ARTICLE 24

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**ANNEXES**

I. Chronological list of questions considered by the Security Council under its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security

II. Tabulation of various measures provided for in positive decisions adopted by the Security Council in connexion with questions which it has considered under its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security
TEXT OF ARTICLE 24

1. In order to ensure prompt and effective action by the United Nations, its Members confer on the Security Council primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security, and agree that in carrying out its duties under this responsibility the Security Council acts on their behalf.

2. In discharging these duties the Security Council shall act in accordance with the Purposes and Principles of the United Nations. The specific powers granted to the Security Council for the discharge of these duties are laid down in Chapters VI, VII, VIII, and XII.

3. The Security Council shall submit annual and, when necessary, special reports to the General Assembly for its consideration.

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

1. The primary character of the responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security conferred upon the Security Council by Article 24 is also reflected in the terms of Article 11 (2), where it is provided that any question on which action is necessary should be referred to the Security Council by the General Assembly, and in the provisions of Article 12 (1) which, together with those of Articles 10, 11 (2) and 14, limit the authority of the General Assembly in respect of any dispute or situation while the Security Council is exercising the functions assigned to it by the Charter.

2. As stated in the Repertory and its Supplements Nos. 1 and 2, examination of the practice of the United Nations organs in respect of an Article of such broad scope as Article 24 has necessarily been confined to matters which arose only in the proceedings of the Security Council. The practice of the General Assembly in connexion with the maintenance of international peace and security, though relevant to a better understanding of the subject as a whole, is dealt with under the Articles governing the functions and powers of the General Assembly.

3. Article 24 defines the general field of responsibility of the Security Council for the maintenance of international peace and security, but, as indicated in its paragraph 2, other Articles of the Charter set forth the specific powers granted to the Council for the discharge of that responsibility. The Analytical Summary of Practice in this study is therefore limited to the decisions of the Security Council relevant to questions which arose in connexion with the Council's general responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security as distinct from its specific powers.

4. Section C, which, in Supplement No. 2, was entitled “The question of the inability of the Security Council to discharge its primary responsibility under Article 24” is now entitled “The question of the discharge of its primary responsibility under Article 24 by the Security Council”.

5. For reasons explained in the Repertory and its Supplements Nos. 1 and 2, questions considered by the Security Council under its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security as provided for in Article 24 (1) and (2), and the decisions adopted by the Council in connexion with these questions, are presented in this study in the form of two annexes.

6. Annex I contains a list of questions which the Security Council has considered under its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security as provided for in Article 24 (1) and (2), during the period under review. Annex II contains a tabulation of various measures provided for in positive decisions of the Security Council adopted in connexion with questions considered under its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security.

1. See this Supplement, under Articles 10, 11, 12 and 14.
2. For consideration of the provisions of Article 24 in connexion with the financial situation of the Organization and with the question of peace-keeping operations, see this Supplement, under Article 11, paras. 52–59 and 14–93.

I. GENERAL SURVEY

7. During the period under review Article 24 was cited, together with other Articles of the Charter, by Cuba in six of its letters to the Security Council dated 11 July 1960, 31 December 1960, 21 November 1961, 22 February 1962, 8 March 1962, and 22 October 1962, by Cyprus in its complaints...
dated 26 December 1963,9 13 March 196410 and 8 August 1964;11 by the Republic of the Congo (Leopoldville) in its telegram dated 24 January 196112 submitting a complaint against the United Arab Republic; and in the preamble of two draft resolutions submitted to the Security Council. During the consideration of the complaint by Cuba against the United States (letter of 11 July 1960), the representatives of Argentina and Ecuador submitted a draft resolution under the terms of which the Security Council would take into account “the provisions of Articles 24, 33, 34, 35, 36, 52 and 103 of the Charter of the United Nations”. That draft resolution was subsequently adopted13 as resolution 144 (1960). During the consideration of the situation in the Dominican Republic, Article 24 was cited in the preamble of a draft resolution14 submitted by the representative of Uruguay and was also referred to15 in the discussion. The draft resolution as revised was not adopted.16

8. In one case, Article 24 was the subject of constitutional discussion in connexion with the question of whether violations of human rights could be considered as endangering international peace and security. That discussion is dealt with under the heading: “A. The question whether the authority of the Security Council is limited to the exercise of the specific powers laid down in Chapters VI, VII, VIII and XII”. In two other cases statements were made bearing on the provisions of this Article, and they are dealt with under the newly formulated heading, “C. The question of the discharge of its primary responsibility under Article 24 by the Security Council”. In one of those cases, the Security Council, unable to discharge the responsibilities conferred upon it under Article 24 (1) because of lack of unanimity among its permanent members, called an emergency special session of the General Assembly. No material was found for treatment under Articles 52, 53 and 54.

9. Article 24 was also referred to in connexion with the discussion of questions concerning the responsibility of regional agencies or regional arrangements in matters affecting international peace and security, but those questions are dealt with in this Supplement under Articles 52, 53 and 54.

10. Explicit references to Article 24 were made in the Security Council during consideration of the complaint concerning South Africa;17 the complaint by Cuba (letter dated 11 July 1960);18 the complaint by Haiti;19 the complaint by the Government of Cyprus;20 and of the India-Pakistan question,21 and in the General Assembly, during consideration of the situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration22 and the question of race conflict in South Africa.23

11. During the period under review, the International Court of Justice, in its advisory opinion of 20 July 1962 entitled “Certain expenses of the United Nations (Article 17, paragraph 2, of the Charter)”, examined the respective functions of the General Assembly and the Security Council, particularly with respect to the maintenance of international peace and security, and stated:24

“The responsibility conferred is ‘primary’, not exclusive. This primary responsibility is conferred upon the Security Council, as stated in Article 24, ‘in order to ensure prompt and effective action’. To this end, it is the Security Council which is given a power to impose an explicit obligation of compliance if for example it issues an order or command to an aggressor under Chapter VII. It is only the Security Council which can require enforcement by coercive action against an aggressor.”25

12. Article 24 (3), in conjunction with Article 15 (1), places upon the Security Council the obligation to submit annual and, when necessary, special reports to the General Assembly, to render an account of the Council’s discharge of the responsibility conferred upon it by Members for the maintenance of international peace and security. During the period under review, the Security Council submitted its fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-first annual reports, as well as special reports. All the special reports concerned the admission of new Members.26

13. The accepted procedure with regard to the preparation of annual reports, which are factual only, includes the following stages:

(a) Formulation of the first draft by the Secretariat;
(b) Circulation of that draft as a confidential document among the members of the Council;

9 S C, 18th yr., 1036th mtg.: Brazil, paras. 47—50.
10 S C, 19th yr., 1143rd mtg., paras. 174—177. The President (Norway) formally proposed to put a draft resolution to the vote in conformity with the obligations of the Security Council under Article 24. One representative pointed out that the representative of Cyprus had been called to the telephone by his Government and supported a previous proposal that the meeting should be suspended until he returned to his place. The President put his ruling to the vote, and it was upheld by 9 votes to 2.
11 S C, 29th yr., 1242nd mtg.: Uruguay, para. 37.
12 G A (XVIII), 4th Com., 1491st mtg.: Ghana, para. 1; 1495th mtg.: United Arab Republic, para. 2.
14 ICJ, Reports 1962, p. 163.
15 For references to Article 24 in the concurring opinion of Judge Spender, see ibid., p. 188; and in the dissenting opinions of Judges Moreno Quintana, Koretsky and Bustamante, see ibid., pp. 246, 247, 274, 292, 293, 299 and 300.
16 See this Supplement, under Article 4, paras. 7, 9 and 11—15.
(c) Discussion of proposals for changes and submission of observations at a closed meeting of the Council;
(d) Full approval at a closed meeting of the Council, after which the annual report is published as a General Assembly document and submitted for the consideration of the General Assembly.

II. ANALYTICAL SUMMARY OF PRACTICE

A. The question whether the authority of the Security Council is limited to the exercise of the specific powers laid down in Chapters VI, VII, VIII and XII

Decision of 15 March 1961 in connexion with the situation in Angola

15. At its 944th meeting on 10 March 1961, the Security Council included in its agenda a letter dated 20 February 1961 which, inter alia, requested the Security Council “to deal with the crisis in Angola” and “to prevent further deterioration and abuse of human rights and privileges in Angola”. After the adoption of the agenda, the representative of Portugal stated that he considered the inclusion of the item in the agenda of the Council illegal since, under the terms of Article 24(2), the Security Council’s competence was specifically limited to matters referred to in Chapters VI, VII, VIII and XII of the Charter, and none of those Chapters could apply to that case. In support of his contention the representative of Portugal stated that no mention had been made of any dispute between Portugal and another Member State or of the existence of a breach of the peace in the form of aggression against the territorial integrity or political independence of a State. No such charges had been levelled against Portugal. The provisions of Chapters VIII and XII could not be applied since no regional treaty was at stake and the matter did not concern a strategic area under an international régime of trusteeship. Liberia had referred only to violations of human rights which concerned matters within Portugal’s domestic jurisdiction.

16. During the discussion, some representatives held the view that the Council, acting in accordance with Article 24, had primary responsibility not for preventing abuse of human rights but for maintaining international peace and security. Each organ of the United Nations had been entrusted with particular duties and responsibilities by the Charter. Other representatives, however, maintained that any violation of the principles of human rights and self-determination on the scale practised in Angola had to be regarded as directly threatening the relations between States and consequently the maintenance of international peace and security. They added that all available information indicated that a situation was fast developing in Angola which should be a matter of concern to the Security Council.

17. At the 945th meeting on 14 March 1961, Ceylon, Liberia and the United Arab Republic submitted a draft resolution under which the Council would, inter alia, call upon the Government of Portugal to consider urgently the introduction of measures and reforms in Angola for the purpose of implementing General Assembly resolution 1514(XV) of 14 December 1960, with due respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms and in accordance with the Charter.

18. During the discussion of the three-Power draft resolution, one representative stated that its adoption would seem to invite the Security Council wholly to ignore the limitations placed on its jurisdiction by Article 24 and to concern itself with matters which were before the General Assembly and might be raised there again. To proceed with the three-Power draft resolution would mean extending the functions of the Security Council in such a manner as to weaken it in its major task, that of the maintenance of international peace and security. Two other representatives also expressed doubts about any action being taken by the Security Council since its powers were governed by Article 24 and by Chapters VI and VII. They considered that, at that stage of the developments in Angola, there was neither a dispute between two States nor a situation likely to endanger international peace and security. Since the situation really concerned the violation of human rights, they had no doubt about the competence of the United Nations as a whole and, while expressing doubts about the competence of the Security Council, they favoured consideration of the situation in Angola by some other competent organ of the United Nations.

19. Those favouring the adoption of the draft resolution stated that Portugal, through its use of military force, had created a situation which was a serious threat to international peace and security and that the Council could not but uphold the right

27 G.A resolutions 1377 (XIV), 1513 (XV), 1669 (XVI), 1800 (XVII), 1887 (XVIII), 2055 (XX) and 2201 (XXI).
of the people of Angola to self-determination and independence. Moreover, a situation that could endanger world peace need not be a dispute between two Member States.\textsuperscript{34}

**B. The question of the bearing on the primary responsibility of the Security Council of proposals to refer a matter to the General Assembly**

C. The question of the discharge of its primary responsibility under Article 24 by the Security Council

20. On one occasion during the period under review, the Security Council failed to take a decision on a situation involving the maintenance of international peace and security, because of lack of unanimity among its permanent members, and therefore called\textsuperscript{38} an emergency special session of the General Assembly, as provided for in General Assembly resolution 377 A (V), to which specific reference was made in the Council’s decision. On another occasion\textsuperscript{39} in connexion with a proposal to establish a subsidiary organ, the Security Council took action to discharge its primary responsibility with regard to the maintenance of international peace and security.

1. **Decision of 17 September 1960 in connexion with the situation in the Congo**

21. After the failure\textsuperscript{38} of the Security Council to adopt a draft resolution\textsuperscript{39} submitted by Ceylon and Tunisia in connexion with the situation in the Congo, the representative of the United States submitted\textsuperscript{40} a draft resolution at the 906th meeting on 17 September 1960. By that draft resolution the Security Council, taking into account the fact that the lack of unanimity of its permanent members had prevented it from exercising its primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security, would decide to call an emergency special session of the General Assembly to make appropriate recommendations as provided for in General Assembly resolution 377 A (V) of 3 November 1950.

22. In opposition to the United States draft resolution, it was stated that it was not true, as would appear from the second preambular paragraph of the draft resolution, that the Security Council had been prevented from exercising its primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security. The Council had already adopted a number of resolutions on the situation in the Congo which had to be implemented fully. Thus, the United Nations had already carried out its obligations in the Congo situation. Moreover, those who were proposing to convene an emergency special session of the General Assembly had earlier opposed convening the Security Council as a matter of urgency. The General Assembly was going to begin its regular session in two days and would have the situation in the Congo on its agenda. In favour of the draft resolution it was contended that the United Nations must take prompt action to provide military and financial assistance to the Congo and to protect it against attempts at subversion.\textsuperscript{41}

**Decision**

At its 906th meeting on 17 September 1960, the Security Council adopted\textsuperscript{42} the United States draft resolution by 8 votes to 2, with 1 abstention as its resolution 157 (1960).

2. **Decision of 11 June 1963 in connexion with the reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen**

23. By letter\textsuperscript{43} dated 8 June 1963, the representative of the USSR requested a meeting of the Security Council to consider the reports\textsuperscript{44} of the Secretary-General on developments relating to Yemen, “since the reports contain proposals concerning possible measures by the United Nations to maintain international peace and security, on which, under the Charter, decisions are taken by the Security Council”.

24. In his reports, the Secretary-General stated that a disengagement agreement had been reached by the parties concerned and that, pursuant to their request, he would proceed with the organization and dispatch of a United Nations observation mission to Yemen for an initial period of two months, and possibly for four months.

25. At the 1038th meeting of the Security Council on 11 June 1963, the representative of the USSR stated\textsuperscript{45} that the dispatch of the United Nations observers to Yemen directly concerned the whole problem of United Nations action with regard to the maintenance of international peace and security. The USSR would not object if the Security Council, which alone had the competence to take decisions on matters relating to the maintenance of international peace and security, were to decide that a limited
number of United Nations observers should be sent for a period of two months as agreed between the parties concerned.

26. At the same meeting the representatives of Ghana and Morocco submitted a draft resolution which, inter alia, would request the Secretary-General to establish the observation operation as defined by him and to report to the Security Council on its implementation.

Decision

At the 1039th meeting on 11 June 1963, the Security Council adopted the draft resolution submitted by Ghana and Morocco as its resolution 179 (1963), by 10 votes to none, with 1 abstention.

27. After the draft resolution had been adopted, the representative of the USSR stated that his country had consistently taken, and would continue to take, the view that the Security Council, in keeping with the letter and spirit of the Charter, should adopt decisions involving action on behalf of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security only after all aspects of the matter, including the material and financial conditions for the execution of its decisions, had been duly examined. The representative of Ghana stated that one of the overriding reasons for the draft resolution had been the need to emphasize the responsibilities of the Security Council in the matter of peace-keeping in the area under discussion. Moreover, if the observation team had to continue its efforts in the area after the two-month period for which the two parties had agreed to defray the costs, then the Security Council would have to approve of further action in the area. Some other representatives stated that the situation was a unique one which called for a unique solution; therefore it should not be considered as establishing a precedent, leading, in particular, to the assumption that only the Security Council could authorize peace-keeping operations or initiate action to keep the peace.

ANNEX I
Chronological list of questions considered by the Security Council under its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security

1. Report by the Secretary-General on the letter received from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos transmitted by a note from the Permanent Mission of Laos to the United Nations, 4 September 1959 (S/4212 and S/4213 submitted 6 September 1959)
2. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4277 and Add.1) (Complaint concerning South Africa)
3. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4314 and S/4315) (Complaint by the USSR (U-2 incident))
4. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4323)
5. Letter dated 15 June 1960 from the representative of Argentina addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4336) (Complaint by Argentina (Eichmann case))
6. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4378) (Complaint by Cuba)
7. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4381) (Situation in the Republic of the Congo)
   b. Letter dated 8 September 1960 from the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4483)
   c. Letter dated 12 September 1960 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4506)
   d. Urgent measures in connexion with the latest events in the Congo:
      Note by the Secretary-General (S/4571 and Add.1, submitted 5 December 1960)
      Statement dated 6 December 1960 by the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the situation in the Congo (S/4575)
   e. Note by the Secretary-General (S/4606 and Add.1, submitted 1 and 6 January 1961)
   f. Letters dated 4 and 7 January 1961 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4614 and S/4616)
   g. Telegram dated 24 January 1961 from the President of the Republic of the Congo (Leopoldville) and the President of the College of Commissioners-General and Commissioner-General for Foreign Affairs addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4639)
   h. Letter dated 26 January 1961 from the Permanent Representatives of Ceylon, Ghana, Guinea, Mali, Morocco, United Arab Republic and Yugoslavia to the President of the Security Council (S/4643 and S/4650)
   i. Letter dated 29 January 1961 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the President of the Security Council (S/4644)
   j. Report to the Secretary-General from his Special Representative in the Congo regarding Mr. Patrice Lumumba (S/4688 and Add.1 and 2)

The main headings largely follow the titles of items on the agenda of the Security Council. Short titles are included where they help to identify the question. Sub-items are arranged in the chronological order of their inclusion in the Council’s agenda.
k. Letter dated 3 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Ethiopia, Nigeria and Sudan addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4973)

8. Telegram dated 8 September 1960 from the Prime Minister of the Republic of the Congo addressed to the Secretary-General (S/4886) (Complaint by the Republic of the Congo)

9. Cable dated 13 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General (S/4384, S/4385, S/4406 and S/4409) (Complaint by the USSR (RB-47 incident))

10. Letter dated 5 September 1960 from the First Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4477) (Action of the OAS relating to the Dominican Republic)

11. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Relations of Cuba (S/4605) (Complaint by Cuba)

12. Letter dated 20 February 1961 from the representative of Liberia addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4738) (Situation in Angola)

13. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroun, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, United Arab Republic, Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia (S/4816 and Add.1 and 2) (Situation in Angola)

14. The Palestine question:
   a. Letter dated 1 April 1961 from the Permanent Representative of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4777)
   b. Letter dated 20 March 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5096)
   c. Letter dated 21 March 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Israel addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5098)
   d. Letter dated 20 August 1963 from the Acting Permanent Representative of Israel addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5394)
   e. Letter dated 21 August 1963 from the Acting Permanent Representative of Israel addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5396)
   f. Letter dated 21 August 1963 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5395)
   g. Letter dated 14 November 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6044)
   h. Letter dated 15 November 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Israel addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6046)
   i. Letter dated 21 July 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/7419)
   j. Letter dated 22 July 1966 from the Permanent Representative of Israel addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/7423)

15. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security (S/4844 and S/4845, submitted 1 July 1961)

Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security (S/4847, submitted 2 July 1961)

16. Telegram dated 20 July 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Tunisia (S/4861); letter dated 20 July 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4862) (Complaint by Tunisia)

17. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/4902) (Complaint by Cuba)

18. Letter dated 18 December 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Portugal addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5030) (Complaint by Portugal (Goa))

19. The India-Pakistan question:
   a. Letter dated 11 January 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Pakistan addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5038)
   b. Letter dated 16 January 1962 from the Permanent Representative of India addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5060)
   c. Letter dated 29 January 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Pakistan addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5068)
   d. Letter dated 16 January 1964 from the Minister for External Affairs of Pakistan addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5517)
   e. Letter dated 24 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of India addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5522)
   f. Telegrams dated 1 September 1965 from the Secretary-General addressed to the Prime Minister of India and the President of Pakistan (S/6647)

   g. Report of the Secretary-General on the current situation in Kashmir with particular reference to the cease-fire agreement, the cease-fire line and the functioning of the United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan (S/6651, submitted 3 September 1965)

   h. Preliminary report of the Secretary-General on his visits to the Governments of India and Pakistan (S/6683, submitted 16 September 1965)

   i. Reports of the Secretary-General on his efforts to give effect to Security Council resolutions 211 (1965) and 210 (1965) (S/6699 and Add.1—11, submitted 21 September, 1, 4, 5 and 14 October, 3 and 15 December 1965)

   j. Reports of the Secretary-General on the observance of the cease-fire under Security Council resolution 211 (1965) of 20 September 1965 (S/6710 and Add.1—14, submitted 25 September, 7, 18, 23 and 30 October, 4, 13, 24 and 30 December 1965)

   k. Letter dated 22 October 1965 from the Permanent Representative of Pakistan addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6821)

   l. Reports of the Secretary-General on withdrawals (S/6719 and Add.1—4, submitted 27 September, 5, 14 and 22 October and 25 November 1965)

20. Letter dated 8 March 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5086) (Concerning the Punta del Este decisions)

21. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5181) (Complaint by the United States)
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Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5183) (Complaint by Cuba)

Letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5186) (Complaint by the USSR)

22. Letter dated 10 April 1963 from the Chargé d’affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Senegal addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5279 and Corr.1) (Complaint by Senegal)

23. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5302) (Complaint by Haiti)

24. Reports of the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen (S/5298, S/5321, S/5323 and S/5325 submitted 29 April, 27 May, 3 and 7 June 1963)

25. The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:

a. Letter dated 11 July 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic and Upper Volta (S/5347)

b. Report by the Secretary-General in pursuance of the resolution adopted by the Security Council at its 1049th meeting on 31 July 1963 (S/5448 and Add.1—3, submitted 31 October, 19 and 22 November and 4 December 1963)

c. Letter dated 13 November 1963 from the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic and Upper Volta addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5460)

d. Letter dated 28 July 1965 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of thirty-two Member States* (S/6385)

e. Letter dated 15 October 1965 from the representatives of Liberia, Madagascar, Sierra Leone and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6791)

26. The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa:

a. Letter dated 11 July 1963 from the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic and Upper Volta addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5348)*

i. Report by the Secretary-General in pursuance of the resolution adopted by the Security Council at its 1056th meeting on 7 August 1963 (S/5438 and Add. 1—6, submitted 11, 22 and 30 October, 8, 20 and 26 November and 23 December 1963)

ii. Letter dated 23 October 1963 from the representatives of Algeria, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic and Upper Volta addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5444 and Add.1)

b. Letter dated 27 April 1964 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burma, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Mauritania, Mongolia, Morocco, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tanganyika, Thailand, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Republic, Upper Volta, Yemen and Zanzibar addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5674)

c. Report by the Secretary-General in pursuance of the resolution adopted by the Security Council at its 1078th meeting on 4 December 1963 (S/5638 and Add.1—3, submitted 20 and 21 April, 6 May and 8 June 1964)

d. Reports of the Special Committee on the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa (S/5621 and S/5717) submitted 25 March and 25 May 1964)

27. The situation in Southern Rhodesia:

a. Letter dated 2 August 1963 from the representatives of Ghana, Guinea, Morocco and the United Arab Republic addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5382), and letter dated 30 August 1963 from the Chargé d’affaires of the Permanent Mission of the Congo (Brazzaville) addressed to the President of the Security Council on behalf of the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda and Upper Volta (S/5409)*

b. Letter dated 21 April 1965 addressed to the President of the Security Council from the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanganyika, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic, United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta and Zambia (S/5629 and S/5717)

b. The title of the item was subsequently changed to read: “The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa: letter dated 11 July 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of thirty-two Member States* (S/5347)”

c. The title of the item was subsequently changed to read: “The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa: letter dated 11 July 1963 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of thirty-two Member States* (S/5348)”

c. The title of the item was subsequently changed to read: “Question concerning the situation in Southern Rhodesia: letters dated 2 and 30 August addressed to the President of the Security Council on behalf of thirty-two Member States (S/5382 and S/5409)”
c. Letter dated 10 November 1965 from the President of the General Assembly addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6897)

d. Letter dated 11 November 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6896)

e. Letter dated 11 November 1965 addressed to the President of the Security Council by representatives of thirty-five Member States (S/6902)

f. Letter dated 11 November 1965 addressed to the President of the Security Council by representatives of twenty-two Member States (S/6903)

g. Letter dated 11 November 1965 from the President of the General Assembly to the President of the Security Council (S/6908)

h. Letter dated 7 April 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/7235)

i. Letter dated 10 May 1966 from the representatives of Algeria, Burundi, Cameroon, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Congo (Democratic Republic of), Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Liberia, Libya, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, United Republic of Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic, Upper Volta and Zambia addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/7285 and Add.1 and 2)

28. Letter dated 26 December 1963 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5488) (Complaint by Cyprus)

a. Letter dated 15 February 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5543)

b. Letter dated 15 February 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5544)

c. Letter dated 13 March 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5598)


e. Letter dated 8 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5859)

f. Letter dated 8 August 1964 from the Chargé d'affaires a. i. of Cyprus addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5861)

g. Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/5950 and Add.1 and Add.2, submitted 10, 11 and 15 September 1964)

h. Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/6102, submitted 12 December 1964)


k. Letter dated 30 July 1965 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6571)

l. Letter dated 5 December 1965 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6531)

m. Letter dated 4 November 1965 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6877)

n. Report of the Secretary-General on the situation in Cyprus (S/6881 and Add.1 and 2, submitted 5 and 6 November 1965)

o. Reports of the Secretary-General (S/6954 and S/7001, submitted 19 November and 10 December 1965)


q. Report of the Secretary-General (S/7350 and Add.1, submitted 10 and 16 June 1966)

29. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5509) (Complaint by Panama)

30. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yemen, Chargé d'affaires a. i. addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5635) (Complaint by Yemen)

31. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia (S/5697, submitted 13 May 1964) (Complaint by Cambodia)

32. Letter dated 4 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5849) (Complaint by the United States)

33. Letter dated 3 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5930) (Complaint by Malaysia)

34. Letter dated 5 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5934); letter dated 8 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5941) (Complaint by Greece)

Letter dated 6 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/5935) (Complaint by Turkey)

35. The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:

a. Letter dated 1 December 1964 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Republic, United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta and Zambia

b. Letter dated 9 December 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Democratic Republic of the Congo addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6096)

36. Letter dated 1 May 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6316) (Situation in the Dominican Republic)

37. Letter dated 7 May 1965 from the representative of Senegal addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/6338) (Complaint by Senegal)

38. Letter dated 31 January 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to
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the President of the Security Council (S/7105) (Complaint by the United States)

39. Letter dated 2 August 1966 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/7442) (Complaint by the United Kingdom concerning Yemen)

ANNEX II

Tabulation of various measures provided for in positive decisions adopted by the Security Council in connexion with questions which it considered under its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security

I. Preliminary measures for the elucidation of fact

A. Appointment of a sub-committee to examine evidence and conduct inquiries

Report by the Secretary-General relating to Laos:
Decision of 7 September 1959 (resolution 132 (1959))

B. Request to the Secretary-General to submit reports

The Palestine question:
Request to the Secretary-General to submit two reports based on information supplied to him by the Chief of Staff of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization in Palestine under two items on the Council’s agenda
Decisions of 25 July 1966

C. The holding of an investigation

The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 (1961), paragraph 4)

D. Request for information from parties to questions under consideration

Complaint by the United States (Tonkin Gulf incident)
Decision: President’s statement of 7 August 1964 (1141st meeting, paragraphs 22 and 23)

II. Determination of the nature of the question

A. Determination of the existence of a dispute or situation the continuance of which is likely to endanger international peace and security

(i) Complaint concerning South Africa (letter of 25 March 1960):
Decision of 1 April 1960 (resolution 134 (1960), paragraph 1)

(ii) Complaint by Argentina (Eichmann case):
Decision of 23 June 1960 (resolution 138 (1960), paragraph 1)

(iii) The situation in Angola:
Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), preamble)

(iv) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
Decision of 31 July 1963 (resolution 180 (1963), paragraph 4)

(v) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), preamble)
Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), preamble)
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), preamble)

(vi) Complaint by Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), preamble)

B. Determination of the existence of a threat to the peace, breach of the peace or act of aggression

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 9 April 1966 (resolution 221 (1966), paragraph 1)
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 332 (1966), paragraph 1)

III. Injunctions to Governments and authorities involved in hostilities

A. Precautionary action

(i) Complaint by Senegal:
Decision of 24 April 1963 (resolution 178 (1963), paragraph 2)
Decision of 19 May 1965 (resolution 204 (1965), paragraph 3)

(ii) Reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen:
Decision of 11 June 1963 (resolution (1963), paragraph 2)

(iii) Complaint by the United Kingdom concerning Yemen
Decision: President’s statement of 16 August 1966 (1300th meeting, paragraph 2)

B. Cessation of hostilities

(i) Complaint by Tunisia:
Decision of 22 July 1961 (resolution 164 (1961), paragraph 1)

(ii) The Palestine question:
Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), preamble and paragraph 5)

(iii) Complaint by Panama:
Decision: President’s appeal of 10 January 1964 (1086 meeting, paragraph 108)

(iv) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision: President’s appeal of 9 August 1964 (1143rd meeting, paragraph 13)
Decision of 9 August 1964 (resolution 193 (1964), paragraph 2)

(v) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), paragraph 2)

(vi) The situation in the Dominican Republic:
Decision of 14 May 1965 (resolution 203 (1965), paragraph 1)
Decision of 22 May 1965 (resolution 205 (1965), paragraph 1)

* It has no longer been found practical to follow all the headings and subheadings used in previous studies. No attempt has been made to follow the system of double asterisks to indicate headings in respect of which no new material has been found for the period under review.
A. Withdrawal of fighting personnel

(i) Complaint by Tunisia:
Decision of 22 July 1961 (resolution 164 (1961), paragraph 3)

(ii) The India-Pakistan question:
Decision of 4 September 1965 (resolution 209 (1965), paragraphs 1 and 2)
Decision of 6 September 1965 (resolution 210 (1965), paragraph 1)
Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), preamble and paragraph 1)
Decision: President's statement of 22 September 1965 (1244th meeting, paragraphs 49 and 50)
Decision of 27 September 1965 (resolution 214 (1965))
Decision of 5 November 1965 (resolution 215 (1965), preamble and paragraph 2)

C. Establishment and maintenance of an armistice
The Palestine question:
Decision of 11 April 1961 (resolution 162 (1961), preamble and paragraphs 1, 2 and 3)
Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), preamble)

D. Measures to stop violence and bloodshed and for the maintenance and restoration of law and order
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 2)

IV. Measures in connexion with injunctions to be taken by the Governments and authorities directly involved in hostilities

A. Withdrawal of fighting personnel

(i) Complaint by Tunisia:
Decision of 22 July 1961 (resolution 164 (1961), paragraph 1)

(ii) The India-Pakistan question:
Decision of 4 September 1965 (resolution 209 (1965), paragraph 2)
Decision of 6 September 1965 (resolution 210 (1965), paragraph 1)
Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), paragraph 1)
Decision of 27 September 1965 (resolution 214 (1965), preamble)
Decision of 5 November 1965 (resolution 215 (1965), paragraph 3)

E. Avoidance of actions likely to increase tensions between the parties

(i) Complaint by Cuba (letter of 11 July 1960):
Decision of 19 July 1960 (resolution 144 (1960), paragraph 3)

(ii) Reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen:
Decision of 11 June 1963 (resolution 179 (1963), paragraph 2)

(iii) Complaint by Panama:
Decision: President's appeal of 10 January 1964 (1086th meeting, paragraph 108)

(iv) Complaint by Yemen:
Decision of 9 April 1964 (resolution 188 (1964), paragraph 4)

(v) Complaint by Cambodia:
Decision of 4 June 1964 (resolution 189 (1964), preamble and paragraph 3)

C. Cessation of flights over the territory of another State in violation of its sovereignty
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision: President's statement of 11 August 1964 (1143rd meeting, paragraph 358)

D. Co-operation of parties with Secretary-General in drawing up an agreement on withdrawal of armed personnel
The India-Pakistan question:
Decision of 5 November 1965 (resolution 215 (1965), paragraph 3)

V. Measures in connexion with injunctions to be taken by other Governments and authorities

A. Prevention of supply of war materials or means for their manufacture

(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 1)

(ii) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), paragraph 6)

(iii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), paragraph 3)
Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), paragraphs 5)

(iv) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 9 April 1966 (resolution 221 (1966), paragraphs 2, 3 and 5 — 7)
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraphs 2, 3 and 5 — 7)

B. Avoidance of actions impeding the exercise of governmental authority and undermining the territorial integrity and political independence of a State

(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 22 July 1960 (resolution 145 (1960), paragraph 2)

(ii) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), preamble and paragraph 1)

(iii) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), paragraph 1)

C. Prevention of departure and denial of transit to fighting and certain other personnel not under United Nations Command
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 3)

D. Avoidance of support to activities against the United Nations
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraph 7)

E. Avoidance of actions likely to increase tensions between the parties

(i) Complaint by Cuba (letter of 11 July 1960):
Decision of 19 July 1960 (resolution 144 (1960), paragraph 3)

(ii) Reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen:
Decision of 11 June 1963 (resolution 179 (1963), paragraph 2)

(iii) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 1)
Decision of 9 August 1964 (resolution 193 (1964), paragraph 4)
Decision of 10 August 1965 (resolution 207 (1965), paragraph 2)
Decision of 16 March 1966 (resolution 220 (1966), paragraph 2)
Decision of 16 June 1966 (resolution 222 (1966), paragraph 2)

(iv) The India-Pakistan question:
Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), paragraph 3)
F. Withdrawal of assistance, including supply of arms which would enable a Government to continue repressive actions in a Non-Self-Governing Territory

(i) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
Decision of 31 July 1963 (resolution 180 (1963), paragraphs 6)
Decision of 11 December 1963 (resolution 183 (1963), paragraph 2)
Decision of 23 November 1963 (resolution 218 (1965), paragraphs 6)

(ii) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 12 November 1965 (resolution 216 (1965), paragraph 2)
Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), paragraphs 8 and 9)
Decision of 9 April 1966 (resolution 221 (1966), paragraphs 4 and 5)
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraphs 2, 3 and 5—7)

G. Prevention of the supply of oil or oil products to a Non-Self-Governing Territory by all Member States

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 2 (f))

H. Prevention by all Member States of any activities by their nationals or in their territories promoting the supply of aircraft and motor vehicles, their shipment to a Non-Self-Governing Territory and their manufacture or assembly therein

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 2 (e))

I. Prevention by all Member States of shipment in vessels or aircraft of their registration of designated commodities originating in a Non-Self-Governing Territory

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 2 (c))

J. Prevention by all Member States of any activities of their nationals or in their territories promoting the sale or shipment to a Non-Self-Governing Territory of arms, ammunition and military equipment and material for the manufacture of arms and ammunition in that territory

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 2 (d))

K. Prevention by all Member States of the import into their territories of designated commodities from a Non-Self-Governing Territory

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 2 (a))

L. Prevention by all Member States of any activities of their nationals or in their territories promoting the export of designated commodities from a Non-Self-Governing Territory including any dealings in those commodities exported therefrom

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 2 (b))

M. Calling upon all States not to render financial or economic aid to an illegal régime in a Non-Self-Governing Territory

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 5)

N. Calling upon the Government of a Member State not to permit pumping of oil to and not to receive oil destined for a Non-Self-Governing Territory

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 9 April 1966 (resolution 221 (1966), paragraphs 2 and 3)

O. Calling upon the Government of an administering Power to prevent, by the use of force if necessary, arrival, at a designated port, of vessels carrying oil destined for a Non-Self-Governing Territory

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 9 April 1966 (resolution 221 (1966), paragraph 5)

P. Avoidance of actions contrary to the policies and purposes of the United Nations

The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraph 11)

Q. Compliance with a decision of the Council in accordance with Article 25

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 6)

R. Compliance with a decision of the Council in accordance with Articles 25 and 49 of the Charter

The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 9 August 1960 (resolution 146 (1960), paragraph 5)

S. Reminder that failure or refusal to implement decisions of the Council would constitute a violation of Article 25

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 7)

U. Non-recognition of a régime

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 12 November 1965 (resolution 216 (1965), paragraph 2)
Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), paragraphs 4 and 5)

V. Request for assistance to a regional organization

The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), paragraph 5)

VI. Measures for settlement

A. Compliance with the Purposes and Principles of the Charter

(i) Complaint concerning South Africa (letter of 25 March 1960):
Decision of 1 April 1960 (resolution 134 (1960), preamble and paragraph 5)

(ii) Letter of 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia:
Decision of 27 May 1960 (resolution 135 (1960), paragraphs 1 and 2)

(iii) Complaint by Argentina (Eichmann case):
Decision of 23 June 1960 (resolution 138 (1960), paragraph 2)

(iv) Complaint by Cuba (letter of 31 December 1960):
Decision: President’s statement of 5 January 1961 (932nd meeting, paragraph 178)

(v) The Palestine question:
Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), paragraph 1)
D. Calling for measures to promote the granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples

(i) The situation in Angola:
Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), preamble)

(ii) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
Decision of 31 July 1963 (resolution 180 (1963), paragraph 5)

E. Procedures of pacific settlement, advised or recommended
1. Direct negotiations:
(i) Letter of 25 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia:
Decision of 27 May 1960 (resolution 135 (1960), paragraphs 1 and 4)

(ii) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), paragraph 5 (d))

2. Resort to regional agencies or arrangements:
(i) Complaint by Cuba (letter of 11 July 1960):
Decision of 19 July 1960 (resolution 144 (1960), paragraphs 1 and 2)

(ii) Letter of 5 September 1960 from the USSR (Action of the OAS relating to Dominican Republic):
Decision of 9 September 1960 (resolution 156 (1960), preamble)

(iii) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble and paragraphs 4, 5 and 6)

(iv) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), paragraph 10)

3. Good offices, mediation and conciliation:
(i) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 7)

(ii) Complaint by Yemen:
Decision of 25 September 1964 (resolution 194 (1964), preamble)

(iii) Complaint by the United Kingdom concerning Yemen:
Decision: President's statement of 16 August 1966 (1300th meeting, paragraph 2)

F. Provisions bearing on issues of substance, including terms of settlement
1. Evacuation of foreign troops
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 14 July 1960 (resolution 143 (1960), paragraph 1)

Decision of 22 July 1960 (resolution 145 (1960), paragraph 1)

Decision of 9 August 1960 (resolution 146 (1960), preamble and paragraph 2)

2. Measures for evacuation of certain foreign personnel not under the United Nations Command
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 2)

3. Request that appropriate compensation be made
(i) Complaint by Argentina (Eichmann case):
Decision of 23 June 1960 (resolution 138 (1960), paragraph 2)

(ii) Complaint by Cambodia:
Decision of 4 June 1964 (resolution 189 (1964), paragraph 2)

4. Request to parties concerned to observe fully the terms of disengagement
Reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen:
Decision of 11 June 1963 (resolution 179 (1963), paragraph 2)

5. Convening of Parliament
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 B (1961), preamble and paragraph 1)
6. Convening of a constitutional conference
   The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
   Decision of 6 May 1965 (resolution 202 (1965), paragraphs 2 and 6)

7. Reorganization of armed units and personnel
   The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
   Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 B (1961), paragraph 2)

8. Release of political prisoners
   (i) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
       Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), paragraph 2)
       Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), paragraph 4)
       Decision of 9 June 1964 (resolution 190 (1964), paragraph 1 (c))
       Decision of 10 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 4 (b))
   (ii) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
        Decision of 6 May 1965 (resolution 202 (1965), second preambular paragraph, subparagraph (a))
   (iii) The situation in Angola:
         Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), paragraphs 1 and 3)
   (iv) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
        Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), paragraphs 1 and 2)
   (v) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
       Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), preamble)
       Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), preamble and paragraph 3)
       Decision of 9 June 1964 (resolution 190 (1964), preamble and paragraph 1)
   (v) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
       Decision of 6 May 1965 (resolution 202 (1965), preamble)
       Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), paragraph 7)

10. Renunciation of death sentences
    The question of race conflict in South Africa:
        Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), paragraph 1 (a))
        Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 4 (a))

11. Withdrawal of mercenaries
    The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
        Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), paragraph 3)

G. Consideration of the possibility of assistance toward settlement of political problems after implementation of cease-fire call
   The India-Pakistan question:
   Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), paragraph 4)

H. Expression of concern over aggravation of situation
   (i) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
       Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)
   (ii) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
       Decision of 6 May 1965 (resolution 202 (1965), preamble)
   (iii) The situation in the Dominican Republic:
       Decision of 22 May 1965 (resolution 205 (1965), preamble)
   (iv) The India-Pakistan question:
       Decision of 4 September 1965 (resolution 209 (1965), preamble)

I. Denunciation of declaration of independence by a minority regime in a Non-Self-Governing Territory
   The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
   Decision of 12 November 1965 (resolution 216 (1965), paragraph 1)
   Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), preamble and paragraph 3)

J. Recognition of the legitimacy of the struggle of a people of a Non-Self-Governing Territory to secure the enjoyment of their rights to freedom and independence as set forth in the Charter
   The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
   Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 4)

K. Request to all States and authorities for recognition and respect of neutrality and territorial integrity of a State
    Complaint by Cambodia:
    Decision of 4 June 1964 (resolution 189 (1964), paragraph 4)

L. Deprecation of actions incompatible with the Purposes and Principles of the Charter
    (i) Complaint by Yemen:
        Decision of 9 April 1964 (resolution 188 (1964), preamble and paragraph 1)
    (ii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
        Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), preamble and paragraph 1)

M. Deprecation of events affecting a situation
    (i) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
        Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)
    (ii) The situation in the Dominican Republic:
        Decision of 14 May 1965 (resolution 203 (1965), preamble)

VII. Measures to promote the implementation of resolutions of the Security Council

A. Establishment or employment of subsidiary organs
   1. For investigation
      The situation in Angola:
      Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), paragraph 2)
   2. For examination of methods of resolving a situation in a Member State
      The question of race conflict in South Africa:
      Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), paragraph 6)
   3. For observation or supervision in connexion with the ending of hostilities
      (i) Reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen:
          Decision of 11 June 1963 (resolution 179 (1963), paragraph 1)
      (ii) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
          Decision: President's statement of 11 August 1964 (1143rd meeting, paragraph 358)
      (iii) The India-Pakistan question:
          Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), paragraph 2)
4. For mediation between the parties to promote a peaceful solution and an agreed settlement
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 7)

5. For prevention of recurrence of hostilities and contribution to the maintenance and restoration of law and order
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraphs 4 and 5)

6. For consideration of measures to prevent recurrence of incidents in the territory of a Member State
Complaint by Cambodia:
Decision of 4 June 1964 (resolution 189 (1964), paragraph 5)

7. For study of feasibility, effectiveness and implications of measures to be taken by the Council
The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraphs 8, 9 and 10)

8. For reporting to the Security Council on the situation in the territory of a Member State
The situation in the Dominican Republic:
Decision of 14 May 1965 (resolution 203 (1965), paragraph 2)

B. Endorsement of decisions of subsidiary organs
(i) The Palestine question:
Decision of 11 April 1961 (resolution 162 (1961), paragraph 1)
(ii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), preamble, paragraphs 3 and 5)

C. Calling upon the parties to co-operate fully with subsidiary organs
(i) The Palestine question:
Decision of 11 April 1961 (resolution 162 (1961), paragraph 2)
Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), paragraph 4)
(ii) The situation in Angola:
Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), preamble and paragraphs 1 and 3)
(iii) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 9 August 1964 (resolution 193 (1964), paragraph 3)
Decision of 19 March 1965 (resolution 201 (1965), paragraph 3)
Decision of 15 June 1965 (resolution 206 (1965), paragraph 3)
Decision: President's statement of 11 August 1964 (1143rd meeting, paragraph 358)
(iv) The situation in the Dominican Republic:
Decision of 14 May 1965 (resolution 203 (1965), paragraph 3)
(v) The India-Pakistan question:
Decision of 4 September 1965 (resolution 209 (1965), paragraph 3)

D. Invitation to the Government of a Member State to avail itself of the assistance of a subsidiary organ
(i) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), paragraph 7)
(ii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 7)

E. Observation of a situation by the President
(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision: President's statement of 22 August 1960 (889th meeting, paragraphs 144 and 145)
(ii) The India-Pakistan question:
Decision: President's statement of 1 February 1962 (990th meeting, paragraphs 113—115)

F. Employment of a United Nations Force, determination of its duration of stationing and the mode of its financing
1. Entry into a territory
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 9 August 1960 (resolution 146 (1960), paragraph 3)

2. Limitation of powers
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 9 August 1960 (resolution 146 (1960), paragraph 4)

3. Deprecation of armed action against United Nations forces
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraph 2)

