

*Extract from:*

# UNITED NATIONS JURIDICAL YEARBOOK

1981

Part One. Legal status of the United Nations and related intergovernmental organizations

Chapter II. Treaty provisions concerning the legal status of the United Nations and related intergovernmental organizations



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## Chapter II

### TREATY PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE LEGAL STATUS OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND RELATED INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

#### A. Treaty provisions concerning the legal status of the United Nations

1. CONVENTION ON THE PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.<sup>1</sup> APPROVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS ON 13 FEBRUARY 1946

No additional State acceded to the Convention in 1981.<sup>2</sup> The number of States parties to the Convention thus remains at 118.<sup>3</sup>

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#### 2. AGREEMENTS RELATING TO INSTALLATIONS AND MEETINGS

- (a) Agreement between the United Nations and the Dominican Republic regarding the establishment in Santo Domingo of the Headquarters of the United Nations International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women.<sup>4</sup> Signed at New York on 31 March 1981

#### Article III

##### LIABILITY

The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any action or claim which may be brought in the Dominican Republic against the Institute or its personnel in consequence of the performance of the activities proper to the Institute and shall hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in case of any liabilities or claims resulting from activities under this Agreement, except where it is agreed by the parties hereto that the liability or claim arises from the gross negligence or wilful misconduct by the Institute or its personnel.

#### Article IV

##### PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 13 February 1946, to which the Government acceded on 7 March 1947, shall be applicable to the Institute. Accordingly, United Nations officials having official functions in connexion with the Institute, including all members of the staff of the Institute except those who are recruited locally and assigned to hourly rates, shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the Convention, and those members of the Board of Trustees of the Institute and observers invited by the Board to participate *ad hoc* who are not officials of the United Nations shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided for experts on mission for the United Nations under Articles VI and VII of the Convention.

2. The fellowship holders at the Institute shall enjoy immunity from legal process in the Dominican Republic in respect of words spoken or written and all acts performed by them in connexion with their functions at the Institute.

3. Without prejudice to the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, the Government undertakes to accord to all members of the Board, United Nations officials and fellowship holders such facilities and courtesies as may be required for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Institute.

4. All persons referred to in this Article and all individuals travelling on official business at the invitation of the Institute shall have the right to enter and leave the Dominican Republic, and to remain in its territory, as necessary for the performance of their functions in connexion with the Institute; they shall be accorded facilities for speedy travel and visas, if needed, shall be issued to them promptly and free of charge.

5. The premises and space of the Institute referred to in Article I of this Agreement shall be deemed to be premises of the United Nations for the purposes of the Convention and shall, as such, be inviolable and subject to the authority and control of the United Nations.

6. The Institute may import and export scientific apparatus and equipment, educational materials or articles, supplies and other necessary equipment free of restrictions, prohibitions, customs duties and taxes. It is understood, however, that such articles and goods shall not be sold or traded in the Dominican Republic except in accordance with conditions provided by law or agreed to by the Government.

(b) Agreement between the United Nations and Bangladesh regarding the establishment of a United Nations Information Centre in Bangladesh.<sup>5</sup> Signed at New York on 25 August 1981

#### *Article I*

##### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CENTRE

###### *Section 1*

A United Nations Information Centre shall be established in Dacca, Bangladesh, to carry out the functions assigned to it by the Secretary-General, within the framework of the Department of Public Information.

#### *Article II*

##### STATUS OF THE CENTRE

###### *Section 2*

The premises of the Centre and the residence of the Director shall be inviolable.

###### *Section 3*

The appropriate Bangladesh authorities shall exercise due diligence to ensure the security and protection of the premises of the Centre and its staff.

###### *Section 4*

The appropriate Bangladesh authorities shall exercise their respective powers to ensure that the Centre shall be supplied with the necessary public services on equitable terms. The Centre shall enjoy treatment for the use of telephone, radio-telegraph and mail communication facilities, not less favourable than that normally accorded and extended to diplomatic missions.

#### *Article III*

##### FACILITIES AND SERVICES

###### *Section 5*

The Government shall make an annual contribution toward the maintenance and operation of the Centre. The amount of the contribution shall be stipulated in an exchange of letters which shall form a part of this agreement.

## Article IV

### OFFICIALS OF THE CENTRE

#### Section 6

Officials of the Centre, except those who are locally recruited staff in the General Service or related categories shall enjoy, within and with respect to Bangladesh, the following privileges and immunities:

(a) Immunity from legal process of any kind in respect of words spoken or written, and of all acts performed by them in their official capacity; such immunity to continue notwithstanding that the persons concerned may have ceased to be officials of the United Nations;

(b) Immunity from seizure of their official baggage;

(c) Immunity from inspection of their official baggage;

(d) Exemption from any form of taxation in respect of the salaries, emoluments, indemnities and pensions paid to them by the United Nations for services past or present;

(e) Exemption from any form of taxation on income derived by them from sources outside Bangladesh;

(f) Exemption, with respect to themselves, their spouses, their relatives dependent on them and other members of their households from immigration restrictions and alien registration;

(g) Immunity from National service obligations;

(h) The same privileges in respect of exchange facilities as are accorded to officials of comparable ranks forming part of diplomatic missions. In particular, United Nations officials shall have the right, at the termination of their assignment to Bangladesh, to take out of Bangladesh through authorized channels, without prohibition or restriction, their funds in the same amounts as they had brought them into Bangladesh as well as any other funds for the lawful possession of which they can show good cause;

(i) The same protection and repatriation facilities with respect to themselves, their spouses, their relatives dependent on them, and other members of their households as are accorded in time of international crisis to diplomatic envoys; and

(j) The right to import for personal use, free of duty and other levies, prohibitions and restrictions on imports;

(i) Their furniture and effects in one or more separate shipments, and thereafter to import necessary additions to the same, including motor vehicles, according to the Bangladesh legislation applicable to diplomatic representatives accredited in Bangladesh;

(ii) Reasonable quantities of certain articles for personal use or consumption and not for gift or sale.

#### Section 7

In addition to the privileges and immunities specified in Section 6, the Director of the Centre, subject to the exception indicated in sub-paragraph (b) below, shall enjoy, in respect of himself, his spouse, his relatives dependent on him, the privileges and immunities, exemptions and facilities normally accorded to diplomatic envoys of comparable rank. He shall for this purpose be included in the Diplomatic list by the Bangladesh Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

#### Section 8

Officials of the Centre who are locally recruited staff in the General Service or related categories shall enjoy only, within and with respect to Bangladesh the privileges and immunities referred to in sub-paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (g) of Section 6 of this Agreement. These officials also shall enjoy such other privileges and immunities as they may be entitled to under Article V, Section 18, and Article VII of the Convention.

### *Section 9*

The privileges and immunities for which provision is made in this Agreement are granted solely for the purpose of carrying out effectively the aims and purposes of the United Nations. The Secretary-General may waive the immunity of any staff member whenever in his opinion such immunity would impede the course of justice and can be waived without prejudice to the interests of the United Nations.

### *Article V*

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

### *Section 10*

The provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations to which Bangladesh acceded on 13 January 1978, shall fully apply to the Centre, and the provisions of this Agreement shall be complementary to those of the Convention relate to the same subject matter, the two provisions shall, where possible, be treated as complementary, so that both provisions shall be applicable and neither shall restrict the effect of the other.

### *Section 11*

This Agreement shall be construed in the light of its primary purpose of enabling the United Nations Information Centre in Bangladesh fully and efficiently to discharge its responsibilities and fulfill its purpose.

- (c) Agreement between the United Nations and Austria to continue the European Centre for Social Welfare Training and Research.<sup>6</sup> Signed at New York on 23 July 1981

### *Article II*

#### LEGAL STATUS OF THE CENTRE

The host Government shall take the necessary steps to ensure the Centre's status as an autonomous non-profit-making entity having legal personality under Austrian law. The statutes of the Charter shall be identical to the amended version of the statutes communicated to the United Nations in accordance with Article II of the Agreement between the Government and the United Nations to continue the European Centre for Social Welfare, Training and Research, signed on 7 December 1978, which statutes are in accordance with the present agreement. Any proposed changes in the statutes shall be communicated to the United Nations before they take effect.

...

### *Article VIII*

#### ACCESS TO THE CENTRE

The host Government shall grant such visas and permits as may be necessary in order to ensure adequate conditions of work and stay and access to the Centre to all foreign members of the staff of the Centre and all persons officially invited to the Centre or the meetings held there.

- (d) Agreement between the United Nations and Austria regarding the Headquarters Seat of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and other United Nations offices at the Vienna International Centre.<sup>7</sup> Signed at Vienna on 19 January 1981

### *Article I*

(1) The United Nations shall have the right to use the headquarters area for a period of ninety-nine years beginning on 1 September 1979 in a manner consistent with its objectives and

functions as defined in the Charter of the United Nations, and in accordance with the provisions of the Headquarters Agreement<sup>8</sup> and this Agreement. In particular, the United Nations may hold meetings in the headquarters area, including international conferences, seminars, workshops and meetings of all United Nations organs and subsidiary bodies. Any building, in or outside of Vienna, which is used temporarily with the concurrence of the Government for such meetings shall be deemed to be temporarily included in the headquarters area. For all such meetings the Headquarters Agreement shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

(2) Without prejudice to the right of the United Nations referred to above, the Government retains the ownership over the headquarters area.

#### *Article II*

The United Nations shall pay to the Government with respect to the right to use the headquarters area a rental of one Austrian Schilling per annum payable yearly in advance during the period of such use commencing on 1 January 1980.

#### *Article III*

The United Nations may, after appropriate consultation with the Government, make available space in the headquarters area to international governmental and non-governmental organizations for purposes connected with the activities of the United Nations.

#### *Article IV*

(1) If acceptable to both Parties, the United Nations may let space in the headquarters area to any physical or juridical person providing services to the United Nations or its staff.

(2) The rent charged by the United Nations to such physical or juridical persons will be based on the commercially prevailing rates for such premises, and shall be transferred in its entirety to the Government.

(3) The rent referred to above shall not include maintenance and operating costs, which shall be payable to the United Nations.

#### *Article V*

(1) Alterations with respect to any of the buildings forming part of the headquarters area, which may result in a change of structural nature or architectural appearance, may be carried out by the United Nations at its own expense and without the right to reimbursement only after having obtained the prior consent of the Government.

(2) Other alterations to the buildings or facilities forming part of the headquarters area may be carried out by the United Nations at its expense and without the right to reimbursement.

#### *Article VI*

The United Nations shall, from 1 September 1979, be responsible at its own expense for the orderly operation and adequate maintenance of the buildings and facilities forming part of the headquarters area, and of installations located therein and for minor repairs and replacements for the purpose of keeping them in good working order, and for any repairs or replacements which may be made necessary by faulty operation and inadequate maintenance.

#### *Article VII*

The Government shall carry out at its own expense repairs and replacements of buildings, facilities and installations made necessary by force majeure or by faulty material, design or labour used within the responsibility of the Government in their construction.

#### *Article VIII*

The arrangements for financing the cost of major repairs and replacements of buildings, facilities and technical installations which are the property of the Government and form part of the headquarters area shall be the subject of a separate agreement between the Parties.

### *Article IX*

Without prejudice to Section 12 (c) of the Headquarters Agreement, the United Nations shall, upon request, take the necessary measures to enable persons duly authorized by the Government to enter the headquarters area in order to inspect the buildings, facilities and installations within the headquarters area under conditions which shall not unreasonably disturb the carrying out of the functions of the United Nations.

### *Article X*

(1) The United Nations and the competent Austrian authorities shall closely co-operate regarding the interrelation of effective security within and in the immediate vicinity outside the headquarters area.

(2) The United Nations, in the preparation of its security regulations and procedures, shall consult with the Government with a view to achieving the most effective and efficient exercise of security functions.

### *Article XI*

Whenever the United Nations has concluded an insurance contract to cover its liability for damages arising from the use of the headquarters area and suffered by juridical or physical persons who are not officials of the United Nations, any claim concerning the United Nations' liability for such damages may be brought directly against the insurer before Austrian courts, and the insurance contract shall so provide.

### *Article XII*

If the United Nations should vacate the headquarters area, it shall surrender the headquarters area to the Government in as good condition as reasonable wear and tear will permit, provided, however, that the United Nations shall not be required to restore the headquarters area to the shape and state existent prior to any alteration or change that may have been executed by the United Nations or the Government in accordance with this Agreement.

(e) Exchange of letters constituting an agreement between the United Nations and Austria revising the Supplemental Agreement to the Agreement between the United Nations and Austria regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (signed at New York on 13 April 1967) concluded at Vienna on 1 March 1972.<sup>9, 10</sup> Vienna, 23 November and 8 December 1981

## I

### LETTER FROM THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA

23 November 1981

With reference to the Supplemental Agreement of 1 March 1972 concluded under the terms of Article XII, Section 27 (j) (iii), of the Agreement between the United Nations and the Republic of Austria regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and taking into consideration the new situation resulting from the transfer of various offices and units of the United Nations to the Vienna International Centre, I have the honour to propose that Article II of the said Supplemental Agreement should read as follows:

#### *“Article II*

“(1) The following categories of persons shall have access to the Commissary:

“(a) Officials of the UNIDO and of all other United Nations offices set up in Austria in accordance with Section 45 of the UNIDO Headquarters Agreement as well as other officials of the United Nations who are attached to the UNIDO or to such United Nations offices and

officials of the specialized agencies attached on a continuing basis to the UNIDO or to such United Nations offices;

“(b) Other officials of the United Nations who take part in an official capacity in meetings at the Vienna International Centre or who are specifically assigned to, and perform functions with, meetings of United Nations organs convened in Austria — excepting Austrian nationals and stateless persons resident in Austria;

“(c) Officials of the specialized agencies with professional rank attending meetings of United Nations organs convened in Austria — excepting Austrian nationals and stateless persons resident in Austria;

“(d) Members of permanent missions to the UNIDO and/or to the above-mentioned United Nations offices who have diplomatic status — excepting Austrian nationals and stateless persons resident in Austria;

“(e) Heads of delegations of States to meetings of the UNIDO and of other United Nations organs convened in Austria — excepting Austrian nationals and stateless persons resident in Austria;

“(f) Members of permanent observer missions accredited to the UNIDO and/or to the above-mentioned United Nations offices to whom the Government has granted the privilege to use Commissary facilities under specified conditions;

“(g) With the consent of the United Nations, officials of other international institutions with Headquarters in Vienna to whom the Government has granted the privilege to use Commissary facilities under specified conditions.

“(2) It is understood that persons referred to in this Article who may have access to any other commissary in Vienna shall have access to the Commissary covered by this Supplemental Agreement only if and as long as they waive their right of access to such other commissary.

“(3) The UNIDO and the United Nations shall jointly communicate to the Government a list of persons having access to the Commissary under this Article and shall revise such list from time to time as may be necessary.”

If the foregoing is acceptable to the United Nations, I have the honour to propose that this Note and your Note of confirmation agreeing with the contents of this Note shall constitute an Agreement revising Art. II of the Supplemental Agreement of 1 March 1972, which shall become effective immediately.

*(Signed) Willibald PAHR  
Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs*

## II

### LETTER FROM THE UNITED NATIONS

8 December 1981

I am directed by the Secretary-General to refer to your Note of 23 November 1981 . . .

[See letter I above.]

I have the honour to confirm that the above-mentioned proposal is acceptable to the United Nations and that your Note and this Note of confirmation shall constitute an Agreement revising Art. II of the Supplemental Agreement of 1 March 1972, which shall become effective immediately.

*(Signed) Abd-El Rahman KHANE  
Executive Director  
United Nations Industrial Development Organization*

- (f) Agreement between the United Nations and the Government of the Philippines regarding arrangements for the fourth session of the Commission on Human Settlements of the United Nations.<sup>11</sup> Signed at Manila on 12 March 1981

*Article X*

LIABILITY

The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands against the United Nations arising out of: (a) injury or damage to person or property in the premises referred to in Article III above; (b) injury or damage to person or property caused by, or incurred in using, the transport services referred to in Article VI above; (c) the employment for the Session of the personnel provided by the Government to perform functions in connexion with the Session. The Government shall indemnify and hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any such actions, claims or other demands, except if it is agreed by the parties that such injury or damage was caused by gross negligence or wilful misconduct by United Nations personnel.

*Article XI*

PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations of 13 February 1946, to which the Government acceded on 28 October 1947, shall be applicable to the Session.

2. Representatives of States participating in the Session shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to representatives of States by Article IV of the Convention.

3. Officials of the United Nations performing official duties at the Session shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided by Articles V and VII of the Convention. Representatives of national liberation movements participating in the Session and the local personnel provided by the Government to perform functions in connexion with the Session shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all acts performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Session.

4. Officials of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency and representatives of other intergovernmental organizations participating in the Session shall enjoy the same privileges and immunities as are accorded to officials of the United Nations of a similar rank.

5. Without prejudice to the preceding paragraphs of this Article, all persons performing functions in connexion with the Session and all those invited to the Session shall enjoy the necessary privileges, immunities and facilities in connexion with their participation in the Session.

6. The Government shall impose no impediment to transit to and from the Session of any persons whose presence at the Session is authorized by the United Nations and of any member of their immediate families. Any entry or exit visa required for such persons shall be granted immediately on application and without charge.

7. For the purpose of the application of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, the conference premises referred to in Article III above shall be deemed to constitute premises of the United Nations and access thereto shall be under the control and authority of the United Nations.

8. The participants in the Session, representatives of information media and officials of the secretariat of the Session shall have the right to take out of the Philippines at the time of their departure, without any restrictions, any unexpended portions of the funds they brought into the Philippines in connexion with the session, or which they received during their presence at the Session, at the United Nations operational rate of exchange.

*Article XII*

IMPORT DUTIES AND TAX

1. The Government shall allow the temporary importation tax and duty-free of all equipment, including technical equipment accompanying representatives of information media, and shall waive import duties and taxes on supplies necessary for the Session.

2. The Government hereby waives import and export permits for the supplies needed for the Session and certified by the United Nations to be required for official use at the Session.

- (g) Exchange of letters constituting an agreement between the United Nations and the People's Republic of China concerning a Study Tour on hydropower stations to be held in China from 22 May to 4 June 1981.<sup>12</sup> New York, 16 and 30 March 1981

I

LETTER FROM THE UNITED NATIONS

16 March 1981

I have the honour to refer to the preparations for the United Nations Study Tour on Small Hydropower Stations scheduled to be held in China from 22 May to 4 June 1981, and organised by the United Nations Department of Technical Co-operation for Development with the co-operation of the Government of the People's Republic of China.

With the present letter I wish to request your Government's confirmation of the following arrangements:

...

- (11) (a) (i) The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations shall be applicable in respect of the Study Tour. The participants invited by the United Nations shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to experts on mission for the United Nations by Article VI of the Convention. Officials of the United Nations participating in or performing functions in connexion with the Study Tour shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the Convention.
- (ii) Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and persons performing functions in connexion with the Study Tour shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Study Tour.
- (iii) Personnel provided by the Government pursuant to this Agreement shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Study Tour.

(b) All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Study Tour shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from China. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. When applications are made four weeks before the opening of the Study Tour, visas shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening of the Study Tour. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening, visas shall be granted as speedily as possible and not later than three days from the receipt of the application.

(c) It is further understood that your Government will be responsible for dealing with any action, claim or other demand against the United Nations arising out of (i) injury or damage to person or property in conference or office premises provided for the Study Tour; (ii) the transportation provided by your Government; (iii) the employment for the Study Tour of personnel provided or arranged by your Government; and your Government shall hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any such action, claim or other demand.

...  
I further propose that upon receipt of your confirmation in writing of the above this exchange of letters shall constitute an Agreement between the United Nations and the Government of China regarding the provision of host facilities by your Government for the Study Tour.  
...

(Signed) Margaret J. ANSTEE  
*Assistant Secretary-General  
Officer-in-Charge  
Department of Technical Co-operation for Development*

## II

### LETTER FROM THE PERMANENT MISSION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO THE UNITED NATIONS

30 March 1981

I have the honour to refer to the letter . . . dated March 16, 1981 and to confirm, on behalf of the Government of the People's Republic of China, the arrangements concerning the Study Tour on Small Hydropower Stations to be held in China from May 22 to June 4, 1981, . . .

It is agreed that Miss Anstee's letter and this letter of reply constitute an Agreement between the Chinese Government and the United Nations concerning the arrangements for the Study Tour on Small Hydropower Stations.  
...

(Signed) Mi Guojun  
*Ambassador  
Deputy Permanent Representative  
of the People's Republic of China  
to the United Nations*

- (h) Agreement between the United Nations and Yugoslavia regarding arrangements for the seventh session of the World Food Council of the United Nations.<sup>13</sup> Signed at Belgrade on 30 January 1981

#### *Article X*

#### LIABILITY

The Federal Executive Council shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands against the United Nations arising out of: (a) injury or damage to person or property in the premises referred to in Article III above; (b) injury or damage to person or property caused by, or incurred in using, the transport services referred to in Article VI, para. 1 above; (c) the employment for the Session of the personnel provided by the Federal Executive Council to perform functions in connexion with the Session. The Federal Executive Council shall indemnify and hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any such actions, claims or other demands. The United Nations shall co-operate with the Federal Executive Council to enable it to discharge its responsibilities under this Article.

#### *Article XI*

#### PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations of 13 February 1946 and the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies of 21

November 1947, to which Conventions the Federal Executive Council is a party, shall be applicable in respect of the Session.

2. Representatives of States attending the Session shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to representatives of States Members of the United Nations by Article IV of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations.

3. Officials of the United Nations performing official duties at the Session shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided by Articles V and VII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations. The local personnel provided by the Federal Executive Council to perform functions in connexion with the Session shall enjoy only immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all acts performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Session.

4. Officials of the International Atomic Energy Agency shall enjoy the privileges and immunities of officials of the Agency accorded under the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency. Officials of the specialized agencies and representatives of other intergovernmental organizations participating in the Session shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to officials of the specialized agencies under the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies.

5. Without prejudice to the preceding paragraphs of this Article, all persons performing functions in connexion with the Session and all those invited to the Session shall enjoy the necessary privileges, immunities and facilities in connexion with their participation in the Session.

6. The Federal Executive Council shall impose no impediment to transit to and from the Session of any persons whose presence at the Session is authorized by the United Nations and of any member of their immediate families. Any entry or exit visa required for such persons shall be granted immediately on application and without charge.

7. For the purpose of the application of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, the conference premises referred to in Article III above shall be deemed to constitute premises of the United Nations and access thereto shall be under the control and authority of the United Nations.

8. The participants in the Session, representatives of information media and officials of the secretariat of the Session shall have the right to take out of Yugoslavia at the time of their departure, without any restrictions, any unexpended portions of the funds they brought into Yugoslavia in connexion with the Session, or which they received during their presence at the Session, at the United Nations operational rate of exchange.

#### *Article XII*

##### IMPORT DUTIES AND TAX

1. The Federal Executive Council shall allow the temporary importation tax exemption and duty-free imports of all equipment, including technical equipment accompanying representatives of information media, and shall waive import duties and taxes on supplies necessary for the Session.

2. The Federal Executive Council hereby waives import and export permits for the supplies needed for the Session and certified by the United Nations to be required for official use at the Session.

(i) Agreement between the United Nations and Kenya regarding the arrangements for the United Nations Conference on New and Renewable Sources of Energy.<sup>14</sup> Signed at New York on 7 April 1981

#### *Article XIII*

##### PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The provisions relating to privileges and immunities in the Agreement between the United Nations and the Government of Kenya regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations Environ-

ment Programme (UNEP) shall be applicable, *mutatis mutandis*, with regard to the Conference. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations is hereby not affected.

2. Representatives of States and of the United Nations Council for Namibia invited to attend the Conference, officials of the United Nations performing functions in connexion with the Conference and experts on mission for the United Nations at the Conference shall enjoy the same privileges and immunities as are accorded to the representatives to meetings of the UNEP, to officials of the UNEP and to experts on mission for UNEP, respectively, under the Agreement outlined in paragraph 1.

3. Representatives of the specialized agencies, the International Atomic Energy Agency and other inter-governmental organizations invited to attend the Conference shall enjoy, *mutatis mutandis* the privileges and immunities provided for officials of the specialized agencies under the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies.

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of paragraph 2 of this article, representatives, referred to in article II (c) and (d) and invited by the United Nations to attend the Conference, shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written or any acts performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Conference.

5. Personnel provided by the Government under article XI of this Agreement, with the exception of those who are assigned to hourly rates, shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect to words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Conference.

6. Without prejudice to the preceding paragraphs of this article, observers from non-governmental organizations invited by the United Nations to the Conference shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respects of words spoken or written or any act performed by them in the exercise of their functions in connexion with the Conference.

7. The Government shall ensure that no impediment is imposed on transit to and from the Conference of the persons referred to in article II, paragraph 1, and their immediate families, officials and experts of the United Nations and their immediate families, the persons referred to in article II, paragraph 2, and other persons officially invited to the Conference by the United Nations. All persons referred to in this paragraph shall have the right of entry into and exit from Kenya. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge, as speedily as possible and;

(a) if application is made at least two and a half weeks before the opening of the Conference, the visa shall be granted not later than two weeks before that date;

(b) if the application is not made at least two and a half weeks before the opening of the Conference, the visa shall be granted not later than three days from the receipt of the application.

8. During the Conference including the preparatory and final stages of the Conference, the buildings and areas to in article III shall be deemed to constitute United Nations premises, and access thereto shall be subject to the authority and control of the United Nations.

#### Article XIV

##### LIABILITY

1. The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands against the United Nations or its personnel and arising out of:

(a) injury or damage to person or property in the premises referred to in articles III, IV and V above;

(b) injury or damage to person or property caused by, or incurred in using, the transport service referred to in article X paragraph 2 above;

(c) the employment for the Conference of the personnel referred to in article XI above.

2. The Government shall hold harmless the United Nations and its personnel in respect of any such actions, claims or other demands.

- (j) Agreement between the United Nations and Argentina concerning a United Nations Regional Seminar on Remote Sensing Applications and Satellite Communications for Education and Development.<sup>15</sup> Signed at New York on 16 April 1981

*Article V*

FACILITIES, PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations shall be applicable in respect of the Seminar. Accordingly, officials of the United Nations performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the said Convention.

2. Officials of the specialized agencies attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraph (d) of Article II of this Agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Article VI and VII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies.

3. Participants attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraphs (a) and (c) of Article II of this agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities of experts on mission under Article VI of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations.

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Seminar.

5. All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Argentina. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. When applications are made four weeks before the opening of the Seminar, visas shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening of the Seminar. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening, visas shall be granted as speedily as possible and not later than three days before the opening.

*Article VI*

LIABILITY

1. The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any action, claim or demand arising out of:

(a) Injury to person or damage to or loss of property (whether United Nations property or other) in the premises referred to in Article IV above, including damage to those premises;

(b) Injury to person, or damage to or loss of property caused by, or incurred in using the transportation referred to in Article IV above;

(c) The employment of locally recruited personnel referred to in Article IV above;

and the Government shall hold harmless the United Nations and its personnel in respect of any such action, claim or other demand, except where it is agreed by the parties hereto that such damage, loss or injury is caused by the willful misconduct or gross negligence of United Nations personnel.

2. The Government shall be subrogated to the right and remedies of the United Nations in respect of any action, causes of action, claims or other demands referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, except that it is understood that the Government shall not be subrogated to the immunity from legal process enjoyed by the United Nations.

- (k) Memorandum of understanding between the United Nations and Japan regarding the study tour under the Steel Committee, principal subsidiary body of the Economic Commission for Europe, to be organized in Japan from 18 to 27 May 1981, at the invitation of the Government of Japan.<sup>16</sup> Signed at New York on 18 May 1981

2. (a) The Convention of the 13th February 1946 on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, to which Japan is a party, will apply.

(b) Accordingly, officials of the United Nations performing functions in connexion with the Study Tour will enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under articles V and VII of the said Convention. Other participants who are invited by the United Nations on behalf of the Government of Japan and certified by whatever means by the United Nations as experts on mission for the United Nations for the purpose of the Study Tour will enjoy the privileges and immunities granted to experts on mission for the United Nations under article VI of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations. The Government will facilitate the entry into and exit from Japan of all participants to the Study Tour. Visas and entry permits, where required, will be granted as speedily as possible and free of charge.

3. The Government will, as necessary, take measures available under the laws and regulations in force in Japan, for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands by third parties which may be brought against the United Nations for damage to facilities used in the course of the Study Tour, for damage or injury to persons or property, or arising out of the employment of local personnel.

(l) Agreement between the United Nations and Panama concerning the arrangements for the Extraordinary Plenary Meeting of the United Nations Council for Namibia to be held at Panama City from 1 to 5 June 1981.<sup>17</sup> Signed and approved at Panama City on 3 June 1981

#### I. FREE IMPORTATION OF EQUIPMENT

18. The Government shall allow the temporary importation, tax- and duty-free, of all equipment, including technical equipment accompanying representatives of information media, and shall waive import duties and taxes on supplies necessary for the meetings. It shall issue without delay any necessary import and export permits for this purpose.

#### J. PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

19. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations shall be applicable in respect of the Meetings. The representatives of Member States shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to representatives by Article IV of the Convention. Officials of the United Nations participating in or performing functions in connexion with the Meetings shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the Convention. Officials of specialized or related agencies participating in the Meetings shall be accorded the privileges and immunities provided under Articles VI and VIII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies.

20. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and persons performing functions in connexion with the meetings shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the meetings.

21. Personnel provided by the Government pursuant to this Agreement shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the meetings.

22. All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the meetings shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Panama. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge and as speedily as possible.

23. It is further understood that the Government shall be responsible for dealing with any action, claim or other demand against the United Nations arising out of (i) injury or damage to persons or property in conference or office premises provided for the meetings; (ii) the transportation provided by the Government; and (iii) the employment for the meetings of personnel provided or

recruited by the Government; and the Government shall hold the United Nations and its officials harmless in respect of any such action, claim or other demand.

- (m) Agreement between the United Nations and India concerning the arrangements for the Regional Workshop on Implementation of the Plan of Action to Combat Desertification of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, to be held in Jodhpur, India, from 20 to 23 October 1981.<sup>18</sup> Signed at Bangkok and New Delhi on 19 June 1981

### *Article VIII*

#### PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, to which the Government became a party on 13 May 1948, shall be fully applicable with respect to the Workshop. Representatives of Members and Associate Members of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific and representatives or observers from other States invited to the Workshop shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided in Article IV of the said Convention. Officials of the United Nations and experts on mission for the United Nations, performing functions for the United Nations at the Workshop, shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set forth in Article V and VI respectively, and VII of the said Convention.

2. Representatives of the Specialized Agencies of the United Nations, of the International Atomic Energy Agency and of other intergovernmental organizations invited to the Workshop shall enjoy the same privileges and immunities as are accorded to officials of comparable rank of the United Nations.

3. Representatives of interested non-governmental organizations invited to the Workshop and the personnel provided by the Government pursuant to Article VII, paragraph 2, shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Workshop.

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of the preceding paragraphs, all participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Workshop shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies, as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Workshop.

5. All participants referred to in Article II, and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Workshop who are not residents of India shall have the right of entry into and exit from India for the purposes of the Workshop. They shall be granted facilities for speedy travel. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge, as speedily as possible and not later than two weeks before the date of the opening of the Workshop. If the application for the visa is not made at least two and a half weeks before the opening of the Workshop, the visa shall be granted not later than three days from the receipt of the application. Arrangements will also be made to ensure that visas for the duration of the Workshop are delivered at the airport to participants who were unable to obtain them prior to their arrival. Exit permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge and as speedily as possible, in any cases not later than three days before the closing of the Workshop.

### *Article IX*

#### LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS

The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands arising out of:

- (a) injury to person or damage to or loss of property in the premises referred to in Article III above;

(b) injury to person, or damage to or loss of property caused by, or incurred in using the transportation referred to in Article V above;

(c) the employment of the personnel referred to in Article VII above; and the Government shall hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any such actions, claims or other demands except when it is agreed by the parties that such damage or injury is caused by the gross negligence or wilful misconduct of the UN personnel, in which case steps shall be taken to establish the civil liability of the party which proves to be responsible. Acts of God shall exempt the Government and the United Nations from any obligation.

#### *Article XI*

##### IMPORT DUTIES AND TAX

The Government shall allow the temporary importation and waive import duties and taxes for all equipment and supplies necessary for the Workshop. It shall issue without delay to the United Nations any necessary import and export permits.

(n) Exchange of letters constituting an agreement between the United Nations and the Sudan concerning the Interregional Seminar on Decentralization for Development, to be held at Khartoum from 14 to 18 September 1981.<sup>19</sup> New York, 15 and 26 June 1981

#### I

##### LETTER FROM THE UNITED NATIONS

15 June 1981

I understand that the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan has accepted to host the United Nations Interregional Seminar on Decentralization for Development, with dates 14–18 September, . . .

In accordance with existing practice, the following provisions shall apply:

(a) The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 13 February 1946, shall be applicable to the Seminar;

(b) The country participants and the consultants invited by the United Nations shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to experts on mission for the United Nations by Article VI of the above Convention. Officials of the United Nations participating in or performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the Convention. Officials of the specialized agencies invited to participate as observers in the Seminar shall be accorded privileges and immunities comparable to those of United Nations officials of the same rank;

(c) Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Seminar;

(d) Personnel provided by the Government pursuant to this Agreement shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Seminar;

(e) All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Sudan. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. When applications are made four weeks before the opening of the Seminar, visas shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening of the Seminar. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening, visas shall be granted as speedily as possible and not later than three days before the opening;

(f) The Government of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan shall deal with any action, claim or other demand against the United Nations or its personnel arising out of

- (i) injury to person or damage to property in the premises provided for the Seminar,
- (ii) injury to person or damage to property incurred in using any transportation provided by the Government for the Seminar, and
- (iii) the employment of local personnel for the Seminar,

and the Government shall hold harmless the United Nations and its personnel in respect of any such action, claim or demand;

...

The arrangements mentioned above shall be valid for the duration of the Seminar including such time before and after the Seminar as may be required for the necessary preparatory and concluding work relating to the Seminar.

Finally, I propose that upon receipt of your confirmation to me in writing of the above, this exchange of letters shall constitute an Agreement between the United Nations and the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan regarding the provision of host facilities by your Government for the Interregional Seminar on Decentralization for Development.

*(Signed)* Margaret J. ANSTEE  
*Assistant Secretary-General*  
*Officer-in-charge*  
*Department of Technical Co-operation*  
*for Development*

## II

### LETTER FROM THE PERMANENT MISSION OF THE SUDAN TO THE UNITED NATIONS

26 June 1981

Thank you for your letter of 15th June, 1981, regarding the final agreement for hosting the United Nations Interregional Seminar on Decentralization for Development, to be convened in Khartoum during the period of 14th-18th September, 1981.

This is to confirm to you the acceptance of the Sudan Government of the arrangements mentioned in your above quoted letter and this communication constitutes the needed final confirmation, accordingly.

*(Signed)* Abdel-Rahman ABDALLA  
*Permanent Representative*

- (o) Exchange of letters constituting an agreement between the United Nations and Sri Lanka on the convening of a seminar on the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people, to be held in Sri Lanka from 10 to 14 August 1981.<sup>20</sup> New York, 15 and 28 July 1981

## I

### LETTER FROM THE UNITED NATIONS

15 July 1981

I have the honour to refer to resolution 34/65 D on the "Question of Palestine", adopted by the General Assembly on 12 December 1979. In particular, I wish to refer to the resolution's paragraph 2 (b) (ii), by which the General Assembly requested that four seminars be organized during the biennium 1980-1981.

The General Assembly's Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People has decided that the theme for the Seminars will be "The inalienable rights of the Palestinian people". The Committee further has received with appreciation the acceptance of Your Excellency's Government that one of these Seminars be convened in Sri Lanka from 10-14 August, 1981, at the Bandaranaike Memorial International Hall in Colombo.

...

With the present letter I have the honour to propose to your Government that the following terms should apply to the Seminar:

- (i) The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 13 February 1946, shall be applicable in respect of the Seminar. The representatives of States invited by the United Nations to participate in the Seminar shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded by Article IV of the Convention and all other participants invited by the United Nations shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to experts on mission for the United Nations by Article VI of the Convention. Officials of the United Nations participating in or performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the Convention. Officials of the specialized agencies participating in the Seminar shall be accorded the privileges and immunities provided under Articles VI and VII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies, adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 21 November 1947;
- (ii) Without prejudice to the provision of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Seminar;
- (iii) Personnel provided by the Government pursuant to this Agreement shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Seminar;
- (iv) All participants and all United Nations officials performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Sri Lanka. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted promptly upon application and free of charge;

...

I further propose that upon receipt of your Government's acceptance of this proposal the present letter and the letter in reply from your Government, shall constitute an agreement between the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka and the United Nations concerning the arrangements for the Seminar.

...

(Signed) William B. BUFFUM  
*Under-Secretary-General  
Political and General Assembly Affairs*

## II

### LETTER FROM THE PERMANENT MISSION OF SRI LANKA TO THE UNITED NATIONS

28 July 1981

I have the honour to refer to your letter of 15 July 1981 regarding the United Nations Seminar on Palestine to be convened in Sri Lanka from 10-14 August 1981.

I have been instructed by my Government to inform you that my Government accepts the proposal contained in your letter concerning the arrangements and terms for the Seminar.

...

(Signed) I. B. FONSEKA  
*Permanent Representative of Sri Lanka  
to the United Nations*

- (p) Agreement between the United Nations and France concerning the United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries, to be held in Paris from 1 to 14 September 1981.<sup>21</sup> Signed at Geneva on 31 July 1981

*Article XIII*

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, of 13 February 1946, shall be applicable in respect of the Conference.

2. All persons referred to in article II, all officials of the United Nations assigned to the Conference and all experts on mission for the United Nations in connection with the Conference shall have the right of entry into and exit from France, and no impediment shall be imposed on their transit to and from the conference area referred to in article I. Entry and exit visas, where required, shall be granted free of charge and as speedily as possible. Arrangements shall also be made to ensure that visas for the duration of the Conference shall be issued on arrival to participants who were unable to obtain them prior to their departure.

3. For the purpose of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, the conference premises specified in article I shall be deemed to constitute premises of the United Nations in the sense of section 3 of the Convention and access thereto, with the exception of that to premises forming part of the permanent headquarters of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, shall be subject to the authority and control of the United Nations. The conference premises specified in article I shall be inviolable for the duration of the Conference, including the preparatory stage and the winding-up, neither of which may exceed 10 days.

4. The Government shall allow the temporary importation, tax- and duty-free, of all equipment and supplies necessary for the Conference. It shall also allow, on the same terms, the importation during the Conference of the technical equipment necessary for the professional activities of the persons referred to in article II, paragraph 2.

The Government shall issue without delay any necessary import and export permits.

- (q) Exchange of letters constituting an agreement between the United Nations and Pakistan regarding the Government of Pakistan-United Nations International Symposium on the Economic Performance of Public Enterprises, to be held in Pakistan from 24 to 28 November 1981.<sup>22</sup> New York, 29 July 1981 and Rawalpindi, 9 August 1981

I

LETTER FROM THE UNITED NATIONS

29 July 1981

...

In accordance with existing practice, the following provisions shall apply:

(a) The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations of 13 February 1946, shall be applicable to the Symposium;

(b) The country participants and the consultants invited by the United Nations shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded to experts on mission for the United Nations by Article VI

of the above Convention. Officials of the United Nations participating in or performing functions in connection with the Workshop shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the Convention;

(c) Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and persons performing functions in connection with the Symposium shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Symposium;

(d) Personnel provided by the Government of Pakistan pursuant to this Agreement shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Symposium;

(e) All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Symposium shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Pakistan. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. When applications are made four weeks before the opening of the Symposium, visas shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening of the Symposium. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening, visas shall be granted as speedily as possible and not later than three days before the opening;

(f) The Government of Pakistan shall deal with any action, claim, or other demand against the United Nations or its personnel arising out of:

- (i) injury to person or damage to property in the premises provided for the Symposium,
- (ii) injury to person or damage to property incurred in using any transportation provided by the Government of Pakistan for the Symposium, and
- (iii) the employment of local personnel for the Symposium and the Government of Pakistan shall hold harmless the United Nations and its personnel in respect of any such action, claim or demand.

(g) Any dispute concerning the interpretation or implementation of this Agreement, except for a dispute subject to the appropriate provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations or of any other applicable agreement, shall, unless the parties otherwise agree, be submitted to a tribunal of three arbitrators, one of whom shall be appointed by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, one by the Government of Pakistan, and the third, who shall be the chairman by the other two arbitrators. If either party does not appoint an arbitrator within three months of the other party having notified the name of its arbitrator or if the first two arbitrators do not within three months of the appointment or nomination of the second one of them appoint the chairman, then such arbitrator shall be nominated by the President of the International Court of Justice at the request of the either party to the dispute. Except as otherwise agreed by the parties, the tribunal shall adopt its own rules of procedure, provided for the reimbursement of its members and the distribution of expenses between the parties, and take all decisions by a two-thirds majority. Its decisions on all questions of procedure and substance shall be final and, even if rendered in default of one of the parties, be binding on both of them.

The arrangements mentioned above shall be valid for the duration of the Symposium including such time before and after the Symposium as may be required for the necessary preparatory and concluding work relating to the Symposium.

I should be grateful if you would arrange the necessary transmittal of the above request to the Government of Pakistan and advise us as early as practicable of the Government's decision concerning the dates scheduled for the meeting and indicating the location of the Symposium.

I look forward to receipt of the official reply from the Government of Pakistan. This exchange of letters will then constitute the Agreement between the Government of Pakistan and the United Nations concerning the conduct of the Symposium.

*(Signed)* Faqir MUHAMMAD

*Director  
Policies and Resources Planning Division  
Department of Technical Cooperation for  
Development, United Nations (New York)  
Camp Islamabad*

## II

### LETTER FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN

9 August 1981

I have received your letter of 29th July, 1981 which is reproduced below:

[See letter I above.]

I have the honour to confirm to you the acceptance of the conditions of your letter reproduced above.

(Signed) Zahur AZAR

- (r) Agreement between the United Nations and Bulgaria on the United Nations/Food and Agriculture Organization Regional Training Seminar on Remote Sensing Applications for Land Resources.<sup>23</sup> Signed at New York on 14 September 1981

#### *Article V*

##### FACILITIES, PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations shall be applicable in respect of the Seminar. Accordingly, officials of the United Nations performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles VI and VII of the said Convention and the participants attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraphs (a) and (c) of Article II of this Agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities of experts on mission for the United Nations under Article VI of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations.

2. Officials of the Specialized Agencies attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraph (d) of Article II of this Agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles VI and VII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies.

3. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercises of their functions in connexion with the Seminar.

4. All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Bulgaria. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. When applications are made four weeks before the opening of the Seminar, visas shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening of the Seminar. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening, visas shall be granted as speedily as possible and not later than three days before the opening.

#### *Article VI*

##### LIABILITY

The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands arising out of (a) injury or damage to persons or property in the premises referred to in paragraph 3 (a) and (b) of Article IV above; (b) injury or damage to persons or property occurring during use of the transportation referred to in paragraph 3 (k) of Article IV; (c) employment for the Seminar of the personnel referred to in paragraph 3 (d) and (h) of Article IV and the Government shall hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any such actions, claims and other demands.

- (s) Exchange of letters constituting an agreement between the United Nations and Spain concerning host facilities for the United Nations *Ad Hoc* Group Meeting on Network in Public Administration and Finance, 9–15 December 1981.<sup>24</sup> New York, 21 August 1981 and Madrid, 18 September 1981

I

LETTER FROM THE UNITED NATIONS

21 August 1981

In accordance with existing practices, the following provisions shall be applicable:

(a) The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 13 February 1946, shall be applicable in respect of the Meeting.

(b) Participants and advisors invited by the United Nations shall enjoy the privileges and immunities accorded under article VI of the Convention to experts on mission for the United Nations. Officials of specialized agencies participating in the Meeting shall enjoy privileges and immunities comparable to those of United Nations officials of the same grade.

(c) Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all persons participating in or performing functions in connection with the Meeting shall enjoy the privileges, immunities, facilities and courtesies necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connection with the Meeting.

(d) The personnel provided by the Government under this Agreement shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connection with the Meeting.

(e) All participants in the Meeting and all persons performing functions in connection with it shall have the right of entry into and exit from Spain without restriction. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. If the application is made four weeks before the date of the opening of the Meeting, the visa shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening date of the Meeting. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening date, the visa shall be granted as speedily as possible, and not later than three days before the opening date.

(f) It is further agreed that the Spanish Government shall be responsible for any action, claim or other demand against the United Nations or its officials and arising out of: (i) injury to persons or damage to property in the conference or office premises provided for the Meeting; (ii) injury to persons or damage to property incurred in using the transport services provided by the Government; and (iii) the employment for the Meeting of the personnel provided by or through the Government; in addition, the Government shall indemnify the United Nations and its officials in respect of any such action, claim or other demand; and

(g) All disputes concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement, save those which are subject to the relevant provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations or another applicable agreement, shall be referred, unless the parties agree otherwise, to a tribunal of three arbitrators, one to be named by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, one to be named by the Government and the third, who shall be the chairman, to be chosen by the first two. If either party fails to appoint an arbitrator within three months of the date on which the other party communicated the name of its arbitrator, or if these two arbitrators should fail to agree on the chairman within three months of the appointment of the second arbitrator, the third arbitrator shall be appointed by the President of the International Court of Justice at the request of either party to the dispute. Unless the parties agree otherwise, the tribunal shall adopt its own rules, shall take the necessary steps for the reimbursement of expenses incurred by its members and the apportioning of costs between the parties and shall adopt all its decisions by a two-thirds majority. Its decisions with regard to all procedural and substantive questions shall be final and, even when challenged by one party, shall be binding on both.

The above provisions shall be valid for the duration of the Meeting, including such time before and after as is necessary for the preparation and winding-up of the Meeting.

...

I would further propose that, upon the receipt of your written agreement to the foregoing, this exchange of letters shall constitute an agreement between the United Nations and the Government of Spain regarding the host-country facilities to be provided by the Government for the meeting of experts.

...

(Signed) XU Naijiong  
Director  
Development Administration Division

## II

### LETTER FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF SPAIN

18 September 1981

With reference to your letter of 21 August 1981, I am pleased to inform you that the Spanish Government accepts and assumes all the responsibilities to which you refer in connection with the Meeting of United Nations Experts on the Establishment of an Information Network for Public Administration and Finance, to be held from 9 to 15 December 1981.

...

(Signed) Luis Fernando CRESPO MONTES

- (t) Agreement between the United Nations and Indonesia concerning arrangements for the United Nations Regional Seminar on Remote Sensing Applications and Satellite Communications for Education and Development.<sup>25</sup> Signed at New York on 5 October 1981

#### Article V

##### FACILITIES, PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations shall be applicable in respect of the Seminar. Accordingly, officials of the United Nations performing functions in connexion with the seminar shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the Said Convention.

2. Officials of the specialized agencies attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraph (d) of Article II of this Agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Article VI and VII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies.

3. Participants attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraphs (a) and (c) of Article II of this agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities of experts on mission under Article VI of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations.

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Seminar.

5. All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Indonesia. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. When applications are made four weeks before the opening

of the Seminar, visas shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening of the Seminar. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening, visas shall be granted as speedily as possible and not later than three days before the opening.

#### *Article VI*

##### LIABILITY

The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands arising out of (a) injury or damage to persons or property in the premises referred to in paragraphs 3 (a) and (b) of Article IV above; (b) injury or damage to persons or property occurring during use of the transportation referred to in paragraphs 3 (h) and (i) of Article IV; (c) recruitment for the Seminar of the personnel referred to in paragraphs 2, and 3 (b), (d) and (f) of Article IV; and the Government shall hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any such actions, claims or other demands.

- (u) Agreement between the United Nations and Ecuador concerning arrangements for the United Nations Regional Seminar on Space Applications in preparation for the Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNISPACE 82).<sup>26</sup> Signed at New York on 13 October 1981

#### *Article V*

##### FACILITIES, PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations shall be applicable in respect of the Seminar. Accordingly, officials of the United Nations performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII of the said Convention.

2. Officials of the specialized agencies attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraph (d) of Article II of this Agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Article VI and VII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the specialized agencies.

3. Participants attending the Seminar in pursuance of paragraphs (a) and (c) of Article II of this Agreement shall enjoy the privileges and immunities of experts on mission under Article VI of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations.

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, all participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Seminar.

5. All participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Seminar shall have the right of unimpeded entry into and exit from Ecuador. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge. When applications are made four weeks before the opening of the Seminar, visas shall be granted not later than two weeks before the opening of the Seminar. If the application is made less than four weeks before the opening, visas shall be granted as speedily as possible and not later than three days before the opening.

#### *Article VI*

##### LIABILITY

The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands arising out of (a) injury or damage to persons or property in the premises referred to in paragraphs 3 (a) and (b) of Article IV above; (b) injury or damage to persons or property occurring during use of the transportation referred to in paragraphs 3 (h) and (i) of Article IV; (c) the employment for the Seminar of the personnel referred to in paragraphs 2, and 3 (b), (d) and (f) of Article IV;

and the Government shall hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any actions, claims or other demands.

- (v) Agreement between the United Nations and Uruguay regarding the arrangements for the *Ad Hoc* meeting of Senior Government Officials Expert in Environmental Law.<sup>27</sup> Signed at New York on 22 October 1981

#### *Article X*

##### LIABILITY

1. The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any action, claim or other demand against the United Nations or its personnel (including UNEP personnel) and arising out of:

(a) injury to persons or damage to or loss of property in the premises referred to in Article III above;

(b) injury to persons or damage to or loss of property caused by, or incurred in using, the transport services referred to in Article VI above;

(c) the employment for the Meeting of the personnel provided by the Government under Article VIII above.

2. The Government shall indemnify and hold harmless the United Nations, UNEP and their personnel in respect of any such action, claim or other demand.

#### *Article XI*

##### PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly on 13 February 1946, shall be applicable in respect of the Meeting. In particular, the representatives of States referred to in Article II (a) shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Article IV, the officials of the United Nations performing functions in connexion with the Meeting shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Articles V and VII, and experts on mission for the United Nations in connexion with the Meeting shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided under Article VI of the Convention.

2. The representatives and observers referred to in paragraph 1 of Article II shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in connexion with their participation in their Meeting.

3. The personnel provided by the Government under Article VIII above shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Meeting.

4. The representatives of the specialized agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency referred to in Article II (b) shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided by the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies or the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency, respectively.

5. Without prejudice to the preceding paragraphs of this Article, all persons performing functions in connexion with the Meeting and all those invited to the Meeting shall enjoy the privileges, immunities and facilities necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Meeting.

6. All persons referred to in Article II, all United Nations officials serving the Meeting and all experts on mission for the United Nations in connexion with the Meeting shall have the right of entry into and exit from Uruguay, and no impediment shall be imposed on their transit to and from the conference areas. They shall be granted facilities for speedy travel. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge, as speedily as possible.

7. For the purpose of the application of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, the Meeting premises shall be deemed to constitute premises of the United Nations in the sense of Section 3 of the Convention and access thereto shall be subject to the authority and control of UNEP. The premises shall be inviolable for the duration of the Meeting, including the preparatory stage and the winding-up.

8. The participants in the Meeting and the representatives of information media, referred to in Article II above, and officials of UNEP and the United Nations serving the Meeting and experts on mission for the United Nations in connexion with the Meeting shall have the right to take out of Uruguay at the time of their departure, without any restrictions, any unexpended portions of the funds they brought into Uruguay in connexion with the Meeting at the United Nations official rate of exchange prevailing when the funds were brought in.

9. The Government shall allow the temporary importation, tax and duty free, of all equipment, including technical equipment accompanying representatives of information media, and shall waive import duties and taxes on supplies necessary for the Meeting. It shall issue without delay any necessary import and export permits for this purpose.

(w) Agreement between the United Nations and the Philippines concerning the arrangements for the Regional Intergovernmental Preparatory Meeting for the World Assembly on Aging of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, to be held at Manila from 19 to 23 October 1981.<sup>28</sup> Signed at Bangkok and Manila on 23 October 1981

#### *Article IX*

#### PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

1. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, to which the Government became a part on 28 October 1947, shall be fully applicable with respect to the Meeting. Representatives of Members and Associate Members of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific and representatives or observers from other States invited to the Meeting shall enjoy the privileges and immunities provided in Article IV of the said Convention. Officials of the United Nations and experts on mission for the United Nations, performing functions for the United Nations at the Meeting, shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set forth in Article V and VI respectively, and VII of the said Convention.

2. Representatives of the specialized agencies of the United Nations and of other intergovernmental organizations invited to the Meeting shall enjoy the same privileges and immunities as are accorded to officials of comparable rank of the United Nations.

3. Representatives of interested non-governmental organizations invited to the Meeting and the personnel provided by the Government pursuant to Article VII, paragraph 2 above, shall enjoy immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and any act performed by them in their official capacity in connexion with the Meeting.

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of the preceding paragraphs, all participants and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Meeting shall enjoy such privileges and immunities, facilities and courtesies, as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the Meeting.

5. All participants referred to in Article II, and all persons performing functions in connexion with the Meeting who are not residents of the Philippines shall have the right of entry into and exit from the Philippines for the purposes of the Meeting. They shall be granted facilities for speedy travel. Visas and entry permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge, as speedily as possible and not later than two weeks before the date of the opening of the Meeting. If the application for the visa is not made at least two and a half weeks before the opening of the Meeting the visa shall be granted not later than three days from the receipt of the application. Arrangements will also be made to ensure that visas for the duration of the Meeting are delivered at the airport to

participants who were unable to obtain them prior to their arrival. Exit permits, where required, shall be granted free of charge and as speedily as possible, in any case not later than three days before the closing of the Meeting.

*Article X*

LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS

1. The Government shall be responsible for dealing with any actions, claims or other demands arising out of:

(a) injury to person or damage to or loss of property in the premises referred to in Article III above;

(b) injury to person, or damage to or loss of property caused by, or incurred in using the transportation referred to in Article V above;

(c) the employment of the personnel referred to in Article VII above.

2. The Government shall hold the United Nations and its personnel harmless in respect of any such actions, claims or other demands.

*Article XII*

IMPORT DUTIES AND TAX

The Government shall allow the temporary importation and waive import duties and taxes for all equipment and supplies necessary for the Meeting. It shall issue without delay to the United Nations any necessary import and export permits.

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3. AGREEMENTS RELATING TO THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND: REVISED MODEL AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE ACTIVITIES OF UNICEF<sup>29</sup>

*Article VI*

CLAIMS AGAINST UNICEF

[See *Juridical Yearbook*, 1965, pp. 31 and 32.]

*Article VII*

PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

[See *Juridical Yearbook*, 1965, p. 32.]

Agreements between the United Nations (United Nations Children's Fund) and the Governments of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines,<sup>30</sup> Saint Lucia<sup>31</sup> and Zimbabwe,<sup>32</sup> concerning assistance from UNICEF. Signed, respectively, at Kingston, Jamaica on 20 January 1981 and Kingston, Saint Vincent on 10 February 1981, at Saint Lucia on 3 February 1981 and Kingston on 20 March 1981, and at Salisbury on 7 May 1981

These agreements contain provisions similar to articles VI and VII of the revised model agreement.

4. AGREEMENTS RELATING TO THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME: STANDARD BASIC AGREEMENT CONCERNING ASSISTANCE BY THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME<sup>33</sup>

*Article III*

EXECUTION OF PROJECTS

...

5. [See *Juridical Yearbook*, 1975, p. 24.]

...

*Article IX*

PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

[See *Juridical Yearbook*, 1975, p. 25.]

*Article X*

FACILITIES FOR EXECUTION OF UNDP ASSISTANCE

[See *Juridical Yearbook*, 1975, pp. 25-26.]

*Article XIII*

GENERAL PROVISIONS

...

4. . . . [See *Juridical Yearbook*, 1975, p. 26.]

(a) Standard basic agreements between the United Nations (United Nations Development Programme) and the Governments of Ethiopia,<sup>34</sup> the Syrian Arab Republic,<sup>35</sup> Papua New Guinea<sup>36</sup> and Saint Lucia<sup>37</sup> concerning assistance by the United Nations Development Programme. Signed respectively at Addis Ababa on 26 February 1981, New York on 12 March 1981, Port Moresby on 7 April 1981 and Castries on 22 July 1981

These agreements contain provisions similar to articles II, 5, IX, X and XIII, 4 of the standard basic agreement.

