Resolution S-17/2 Political Declaration and Global Programme of Action adopted by the General Assembly at its seventeenth special session to consider the question of international cooperation against illicit production, supply, demand, trafficking and distribution of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances
 - Resolution S-17/21 Report of the Preparatory Committee of the Whole for the Seventeenth Special Session
 - 46/16 Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency
 - 46/26 Compliance with arms limitation and disarmament agreements
 - 46/27 Education and information for disarmament
 - 46/28 Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water
 - 46/29 Comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty
 - 46/30 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
 - 46/31 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
 - 46/32 Conclusion of effective international arrangements on the strengthening of the security of non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
 - 46/33 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
 - 46/34 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
 - 46/35 Chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons
 - 46/36 General and complete disarmament
 - 46/37 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
 - 46/38 Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session
 - 46/39 Israeli nuclear armament
 - 46/40 Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects
 - 46/41 Question of Antarctica
 - 46/42 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
 - 46/49 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace

- 46/64 Activities of foreign economic and other interests which are impeding the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa
- 47/39 Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction
- 47/43 Scientific and technological developments and their impact on international security
- 47/44 The role of science and technology in the context of international security, disarmament and other related fields
- 47/45 Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification
- 47/46 Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water
- 47/47 Comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty
- 47/48 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
- 47/49 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
- 47/50 Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
- 47/51 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
- 47/52 General and complete disarmament
- 47/53 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
- 47/54 Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session
- 47/55 Israeli nuclear armament
- 47/56 Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects
- 47/57 Question of Antarctica
- 47/58 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
- 47/59 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
- 47/60 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security

-
- 47/61 Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)
 - 47/76 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
 - 48/62 Reduction of military budgets: transparency of military expenditures
 - 48/63 Compliance with arms limitation and disarmament agreements
 - 48/67 The role of science and technology in the context of international security, disarmament and other related fields
 - 48/68 Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification
 - 48/69 Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water
 - 48/70 Comprehensive test-ban treaty
 - 48/71 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
 - 48/72 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
 - 48/73 Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
 - 48/74 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
 - 48/75 General and complete disarmament
 - 48/76 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
 - 48/77 Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session
 - 48/79 Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects
 - 48/80 Question of Antarctica
 - 48/81 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
 - 48/82 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
 - 48/83 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
 - 48/84 Maintenance of international security

- 48/85 Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)
- 48/86 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Africa
- 48/87 Rationalization of the work of the Disarmament and International Security Committee (First Committee)

Annex II**Resolutions of the General Assembly pertaining to the maintenance of international peace and security**

- 42/233 Question of Palestine
- 44/9 Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte
- 44/10 The situation in Central America: threats to international peace and security and peace initiatives
- 44/15 The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security
- 44/22 The situation in Kampuchea
- 44/23 United Nations Decade of International Law
- 44/27 Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa
- 44/40 The situation in the Middle East
- 44/42 Question of Palestine
- 44/48 Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories
- 44/49 Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects
- 44/69 Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid
- 44/79 Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights
- 44/84 Activities of foreign economic and other interests which are impeding the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Namibia and in all other Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa
- 44/88 Question of Western Sahara
- 44/113 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
- 44/116 General and complete disarmament
- 44/121 Israeli nuclear armament
- 44/124 Question of Antarctica
- 44/126 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security

- 45/3 The situation in Cambodia
- 45/11 Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte
- 45/12 The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security
- 45/15 The situation in Central America: threats to international peace and security and peace initiatives
- 45/17 Activities of foreign and other interests which are impeding the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa
- 45/21 Question of Western Sahara
- 45/33 Thirtieth anniversary of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples
- 45/34 Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples
- 45/36 Zone of peace and cooperation in the South Atlantic
- 45/56 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
- 45/58 General and complete disarmament
- 45/63 Israeli nuclear armament
- 45/67 Question of Palestine
- 45/74 Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories
- 45/75 Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects
- 45/76 Questions relating to information
- 45/80 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
- 45/83 The situation in the Middle East
- 45/90 Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid
- 45/93 Human rights and scientific and technological developments
- 45/96 Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms
- 45/176 Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa
- 46/9 Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte

-
- 46/14 Programmes and activities to promote peace in the world
 - 46/18 The situation in Cambodia
 - 46/23 The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security
 - 46/34 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
 - 46/36 General and complete disarmament
 - 46/39 Israeli nuclear armament
 - 46/43 Protection and security of small States
 - 46/47 Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories
 - 46/48 Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects
 - 46/59 Declaration on Fact-finding by the United Nations in the Field of the Maintenance of International Peace and Security
 - 46/64 Activities of foreign economic and other interests which are impeding the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa
 - 46/65 Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations
 - 46/74 Question of Palestine
 - 46/82 The situation in the Middle East
 - 46/84 Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid
 - 46/87 Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights
 - 46/101 Respect for the principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and international law in the fight against drug abuse and illicit trafficking
 - 47/9 Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte

- 47/15 Activities of those foreign economic and other interests which impede the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa
- 47/23 Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples
- 47/52 General and complete disarmament
- 47/53 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
- 47/60 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
- 47/63 The situation in the Middle East
- 47/64 Question of Palestine
- 47/70 Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories
- 47/71 Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects
- 47/76 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
- 47/80 “Ethnic cleansing” and racial hatred
- 47/81 Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid
- 47/82 Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights
- 47/98 Respect for the principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and international law in the fight against drug abuse and illicit trafficking
- 48/18 Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States
- 48/41 Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories
- 48/42 Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects
- 48/52 Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples
- 48/56 Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte

- 48/58 Middle East peace process
- 48/59 The situation in the Middle East
- 48/75 General and complete disarmament
- 48/83 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
- 48/84 Maintenance of international security
- 48/87 Rationalization of the work of the Disarmament and International Security Committee (First Committee)
- 48/88 The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina
- 48/89 Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid
- 48/123 Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations System for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms
- 48/158 Question of Palestine
- 48/161 The situation in Central America: procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace and progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development
- 49/10 The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina
- 49/18 Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte
- 49/23 Emergency international assistance for a solution to the problem of refugees, the restoration of total peace, reconstruction and socio-economic development in war-stricken Rwanda
- 49/25 Commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the end of the Second World War
- 49/28 Law of the sea

Annex III

Resolutions of the General Assembly pertaining to the general principles of cooperation in the maintenance of international peace and security

- 44/7 Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States
- 44/8 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference
- 44/11 Achievements of the International Year of Peace
- 44/20 Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic
- 44/22 The situation in Kampuchea
- 44/29 Measures to prevent international terrorism which endangers or takes innocent human lives or jeopardizes fundamental freedoms and study of the underlying causes of those forms of terrorism and acts of violence which lie in misery, frustration, grievance and despair and which cause some people to sacrifice human lives, including their own, in an attempt to effect radical changes
- 44/31 Peaceful settlement of disputes between States
- 44/32 Draft Code of Crimes against the Peace and Security of Mankind
- 44/34 International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries
- 44/37 Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization
- 44/46 International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space
- 44/50 Questions relating to information
- 44/51 Protection and security of small States
- 44/79 Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights
- 44/81 Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination
- 44/101 Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples
- 44/108 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
- 44/112 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
- 44/114 Reduction of military budgets
- 44/116 General et complete disarmament

-
- 44/117 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
 - 44/118 Scientific and technological developments and their impact on international security
 - 44/120 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
 - 44/122 Compliance with arms limitation and disarmament agreements
 - 44/124 Question of Antarctica
 - 44/125 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
 - 44/126 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
 - 44/147 Respect for the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes
 - Resolution S-16/1 Declaration on Apartheid and its Destructive Consequences in Southern Africa
 - 44/244 Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa
 - 45/9 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference
 - 45/10 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States
 - 45/14 Implementation of the Declaration on the Right of Peoples to Peace
 - 45/52 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
 - 45/53 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
 - 45/55 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
 - 45/56 Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa
 - 45/58 General and complete disarmament
 - 45/59 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
 - 45/61 Science and technology for disarmament
 - 45/62 Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session
 - 45/63 Israeli nuclear armament
 - 45/72 International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

- 45/76 Questions relating to information
- 45/77 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
- 45/78 Question of Antarctica
- 45/79 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
- 45/80 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
- 46/13 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference
- 46/19 Zone of peace and cooperation in the South Atlantic
- 46/24 Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States
- 46/26 Compliance with arms limitation and disarmament agreements
- 46/30 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
- 46/31 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
- 46/32 Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
- 46/33 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
- 46/36 General and complete disarmament
- 46/37 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
- 46/41 Question of Antarctica
- 46/42 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
- 46/45 International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space
- 46/49 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
- 46/62 Development and strengthening of good-neighbourliness between States
- 46/73 Questions relating to information
- 46/89 Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination
- 47/10 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe
- 47/11 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States

-
- 47/12 Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States
 - 47/18 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference
 - 47/39 Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction
 - 47/48 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
 - 47/49 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
 - 47/50 Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
 - 47/51 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
 - 47/52 General and complete disarmament
 - 47/53 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
 - 47/54 Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session
 - 47/57 Question of Antarctica
 - 47/58 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
 - 47/59 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
 - 47/60 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
 - 47/61 Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)
 - 47/72 Protection of peacekeeping personnel
 - 47/73 Questions relating to information
 - 47/74 Zone of peace and cooperation in the South Atlantic
 - 47/75 International Peace Conference on the Middle East
 - 47/84 Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination
 - 47/103 International Conference on Central American Refugees
 - 48/19 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe

- 48/21 Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States
- 48/23 Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic
- 48/24 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference
- 48/25 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity
- 48/36 Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization
- 48/42 Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects
- 48/44 Questions relating to information
- 48/62 Reduction of military budgets: transparency of military expenditures
- 48/63 Compliance with arms limitation and disarmament agreements
- 48/67 The role of science and technology in the context of international security, disarmament and other related fields
- 48/70 Comprehensive test-ban treaty
- 48/71 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East
- 48/72 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia
- 48/73 Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons
- 48/74 Prevention of an arms race in outer space
- 48/75 General and complete disarmament
- 48/76 Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly
- 48/80 Question of Antarctica
- 48/81 Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region
- 48/82 Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace
- 48/83 Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security
- 48/84 Maintenance of international security
- 48/85 Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)

-
- 48/86 Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Africa
 - 48/87 Rationalization of the work of the Disarmament and International Security Committee (First Committee)
 - 48/92 Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination
 - 48/124 Respect for the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes
 - 48/125 Strengthening of United Nations action in the human rights field through the promotion of international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity
 - 49/5 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States
 - 49/7 Regional conference on assistance to refugees, returnees and displaced persons in the Great Lakes region
 - 49/13 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe
 - 49/14 Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States
 - 49/15 Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference
 - 49/16 International assistance for the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Nicaragua: aftermath of the war and natural disasters
 - 49/26 Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic