

*Extract from:*

# UNITED NATIONS JURIDICAL YEARBOOK

2010

Part One. Legal status of the United Nations and related intergovernmental organizations

Chapter I. Legislative texts concerning the legal status of the United Nations and related intergovernmental organizations



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**Part One**

**LEGAL STATUS OF THE UNITED NATIONS  
AND RELATED INTERGOVERNMENTAL  
ORGANIZATIONS**



## Chapter I

# LEGISLATIVE TEXTS CONCERNING THE LEGAL STATUS OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND RELATED INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

## A. SWEDEN

During the period in question, two relevant amendments were made to Swedish laws:

### 1. The Instrument of Government (Swedish Code of Statutes 1974:152)\*

#### CHAPTER 1. BASIC PRINCIPLES OF THE FORM OF GOVERNMENT

...

#### *Section 10*

Sweden is member of the European Union. Sweden participates in international cooperation also within the framework of the United Nations and the Council of Europe and elsewhere.

...

### 2. Population Registration Act (Swedish Code of Statutes 1991:481)\*

...

#### *Section 5*

A person who is a member of a mission or a career consulate of a foreign power, or its service staff, is registered only if he or she is a Swedish citizen, or, without being a Swedish citizen, resided here when he or she became a member of the mission, consulate or its service staff. This applies equally to a family member or a private servant of such person.

A person who is covered by Section 4 of the Act (1976:661) on Immunity and Privileges in Certain Cases and entitled to immunity and privileges equivalent to those of a diplomatic representative of the mission of a foreign power, is registered only if he or she is a Swedish citizen, or, without, being a Swedish citizen, resided here when he or she became a member of the international organ. This applies equally to a family member of such person.

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\* Unofficial translation provided by the Permanent Mission of Sweden to the United Nations. Entered into force on 1 January 2011.

## **B. REPUBLIC OF KOREA**

On 30 December 2010, the Republic of Korea amended an enforcement decree in order to expand the range of diplomatic privileges to include officials of international organizations. The amended provision reads as follows:

### **Enforcement Decree of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act**

#### *Article 108*

(1) The term “foreign diplomats stationed in Korea and other persons corresponding to them as prescribed by Presidential Decree” in Article 107 (7) of the Act means the officials of diplomatic missions, consular missions (except those of which the head is an honorary consul), the United Nations, and international organizations corresponding to those serving at the United Nations stationed in Korea (only when the officials may be granted privileges and immunities according to the treaties of which Korea is a signatory or other domestic laws and regulations) who either hold the public officials’ status of the relevant country, or have been confirmed to have the corresponding status by the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Trade of Korea (hereafter in this Article, referred to as “diplomats, etc.”).