(b) Exchange of letters constituting an agreement between the United Nations (United Nations Development Programme) and Albania concerning assistance by the United Nations Development Programme.<sup>38</sup> New York, 21 and 27 January 1981 and 5 February 1981

Provisions similar to articles III, 5, IX, X and XIII, 4 of the standard basic agreement are to be found in this exchange of letters, where it is further provided that "pending the adherence of the Government of Albania to the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations and the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency, the Government of Albania undertakes to extend the application of the provisions of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations to the Specialized Agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) acting as Executing Agencies of the UNDP, their property, funds and assets and to their officials and all other persons performing services on their behalf."

## 5. AGREEMENTS RELATING TO THE WORLD FOOD PROGRAMME

Basic agreements concerning assistance from the World Food Programme between the United Nations and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations on behalf of the World Food Programme, and the Governments of Viet Nam,<sup>39</sup> the United Kingdom (Saint Lucia),<sup>39</sup> the United Kingdom (on behalf of Saint Christopher, Nevis and Anguilla),<sup>39</sup> Kenya,<sup>39</sup> China,<sup>39</sup> Angola<sup>39</sup> and Seychelles.<sup>39</sup> Signed, respectively, at Hanoi on 18 February 1979, Rome on 20 February 1979, Rome on 3 April 1979, Nairobi on 7 March 1980, Beijing on 4 October 1980, Luanda on 2 December 1980 and Victoria, Mahé, on 6 February 1981

These agreements contain provisions similar to those reproduced on p. 23 of the *Juridical Yearbook*, 1971.

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### B. Treaty provisions concerning the legal status of intergovernmental organizations related to the United Nations

#### 1. CONVENTION ON THE PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES OF THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES.<sup>40</sup> APPROVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS ON 21 NOVEMBER 1947

In 1981 the following States acceded to the Convention, or, if already parties, undertook by a subsequent notification to apply the provisions of the Convention, in respect of the specialized agencies indicated below:<sup>41</sup>

<i>State</i>	<i>Date of receipt of instrument of accession or notification</i>	<i>Specialized agencies</i>
China ..... Notification	30 June 1981	IBRD, IMF, IFC, IDA
Cuba ..... Notification	21 July 1981	IFAD
Uruguay ..... Notification	24 June 1981	WMO

As of 31 December 1981, 88 States were parties to the Convention.<sup>42</sup>

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#### 2. FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS

##### (a) Agreements for the establishment of an FAO Representative's Office

In 1981, agreements or exchanges of letters for the establishment of an FAO Representative's Office, providing, *inter alia*, for privileges and immunities, were concluded with the following countries: Madagascar, Morocco, Peru, Turkey, Western Samoa.

##### (b) Agreements based on the standard "Memorandum of Responsibilities" in respect of FAO sessions

Agreements concerning specific sessions held outside FAO Headquarters and containing provisions on privileges and immunities of FAO and participants similar to the standard text (published in *Juridical Yearbook*, 1972, p. 32), were concluded in 1981 with the Governments of the following countries acting as hosts to such sessions: Algeria, Bolivia, Bulgaria, Colombia, Dominican Republic, France,<sup>43</sup> Germany, Federal Republic of,<sup>43</sup> Ghana, Greece, Guyana, Honduras, India,<sup>43</sup>

Indonesia, Ireland,<sup>43</sup> Italy,<sup>43</sup> Japan,<sup>43</sup> Kenya, Mauritius, Mexico,<sup>43</sup> Morocco, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Portugal, Senegal,<sup>43</sup> Singapore, Spain,<sup>43</sup> Sri Lanka,<sup>43</sup> Switzerland,<sup>43</sup> Thailand, Togo, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela and Yugoslavia.

- (c) Agreements based on the standard "Memorandum of Responsibilities" in respect of group seminars, workshops, training courses or related study tours

Agreements concerning specific training activities, containing provisions on privileges and immunities of FAO and participants similar to the standard text (published in *Juridical Yearbook*, 1972, p. 33), were concluded in 1981 with the Governments of the following countries acting as hosts to such training activities: Argentina, Chile, Finland, France,<sup>43</sup> Ghana, Guyana, Hungary, India,<sup>43</sup> Indonesia, Jordan, Kenya, Malawi, Mexico, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Senegal, Thailand, United Kingdom,<sup>43</sup> United Republic of Cameroon and Uruguay.

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### 3. UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

Agreements relating to conferences, seminars and other meetings

- (a) Agreement between the Government of the Republic of the Philippines and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization concerning the Second Conference of Ministers Responsible for the Application of Science and Technology to Development and those responsible for economic planning in Asia and the Pacific (CASTASIA II). Signed at Paris on 8 July 1981

#### III. PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

The Government of the Republic of the Philippines shall apply, in all matters relating to this Conference, the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies, and Annex IV thereto relating to UNESCO to which the Philippines has been a party since 20 March 1950. In particular, it shall ensure that no restriction is placed upon the right of entry into, sojourn in and departure from its territory of any person entitled to participate in this meeting, without distinction of nationality.

In addition, the Government shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to government representatives participating in the Conference the relevant provisions of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations of 18 April 1961.<sup>44</sup>

- (b) Agreements containing provisions similar to that referred to in the paragraph above were also concluded between UNESCO and the governments of other Member States

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#### NOTES

<sup>1</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1, p. 15.

<sup>2</sup> The Convention is in force with regard to each State which deposited an instrument of accession with the Secretary-General of the United Nations as from the date of its deposit.

<sup>3</sup> For the list of those States, see *Multilateral Treaties in respect of which the Secretary-General Performs Depositary Functions* (ST/LEG/SER.E/1, United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.V.9).

<sup>4</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>5</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>6</sup> Came into force on 20 September 1981.

<sup>7</sup> Came into force on 1 October 1981.

<sup>8</sup> The "Headquarters Agreement" is the Agreement between the United Nations and Austria regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization of 13 April 1967 (reproduced in the *Juridical Yearbook* 1967, p. 44). On 28 September 1979, the United Nations concluded an agreement regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and other offices of the United Nations which came into force on 1 September 1979 and under which the parties agreed that the area as shown in the map attached to the Agreement should constitute the permanent headquarters Seat of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization as provided for in Section 3 of the Headquarters Agreement and of such offices of the United Nations as are set up in Austria in accordance with Section 45 of the Headquarters Agreement.

<sup>9</sup> See *Juridical Yearbook*, 1972, p. 18-19.

<sup>10</sup> Came into force on 8 December 1981.

<sup>11</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>12</sup> Came into force on 30 March 1981.

<sup>13</sup> Came into force on 5 April 1981.

<sup>14</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>15</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>16</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>17</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>18</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>19</sup> Came into force on 26 June 1981.

<sup>20</sup> Came into force on 28 July 1981.

<sup>21</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>22</sup> Came into force on 9 August 1981.

<sup>23</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>24</sup> Came into force on 18 September 1981.

<sup>25</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>26</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>27</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>28</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>29</sup> UNICEF, *Field Manual*, vol. II, part IV-2, Appendix A (1 October 1964).

<sup>30</sup> Came into force on 10 February 1981.

<sup>31</sup> Came into force on 20 March 1981.

<sup>32</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>33</sup> Document UNDP/ADM/LEG.34 of 1 March 1973.

<sup>34</sup> Came into force provisionally on the date of signature.

<sup>35</sup> Came into force provisionally on the date of signature.

<sup>36</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>37</sup> Came into force on the respective dates of signature.

<sup>38</sup> Came into force on 5 February 1981.

<sup>39</sup> Came into force on the date of signature.

<sup>40</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 33, p. 26.

<sup>41</sup> The Convention is in force with regard to each State which deposited an instrument of accession and in respect of specialized agencies indicated therein or in a subsequent notification as from the date of deposit of such instrument or receipt of such notification.

<sup>42</sup> For the list of those States, see *Multilateral Treaties deposited with the Secretary-General* (ST/LEG/SER.E/1 — United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.V.9).

<sup>43</sup> Certain departures from, or amendments to, the standard text were introduced at the request of the host Government.

<sup>44</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 500, p. 95.