4. Duration of stationing of the United Nations Force
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 6)
Decision of 20 June 1964 (resolution 192 (1964), paragraph 4)
Decision of 23 September 1964 (resolution 194 (1964), paragraph 3)
Decision of 18 December 1964 (resolution 198 (1964), paragraph 4)
Decision of 19 March 1965 (resolution 201 (1965), paragraph 5)
Decision of 15 June 1965 (resolution 206 (1965), paragraph 5)
Decision of 17 December 1965 (resolution 219 (1965), paragraph 2)
Decision of 16 March 1966 (resolution 220 (1966), paragraph 3)
Decision of 16 June 1966 (resolution 222 (1966), paragraph 3)

5. Financing of United Nations Force
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 6)

G. Authorization to the Secretary-General
1. To provide a Government with military assistance
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 14 July 1960 (resolution 143 (1960), paragraph 2)

2. To evacuate military forces
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 22 July 1960 (resolution 145 (1960), paragraph 1)
Decision of 9 August 1960 (resolution 146 (1960), paragraph 1)

3. To take necessary measures including the use of force to arrest and/or deport certain personnel, military or other, not under the United Nations Command
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 21 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraph 4)
Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraph 4)

4. To prevent entry or return of certain personnel, military or other, not under the United Nations Command and also of arms and other war material
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraph 5)
5. To make arrangements in consultation with the Government involved to uphold the Purposes and Principles of the Charter
Complaint concerning South Africa (letter dated 25 March 1960):
   Decision of 1 April 1960 (resolution 134 (1960), paragraph 5)

6. To establish a Peace-keeping Force and to appoint its Commander
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
   Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 4)

7. To appoint a mediator
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
   Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 7)

8. To provide for expenses of mediation
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
   Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 8)

9. To use his good offices for settlement of outstanding issues
Complaint by Yemen:
   Decision of 9 April 1964 (resolution 188 (1964), paragraph 5)

10. To consider possible United Nations assistance in implementing the Council's recommendation
The question of race conflict in South Africa:
   Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 6)

11. To establish an educational and training programme
The question of race conflict in South Africa:
   Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 11)

12. To send a representative to a Member State to report on the situation
The situation in the Dominican Republic:
   Decision of 14 May 1965 (resolution 203 (1965), paragraph 2)

13. To assist in the supervision of a cease-fire and withdrawal of armed personnel
The India-Pakistan question:
   Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), paragraph 2)

14. To strengthen a subsidiary body
The India-Pakistan question:
   Decision of 6 September 1965 (resolution 210 (1965), paragraph 2)

15. To request urgent efforts by his representative in securing immediate suspension of hostilities
The situation in the Dominican Republic:
   Decision: President's statement of 19 May 1965 (121st meeting, paragraphs 21–25)

16. To exert efforts to ensure implementation
(i) The India-Pakistan question:
   Decision of 6 September 1965 (resolution 210 (1965), paragraph 2)
   Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), paragraph 5)
(ii) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
   Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), paragraph 8)

17. To report to the Security Council by a certain date on progress in implementing one of its resolutions
The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
   Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 9)

H. Endorsement of reports of the Secretary-General and appreciation of his efforts in implementing resolutions
(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
   Decision of 22 July 1960 (resolution 145 (1960), paragraph 3)
(ii) Reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen:
   Decision of 11 June 1963 (resolution 179 (1963), preamble)
(iii) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
   Decision of 20 June 1964 (resolution 192 (1964), preamble)
   Decision of 25 September 1964 (resolution 194 (1964), preamble)
   Decision of 10 December 1964 (resolution 198 (1964), preamble)
   Decision of 19 March 1965 (resolution 201 (1965), preamble)
   Decision of 15 June 1965 (resolution 206 (1965), preamble)
(iv) The India-Pakistan question:
   Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), preamble)

I. Calling upon Member States of the United Nations and members of specialized agencies to report to the Secretary-General measures taken in accordance with a specified provision of a decision
The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
   Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 8)

J. Measures to prevent the occurrence of civil war, including the use of force, if necessary
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
   Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 1)

K. Investigation and punishment of perpetrators of crimes
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
   Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraph 4)

L. Support to a Government to maintain law and order and national integrity
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
   Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), paragraphs 9 and 10)

M. Action to maintain territorial integrity and political independence, and end secessionist activities
The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
   Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), fourth preambular paragraph, subparagraph (a) and paragraphs 1, 3 and 8)

N. Expression of concern over military actions and incursions into foreign territories
(i) Complaint by Senegal:
   Decision of 24 April 1963 (resolution 178 (1963), paragraph 1)
   Decision of 19 May 1965 (resolution 204 (1965), paragraph 1)
(ii) Complaint by Yemen:
   Decision of 9 April 1964 (resolution 188 (1964), preamble and paragraphs 2 and 3)
(iii) Complaint by Cambodia:
   Decision of 4 June 1964 (resolution 189 (1964), preamble and paragraph 1)

O. Expression of concern over breakdown of cease-fire
The India-Pakistan question:
   Decision of 27 September 1965 (resolution 214 (1965), preamble)
P. Determining that certain action constituted a violation of a call by Security-Council for cease-fire

The Palestine question:

Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), paragraphs 2 and 3)

Q. Measures to obtain compliance

1. Reaffirmation of previous decisions

(a) of the Security Council:

(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:

Decision of 9 August 1960 (resolution 146 (1960), preamble and paragraph 1)

Decision: President's statement of 10 September 1960 (897th meeting, paragraphs 82–85)

Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 5)

Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), preamble and paragraph 4)

(ii) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:

Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), paragraph 2)

(iii) The situation of race conflict in South Africa:

Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), preamble and paragraph 2)

Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), preamble and paragraphs 1 and 4)

Decision of 9 June 1964 (resolution 190 (1964), preamble)

Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), preamble and paragraph 12)

(iv) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:

Decision of 11 December 1963 (resolution 183 (1963), preamble)

Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), preamble)

(v) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:

Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)

(vi) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:

Decision of 13 March 1964 (resolution 187 (1964), preamble and paragraph 1)

Decision of 20 June 1964 (resolution 192 (1964), paragraph 1)

Decision of 9 August 1964 (resolution 193 (1964), preamble and paragraph 1)

Decision of 23 September 1964 (resolution 194 (1964), paragraph 1)

Decision of 18 December 1964 (resolution 198 (1964), paragraph 1)

Decision of 19 March 1965 (resolution 201 (1965), paragraph 1)

Decision of 15 June 1965 (resolution 206 (1965), paragraph 1)

Decision of 10 August 1965 (resolution 207 (1965), paragraph 1)

Decision of 17 December 1965 (resolution 219 (1965), paragraph 1)

Decision of 16 March 1966 (resolution 220 (1966), paragraph 1)

Decision of 16 June 1966 (resolution 222 (1966), paragraph 1)

(vii) Complaint by Senegal:

Decision of 19 May 1965 (resolution 204 (1965), paragraph 2)

(viii) The situation in the Dominican Republic:

Decision of 22 May 1965 (resolution 205 (1965), preamble)

(ix) The India-Pakistan question:

Decision of 27 September 1965 (resolution 214 (1965), preamble)

Decision of 5 November 1965 (resolution 215 (1965), paragraph 1)

(x) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:

Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), paragraph 2)

Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), preamble)

(b) of the General Assembly:

(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:

Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 5)

Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), preamble)

Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)

(ii) The situation in Angola:

Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), paragraph 1)

(iii) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:

Decision of 11 December 1963 (resolution 183 (1963), paragraph 4)

Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), preamble)

(iv) The situation of race conflict in South Africa:

Decision of 9 June 1964 (resolution 190 (1964), preamble)

(v) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:

Decision of 6 May 1965 (resolution 202 (1965), preamble)

Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), paragraph 2)

(vi) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:

Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)

2. Request for compliance with previous resolutions

(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:

Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 5)

Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), preamble)

Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)

(ii) The situation in Angola:

Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), paragraph 1)

(iii) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:

Decision of 11 December 1963 (resolution 183 (1963), paragraph 4)

Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), preamble)

(iv) The situation of race conflict in South Africa:

Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), paragraph 2)

(iii) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:

Decision of 11 December 1963 (resolution 183 (1963), paragraph 4)

Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), preamble)

(v) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:

Decision of 6 May 1965 (resolution 202 (1965), preamble)

Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), paragraph 2)

(vi) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:

Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)

Decision of 21 February 1961 (resolution 161 A (1961), paragraph 5)

Decision of 24 November 1961 (resolution 169 (1961), preamble)

Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), preamble)

Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), preamble)
(v) The India-Pakistan question:
Decision of 27 September 1965 (resolution 214 (1965), preamble)
Decision of 5 November 1965 (resolution 215 (1965), preamble)

3. Reaffirmation that to the extent not superseded in a current resolution, measures provided for in a previous resolution as well as those initiated by Member States in its implementation will continue in effect
The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), preamble)

4. Expression of concern over non-implementation of specific measures requested by the Security Council
(i) The Palestine question:
Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), preamble)
(ii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), preamble)
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), preamble)

5. Deprecation of continued refusal to implement the resolutions of the Security Council
(i) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
Decision of 31 July 1963 (resolution 180 (1963), paragraph 3)
(ii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), paragraph 3)

6. Request to the Secretary-General to exert efforts towards implementation of previous resolutions
(i) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 13 March 1964 (resolution 187 (1964), preamble and paragraph 2)
(ii) The India-Pakistan question:
Decision of 6 September 1965 (resolution 210 (1965), paragraph 2)

7. Request to Member States to co-operate with the Secretary-General
Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
Decision of 13 March 1964 (resolution 187 (1964), paragraph 2)

8. Request to Member States or to all States to exert influence to induce compliance
The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 9 June 1964 (resolution 190 (1964), paragraph 2)
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 13)

R. Request for assistance from the specialized agencies of the United Nations
(i) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
Decision of 22 July 1960 (resolution 145 (1960), paragraph 4)
(ii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 11)

S. Call for measures by Administering Authority to end rebellion in a Non-Self-Governing Territory
The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
Decision of 20 November 1965 (resolution 217 (1965), preamble and paragraphs 4, 5 and 9)

T. Request for acceptance of recommendation by subsidiary body
The question of race conflict in South Africa:
Decision of 18 June 1964 (resolution 191 (1964), paragraph 7)

VIII. Measures to ensure further consideration and to ascertain compliance
A. Request for information on the progress of settlement
1. From the Secretary-General
   (i) Complaint concerning South Africa (letter of 25 March 1960):
      Decision of 1 April 1960 (resolution 134 (1960), paragraph 5)
   (ii) The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
      Decision of 14 July 1960 (resolution 143 (1960), paragraph 3)
      Decision of 22 July 1960 (resolution 145 (1960), paragraph 5)
      Decision of 9 August 1960 (resolution 146 (1960), paragraph 6)
   (iii) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
      Decision of 9 June 1964 (resolution 190 (1964), paragraph 3)
      Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), paragraph 7)
   (iv) Complaint by Senegal:
      Decision of 24 April 1963 (resolution 178 (1963), paragraph 3)
      Decision of 19 May 1965 (resolution 204 (1965), paragraph 4)
   (v) Reports by the Secretary-General concerning Yemen:
      Decision of 11 June 1963 (resolution 179 (1963), paragraph 3)
   (vi) The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
      Decision of 31 July 1963 (resolution 180 (1963), paragraph 7)
      Decision of 11 December 1963 (resolution 183 (1963), paragraph 7)
      Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), paragraph 8)
   (vii) The question of race conflict in South Africa:
      Decision of 7 August 1963 (resolution 181 (1963), paragraph 4)
      Decision of 4 December 1963 (resolution 182 (1963), paragraph 8)
   (viii) Complaint by the Government of Cyprus:
      Decision of 4 March 1964 (resolution 186 (1964), paragraph 4)
      Decision of 9 August 1964 (resolution 193 (1964), preamble)
      Decision of 25 September 1964 (resolution 194 (1964), paragraph 4)
   (ix) Situation in the Dominican Republic:
      Decision of 22 May 1965 (resolution 203 (1965), paragraph 2)
   (x) The India-Pakistan question:
      Decision of 4 September 1965 (resolution 209 (1965), paragraph 4)
      Decision of 6 September 1965 (resolution 210 (1965), paragraph 2)
      Decision of 20 September 1965 (resolution 211 (1965), paragraph 5)
      Decision of 5 November 1965 (resolution 215 (1965), paragraphs 3 and 4)
   (xi) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
      Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), paragraph 9)

2. From all States on measures for implementation
The situation in Territories in Africa under Portuguese administration:
Decision of 23 November 1965 (resolution 218 (1965), paragraph 7)
3. From subsidiary organs:

(i) The situation in Angola:
    Decision of 9 June 1961 (resolution 163 (1961), paragraph 5)

(ii) The Palestine question:
    Decision of 9 April 1962 (resolution 171 (1962), paragraph 8)

4. From regional agencies or arrangements

(i) Complaint by Cuba (letter of 11 July 1960):
    Decision of 19 July 1960 (resolution 144 (1960), preamble and paragraph 1)

(ii) The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo:
    Decision of 30 December 1964 (resolution 199 (1964), paragraph 6)

B. Expression of concern that the Council's efforts and the measures taken by an administering Power had failed to bring the rebellion in a Non-Self-Governing Territory to an end

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
    Decision of 16 December 1966 (resolution 232 (1966), preamble)

C. Expression of grave concern that substantial supplies of oil might reach a Non-Self-Governing Territory affording assistance and support to its illegal régime

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
    Decision of 9 April 1966 (resolution 221 (1966), preamble)

D. Empowering the Government of an administering Power to arrest and detain a designated tanker in the event that her oil cargo was discharged in a designated port

The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
    Decision of 9 April 1966 (resolution 221 (1966), paragraph 5)

E. Provision by express decision to consider the matter further

(i) Complaint by Tunisia:
    Decision of 22 July 1961 (resolution 164 (1961), paragraph 2)

(ii) The situation in Southern Rhodesia:
    Decision of 6 May 1965 (resolution 202 (1965), paragraph 7)

F. Statement by the President that the Council would remain seized of the question

(i) Complaint by Kuwait:
    Decision: President's statement of 7 July 1961 (960th meeting, paragraphs 82 and 83)

(ii) Complaint by Tunisia:
    Decision: President's statement of 22 July 1961 (983rd meeting, paragraphs 143 and 144)

(iii) Complaint by Cuba (letter of 21 November 1961):
    Decision: President's statement of 28 November 1961 (983rd meeting, paragraph 179)

(iv) Complaint by Cuba, the USSR and the United States (letters dated 22—23 October 1962):
    Decision: President's statement of 25 October 1962 (1025th meeting, paragraph 102)

(v) Complaint by Haiti:
    Decision: President's statement of 9 May 1963 (1036th meeting, paragraph 150)

(vi) Complaint by Panama:
    Decision: President's statement of 10 January 1964 (1096th meeting, paragraph 108)

(vii) The situation in the Dominican Republic:
    Decision: President's statement of 26 July 1965 (1233rd meeting, paragraph 3)

IX. Measures in connexion with the inability of the Security Council to exercise its responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security

A. Convocation of an emergency special session of the General Assembly under the provisions of General Assembly resolution 377 A (V) of 3 November 1950

The situation in the Republic of the Congo:
    Decision of 17 September 1960 (resolution 157 (1960))